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Compleat English Secretary,

And Newest

ACADEMY

OF

COMPLEMENTS.

Containing the true ART of Indicting Letters, fuitable to the Capacity of Youth and Age.

Relating to Familiar Conversation between Friends and Acquaintance, Husband and Wife, Children and Parents, Masters and Apprentices, Brothers and Sisters, and Kindred in general; also Love Letters on all Occasions; with others relating to Trade and Business of all Natures, being suited in an apt, easie, and plain Scie.

Likewise Instructions for Directing, Superscribing, and Subscribing Letters; also the Titles of Per-

fons of Quality, and all other Degrees.

With Dislogues very witty and pleasant, relating to Love, Familiar Discourse, and other Matters for the improving the Elegancy of the English Speach, and Accomplish near in Discourse.

To which is Added.

ther with Instructions for Carving Fish, Fiesh, and Fowl, after the newest Manner. 2. The English Fortune-teller, as to what relares to good and bad sortune in Maids, Widows, Widowers and Batchelors. 3. Joyful Tydings to the Female Sex. 4. A Treatise of Moles. 5. The Interpretation of Dreams. 6. The Comical Humours of the Jovial London Gossips, in a Pialogue between a Maid, a Wife, and a Widow, over a Cup of the Creature.

With a Collection of the Newest Has buse Songs.

London: Printed by and for C. Brown, and T Norris, and fold at the Losking Glass on London Bridge. 1714.

(Price bound 1 s.)

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PREFACE

TO THE

READER.

R Eader, in this Book you will find Useful bigness, of this Nature, contains the like : If you are desirous to write to your Friends or Lovers, in an elegant smooth Stile, here you are directed in the Precedents of m ft carious Letters, fitted apily to Business or Love; fo that in a little time, by reading and practifing 'em, you may be expert in the way of Compiling Letters. You will find in it likewise curious Dialogues relating to Courtship, or the most modish Management of Love-Intreagues; whereby you may proceed in Amours to the highest Perfection in whatever can be reasonably expected. It is a Book full of Variety, and many things not found in any other; it is necessary for the Advantage and Use of Youth or Age, proper to either Sex, and helpful to both.

both, and tho' but of a small Price, may yet nevertheless prove of great Value, yet may serve to recreate the Melancholly, and heighten the Pleasures of those that are disposed to Merriment; being suitable to all Constitutions and Complections, and has in it an excellent Change of Things; so that whatever you desire of this Nature, can hardly be missed of in the Perusal of it; it may rightly be call'd. The Young Lover's Academy, or His ready Path to his Mistress's Favour, smooth and even, without stumbling, by running into abrupt Discourse, or unpleasing Language. To which, for the better Recreation of the Reader, are added many curious

to City and Country.

To conclude, it is such as cannot miss to please, and so I recommend it to the Reader, to improve his Knowledge in Matters of Love

New Songs, greatly in Request at Court.

Play-houses, Balls; and in general, graceful

and Business. Vale.

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Compleat English Secretary,

And Newest

Academy of Complements.

A Letter from a Son to his Father.

OST Honoured Father, by this I let you know, that my Separation from you has been very tedious to me; fi ce the Distance of Place will not permit me to pay my humble Dury, and just Acknowledgment of your Love, tender Care, and Regard towards me in Person, I have made these Lines the Messenger of my Willingness in all Things to deserve, as far as in me lies, such Goodness as you have all along shewed me; I am constrained to confess, that my Deferts hitherto have not merited what you have bestowed upon me; but I shall be cireful to make it the future Bufiness of my Life to be double diligent, to perform, to the utmost of my Power, all that shall become an obedient Son, to answer the the Expectations of fo indulgent a Parent; and fo with my Wilhes and Prayers for your long Life and Felicity, I remain, as by the Ties of Nature bound, Your most Dutiful and Obedient Son,

S. Savage.

The Father's Answer.

Ear Son, I have received your Letter of the 14th. and am not a livile pleased with your Expressions of Duty and Obedience towards me; it is the Joy of a Father to find the Son so acknowledging, and serfible of the Benefits and indulgent Care of his Parents. and no less an Encouragement to labour for his Welfare, in which, thro' the Bleffing of God, I shall be no ways wanting : I must consess, your Absence has been no less tedious to me, than to your self; but when I confider it is for your Good, I am the more comforted, that is may redound to your greater Advantage, and my parficular Comfort; it will not be long I hope, 'ere me (hall meet, and then I fhall fatisfie you farther of m; Intentions by your Promotion, which I have already cast in my Mind, and shall not be wanting to furth r you in your Education, or what else shall be suitable to your Capacity, and redound to your Accomplishment and Ad vantage; so with my Blessing and good Wishes to attend you, I remain,

Your loving and affectionate Father,

D. C.

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A Letter from a Daughter to her Mother.

Dear Mother,

Am not a little over-joy'd to hear you are in good Health, for the Continuation of which, my Prayers are daily put up to Almighty God, as being conscious in your Welfare, on which my Happine's depender, I should have waited upon you my self in the Place of this Letter, did not urgent Affairs detain me; but with the first opportunity, through the Biessing of God, I shall not fall in Person to acknowledge all the Favours and good Offices

Offices you have done me: I am conffrained in fome things of that Nature, to own my felf faulty, but hope I shall be more diligent in observing my Duty, tho' in my Affections towards you, I am persuaded nothing can be amended, seeing they have never strayed from you, even in the strictest Rule: So hoping to hear from you, with the first Opportunity, I remain,

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Your most obedient and dutiful Daughter,

M. G

The Mother's Answer.

Aughter, in Receiving and Reading your Letter of the 20th p.ft. I have found what by your Carriage and dutiful Respect, you all along prof Med to be confirmed, and am constrained to acknowledge my self happy in such a Child, that promises so much to the Confolation of her Parents, to the comforting my declining Years; and though you are absent from me, yet the tender Regard I always have for you continually represents you present to imy Sight: Your Promotion is my Aim, and nothing can please me better than to hear of your Advancement. I could, in some mea fure wish indeed you were not separated from me; but in a fort time I doubt not but to fee you, to our mu tual Contentment and Satisfaction: In the mean while I (ball fludy what may most conduce to your Welfare; and herein you may rely, that my Care shall be nothing wanting, to do whatever my Power can comp fi, to feitle you happy in the World with a good Fortune: I know your Modesty and Virtue are of Force suffi cient to fireld you from the infinuating Temptation of the Aze, which too frequently enfrares young Wo men into Folly, and rely upon your good Temper, that you may be ruled by me in all things just and reasonable, I continue to remain,

Your very affectionate Mother, E. R.

A Litter from an Apprentice to his Master in the Country.

SIR,

Ince you enjoyned me upon your Departure, this is to let you know how Affairs proceed in your ablence. I have thought it highly concerned my Respect and Care to inform you that all things are well, and go on happily and successfully at home, I have made it (as in Obligation bound) my D.l. gence to be watchful and fengal to the advancing your Affairs, that at your Return, you may find nothing wanting in me : As for Trade, it has been pretty plentiful, confidering the Times : And I have Care of all those Matters you lest in my Charge. which have proved successful; and of which I shall be able to give you a good Account upon your Co ming back; wherefore no to be too redicus in Writing to you as to Particulars, I conclude, subscribing my felf,

Your most respectful and diligent, Servant 10 command, B. C.

The Master's Answer.

Benjamin, I received your Letter of the 19th past, and am now as heretofore confirmed of your Care and Fidelity, which daily increases my Respect towards you, not doubting the least of your Diligence in the Management of my Affairs; which, in the end, will prove to your Advantage and Reputation, it being the verified, That a good Servant maketh a good Master,

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Mafter, and a bid one the contrary: I shall stay afon-Somewhat longer in the Country than I expected, by reaon my Chapman a fiver not my Expectation: I need not I think bid you be diligent 'till my Return, fince you are, as I have experienced, prone enough to it; for which you have so far gained my Favour and Esteem, that I highly prize your Service : So designing to return as soon as I can conveniently dispatch my Bufiness, this I remain.

Your loving Master, T. D.

A Letter from one Brother to another.

Dear Brother.

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Y this I let you know, that being separated) from you, the Absence has been tedjous, but fince I know that it is for your Health, Welfare, and Advantage, I am not fo much concerned, as otherwise I should be; I esteem what occurs to you, equal with what may redound to my felf, confirming it in my Thoughts as of equal Concernment, not only to me but to our Fam ly, whose Reputation it behaves us to keep up, and angment. Our Friends here are in good Health, and defire to be remembred to you; our Prayers are for your Health and Welfare, and I hope they will prove successful. If you cannot by Reason of the Urgency of Affairs, let us have the Happiness of cmbracing you, at least my Request is, that your Letter may find us as often as ou can, and so referring what elfe my Affection would expect, till I see you, in all Sincerity and cordial Aff. aion, I remain,

Your most loving Brother,

C. T.

. The Answer.

Most Loving Brother,

Received your Letter of the 20th past, and Could think my self very much behind in Gratitude and Affection towards you, if I should not make as far as in me lies, a suitable Return, we are indeed fo near al lied, that nothing should reasonably separate us; nor Chall any thing divide our united Hearts, though our Bodies are sometimes distant, by reason we are born to improve our Talents, for each other's Good and Wel fare, that it may in the end be the, haptier Meeting when we enjoy each others Company with the greater Advantage. I have not I think been remis in writing to you as often as my Affairs would in any measure give me the least Opportunity, nor shall I forbear to continue such brotherly Correspondence. I am exceeding glad always to hear of your Health and Happiress, as likewise of all my Friends and Relations to wh m I commend my bearty Love and Affections: So resting in Hopes shortly to see you, I remain,

Your ever Loving Brother, G. S.

A Letter from one Friend to another.

Dear Friend,

Cannot but acknowledge the many Obligati ons you have laid upon me, render me worthy of Blame for not writing to you oftrer, but knowing your Goodness will excuse it, when I tell you, Hurry of Bufiness and Urgency of Affairs have hindred my Willingness, and in erceed with you to pardon my Failure; yet I think, so find are the Bonds of our Friendship, that I need not make an Excuse, knowing that the Premises con-

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ture will frame and excuse me for. All I can desire is, that no envious Persons may have Power by scattering salse Reports, or any other finisher ways, to sow the least Seed of Misunderstanding between us, but that an undisturbed Amity may remain to the End of our Lives; all your Friends with me wish the same, and pray for the Continuation of your Health and Welfare; and moreover that they may as soon as it stands with your Conveniency return to us, whose Arms are ever open to embrace you, with all the tender Asset clions of Love and Friend ship that can inspire Mankind: And so taking my Leave at this Time, in Hopes of a more nearer and dearer Conversarion, I remain.

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Your most Aff Etionate and Obliged Friend, D. R.

The Answer.

Kind Sir, and my ever honoured Priend, JOUR extraordinary Regard of me, though unmerited, makes me at a Loss how to retali ate your Respects, which proceed more from your Generesiry and good Nature, than any thing I can reasonably have merited in your Esteem, to which I solely attribute it, and must make it the future Business of my Life, to study by what means I may make it a Retaliation: A faith u. Friend has in all Ages been accounted a great Happiness, and such obliging Friends as yours must not be stightly passed over; I therefore in all hum ble and due Acknowledgement, prize it at so high a Value, that I account it my great ft Felicity on this Side Heaven, to have so cordial a Friend, whose Faithfulness I have so often experienced, and so with my entire Respetts

The Compleat English Secretary.

Respects to you, and all that wish us well I remain as in all the Ties of Obligation and Friendship, I am bound

> Your ever Cordial and Devoted Friend to ferve you.

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A Letter from one Sister to another.

Ever loving Sifter,

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Ince your Departure, or my being absent from you, the Time seems tedious to me, methicks the Minutes go flowly on, and the Hours are tedious in coming to an end, Days are Weeks, and Weeks are Months, and Months feem Years, wherefore I must chide you for such Delays, though I know the Piesfare and Delights among our Friends and Relations, are very Recreating to you. I envy not your Happinels, but must complain your Absence much abates that of your affectionate Sifter; confider then, we being so nearly knit, should not be so long separated for any Confideration that may be dispensed withal, however your Discretion is a Rule to which I dare prescribe no other: Our Friends remember all their Love and Klniness to you, and as I may fay, envies you that Happiness that detains you from them; fo that if with Convenience, and no Prejudice to your felf, you can haften vour Re-ble ! turn, your Company will be very welcome and ac- wish ceptable, especially to her, who is

Your ever loving and affettionate Sifter,

A. Eyou o o

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The Answer.

Dear Sifter.

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Received Yours of the 24th past, and am exceeding forry, that I have given you any Disturbance or Touble by my Absence : I had not staid so long, but at the Importunity of our Friends; our Divertisements and Entertainments in leed are very pleafing, and would be more to me, did ; ou participate of them; however, being separated from you, abutes a great Part of my Felicity, and makes me with I honer could have had leave to return, but cannot do it at present, without Indecen , and Rudeness, which you ever knew my Nature was a verse to, but I will do what in ne lies to make a speedy Return, when by our long Absence, our Joy: will be the more at meeting, and so with my Love and kind Respects to you, and all our Friends, I remain,

Your ever loving Sifter,

A Letter from a Nephem to his Uncle.

Most kind and ever respected Uncle,

The many Favours and Obligations you laid upon me, confirains me to render you my humble Submission and Respect, ever praying for, and wishing you Health and Welfare, hoping that you will cordially accept the unfeigned Tender of my good Wishes, and accept of what is in my Power to lerve you, in Recalization of the many good Offices A. E you have done me; so expecting of your Commands, to do what I may to picase you in all things, I renain,

Your most loving and kind Neplew,

C. D. The The Aulwer.

Most Loving Nephew,

Received your Letter of the 28th past, wherein you express your self in very obliging Terms, that I cannot but let you know I am very sensible of your Respect towards me, and shall know how to value and esteem you accordingly: I am well satisfied of your Ingenuity and Discretion, and am proud our Family can boast of so ingenious and able a Person. I wish a Blessing to your studies, and the Prosperity of all our Undertakings, and will not fail to do what in me lies, or my Station, to surther you in all that I may, and countenance your affairs; so hoping to see you with the suft Opportunity, I continue to be.

Your most loving and affectionate Uncle, G. D.

A Letter from one School fellow to another.

Loring School-fellow,

R Eing fo suddenly called away, I could not reft till I took an Opportunity to write unto yeu, to know how your Affairs prosper, and whe. ther you are in good Health; our long Familiarity has bound us fo ffrict in the Band of Amiry, that I think there is no reasonable Cau'e can separate this our Friendship: My Desires as they have always been, are, that your Happiness may be equal with my own; and as our Pallimes have been very re creatory, fo I doubt not but when our encreasing Years shall epuble us to greater things, we shall be capable of affifting each other to the utmost of our Power, in what we reasonably may; my Defire is, har whatever Affairs carry your Mind away, you ould at leifure times give your felf up to think of your Friend, who will at all times fail to do

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do the like by you, and so till it shall be my Happiness to see you, I shall rest, in Expectation of your Return,

Your loving Friend and School-fellow, C. G.

The Answer.

Dear Friend,

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A I parting with you, and the rest of my Acquaintance, has not been a little tedious to me, but feeing Such things may happen, as our Affairs are more or less urgent, I must take this sudden Separation for a Part of my Unhappiness, which I the rather bear with Patience, in Consideration, that upon my Return, it will create the more Endearment and reciprocal Affection; indeed, I must confess, my Company here is very pleafing, but comes (hore, in Apprehension of what I enjoyed in your conversation; rest however contented for my Absence, as I will endeavour to do, for my being so unexpelledly taken from you; and I, on my part will labour, as much as in me lies, to get loofe, and haften my Return. Communicate my entire Respects and Affection to all our Associates, and tell them, it shall not be lone before I shall do it my self in another Nature, and so wishing you all Merriment imaginable, I subscribe my felf,

Your loving Friend and School-fellow, A. D.

A Letter from one Gentlewoman to another.

Dear Madam,

Have taken the first Opportunity to make this Letter the Messenger of my Respects, and humble Acknowledgment of the Favours I have received from you many Ways, especially, as to my Improvement in your Conversation. I think our

our Friendship is such, that I need not enforce my felf for Complements, were I capable of any fuch thing, my good Wishes always attend you; and if any thing be in my Power that you please to command, there shall be nothing wanting on my part for to serve you, and I shall not be a little proud to employ my felf to the utmost, in what may in the least oblige you. All our Friends here are in good Health, and pothing affl & me but your Absence, which I for my part must confess to be very tedious: But knowing your Discretion great, I cannot accuse you for taking your self from us, being so well fatisfied, that it is not a little matter that detains you : I know not whether it may be Love; but if fo, I am faisfied, your Prudence, in a choice fuitable to your Merits, will direct you for the best, and I dare not presume to direct you; however my Withes are that all your Undertakings may succeed to the Height of Felicity, and to fay I wish you Happiness in any thing inferiour to my own, I think I should be lightly to blame; nay, rather in Friend-Thip I admit a degree beyond, and had rather undergo a Misforcupe, and the like should befal my felf, than my Friend; but hoping whatever you undertake may be advantagious to your future Repose, I take Leave to subscribe my self,

Your most affectionate Friend, and humble Servant,

B. C.

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The Answer.

My Dear Friend,

TOU made me b'ush upon the Perusal of your Letter of the 20th past, you need not to have expressed your self in such obliging Terms, seeing you cannot be confident I am affured of your Affection towards my

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Friendship, nor insensible of what I owe to your goodness; you have at sandry times given me undentable Instances of your Cordial Intentions, in doing me many good Offices, which I must in Gratitude acknowledge to proceed from your innate Coodness. Our Friends here wish and pray for your Health, and a prosperous Success in all your Undertakings. It is not a little pleasing, especially to your humb'e Servant, that Fertune strikes in with your Industry and Ingenuity, so favourably to advance you according to your Merits, and so in Considence nothing shall be able in this Life, to sunder the Hand of Amity and

Your inseparable Friend to serve you, E. M.

A Letter from one Gentlewoman to another.

Friendship, knit between us, I remain,

Most honoured, and my very worthy Friend, Hou'd I forget to make my Letters the Messengers of my kind Respects to, and high Esteem and Value of you, I might justly be censured for my Neglect, and my real Protestations of Friendship might seem to favour of Flattery, wherefore, since in Generosity, I am constrained thus to trouble you, I hope you will take it in good part, and what I express as the Reality of my Meaning, I am confirmed you are Generous and Noble, in conserving the Actions of a Friend to the best Advanrage, and therefore I rely upon your Goodness to excuse my Defect, wherein I have been any ways wanting to oblige and ferve you, or excuse my Failing, as your Difcretion directs. I have to my Power, performed these Commands you laid upon me, at our last Interview, and am now with some Impatiency, expeding to know what I

may be turther serviceable to you in, and b ing once Rela informed, my Readiness should speak my Willing-lere ! nels, to oblige you, as far as my poor Abilities a e capable of acting on our Behalf; and fo in Expectation of a few Lines at your Leifure, I remain,

> Yur m ft bumble devoted Friend and Servant,

The Answer.

Char flow on might Day Respect to your cis. Scharacter, ou might, Dear Friend, suppose me in liberind hand with you in Courtesie and Friendship, but no Business, or any Affair, however so urgent, shall de wha lay me from the Remembrance of one who fits so near ther my Heart; Reason and Fustile, as well as Love and Han Friendship, commands me to return you all the chie-har ing Acknowledgments of a cordial Friend, which In have ever found in the greatest Emergencies; when part flattering Professors, dreading the nipping Colds of Adversity have taken Wing, and sied to a warmer and more con promising Clime. I am not at this Day ignorant of the my Obligation you have laid upon me, nor shall be flow, lov libe the greater part of the ungrateful World, in some ha measure, to retaliate the good Offices you have d'ne ou me; but above all, my Endeavours shall be to imitate fe your matchless Friendship: I might mention many my Particulars, but knowing you are ignorant of them, Iple shall not at this time be tedious to you, reserving pe what more I intend to fay till our happy Meeting, which fire I trust will now be speedily, seeing those Affairs I conceived most difficult, prove easier than I expected, and are in a fair way of being brought to a good Conclusion.

Have

Have me heartily recommended to all our Friends and once Relations, which on your part, shall not be neglected ling-lere by him who is,

> Your most respectful and obliged Friend, D. 7

A Letter from a Wife to her absent Husband.

My Dear Loving Husband.

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Have

Tour Absence has been so tedious to me, that I have been conftrained to complain of it, and muit chide you a little, if not tax you with Unkindyour Jour less. You very well know, that a Love and Affectie me in like mine, cannot without imputing it an Injury,
but brook so much Delay; hasten then your Affairs; or
what if some little trivial Matters were lest to anonear her Opportunity, or to be compleated by another and Hand, I think it might rather be dispensed with think it might rather be dispensed with ability than our Separation. However, in the mean while, which I shall not fail for your Advantage to bear it on my bart, as well as I can; yet am compelled to say, I also have never before in the whole Course of my Life, of the my Dear, for these sond Expressions, seeing my standard and Assessions towards you, is so uncommon, flow, ove and Affections towards you, is so uncommon, in same that I cannot help it. Your Affairs go on prosper directions to make the confly at home, and my Care is not wanting; having an and my Care is not wanting; having the confly at home, and my Care is not wanting; mitate Ren theo, and cure my Impatience to fee you, and many my Arms thall be open to receive you, as the great Pledge of my Happiness on this Side; and so exwhich fire, with all convenient Speed, I rea ain,

Your most passionate and loving Wife,

A. M.

The

The Husband's Answer.

Kind Wife,

Received your Letter of the 30th past, and am not a little concerned that my Affairs have so long de tained me from you, however be patient, fince the foy of Absence at our Meeting will be more transporting and pleasant; some Things have not answered my Expelation, or my Stay had been Chorter; honever it is come almost to a Period; be not troubled then, but compose your Mind to Calmness. I am very well sail. fied, your Affections towards me are not of an ordinary Degree; but Bufiness you know must be minded, and sometimes we must dispence with extraordinary Passion. lest by Neglett, the Advantage may sip by, that cannot berecalled : I do not flatter, if I confess that I am no ways behina-hand in my Love, and it tire Affections to wards so good a Wife; yet Reason ought to rule the so ber and discreet, not at all times to cherish an ex ravagant Fondress that breaks out often into Felly; it will not be long before I shall be with you, and tell you how ili I brooked your Absence; so I subscribe my self.

Your very loving Husband, W. M.

A Letter of Advice from a Mother to a Daughter in Making a good Choice.

Daughter,

Seeing you are come to the Years of Maturity, that is, to a Woman's Estate, and absent from me, I find my self obliged to add to the rest of my Instructions and Admonition, one Caution more, in which if you are not very circumspect, your Life may yet be made miserable, though a'l Things at present promise to render it happy; I am not ignorant that your Person, and the Breeding be stew'd

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flow'd upon you, can be long without Temptations to Marriage, against any yielding of another Nature; I am perswaded your Virtue is Proof, and so I shall not infift to caution you that Way, but a Husband is one with whom you, when marry'd, must spend your Days perhaps in Weal or Woe: Be not then over credulous, suddenly to believe all that is proposed or faid, but be circumspect in all Things tending thereto; believe not your felf, for Love is miny times blind, but take the Advice of those you confide in, that are difforerested in the Matter, and try, as far as Modefly will admit, every Temper and Humour of the Party; and pry, when he least suspects ir, as well as you can, into his very Imagtnations, which by his Gettures and Actions may in some measure be penetrated; and when all this is done, If you find him a suitable Fortune, and of a complacent Humour, ingenious and Industrious, then you may hope for a good Choice, and all things promise you many happy Days; this I have thought fit in such a Juncture, to lay down as a Precept, whereon you may, if you discreetly manage it, found your future Tranquility; and fo I remain, in Hopes of your Obedience to my reasonable Commands,

Your loving and careful Mother, M. N.

The Daughter's Answer.

Dear Mother,

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bave received your Letter, and in all humble Duty acknowledg'd your Care and Watchfulness over me for my Good and Welfare, and shall ever conclude my self not only disobedient, but very ungrateful, should I not deeply ponder in my Mind, my Obligation of Love and strift

AriEl Conformity to your Pleasure, by the Ties of Nature. as well as the many other Fayours and Indulgencies. that have accrued to me all along, by your tender Goodness: I doubt not, but by the Bleffing of God, enabling my Will and Affections, I shall always persevere in such Ways as may be pleasing to you, and particularly as to the good Counsel and Advice you have given me, about the Alteration of my Condition, when I shall find an Inclination to Marriage. I am not so young, as I am ignorant of the crafty Snares of Sundry kinds, Men lay to entrap and betray the Innocency of our sec, and could name some Examples of their Perfidiousness, when the bave got their Ends and Defires; but to pass them over for Brevity sake, I shall only affure you, I shall entertain nothing of this kind, without your Privity and Advice. Your Approbation shall be my Choice, and then I doubt not but I (hall succeed to my Wish; and so with my Pray ers to Almighty God for the Continuation of your Health and Happiness, I subscribe my self, Your most dutiful and

our most dutiful and most obedient Daughter,

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A Letter from a Seaman's Wife, to her Husband on Board.

My Dear Honey,

Ver fince our Parting, you may well conclude, I have been restless and aneasie; for how can a Wife be otherwise, whose Love is fixed like mine? when as she thinks on the Danger her beloved Hesband must necessarily, upon many Occasions, be exposed to; when Storms arise, I tremble for Fear of a Shipwrack, for each Crack of Thunder seems to me as the roaring of Cannons and

nor can I casily reckon up my particular Fears, they are so many; nor the Prayers I put up for your Safety, and happy Return: I know your Affairs will detain you from me for some Time, but I repine not fo much at that, as I dread the Hazards you run upon the Ocean; nor do I doubt, but (as foon as with Convenience 'tis possible) you will haften to me, when with open Arms of Joy, I hall be ready to receive and embrace you; and in the mean while, be as diligent as I can, to provide for all things suitable to both our Interests, that at our Meeting, every thing may prove to our Sarisfaction; and so recommending you to the Protection of Almighty God, and wishing a good Voyage, and your Return, as foon as possible may, I remain,

> Your loving and very affectionate Wife, M. M.

The Sailor's Answer.

My Dear,

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Received your Letter, and am extreamly fid to find that our Separation has not altered our Affections, but that we continue the same absent as present, though not in such a Degree of Fruition or Enjoyment, which is fi great a Pleasure to me, that it makes all Difficulties and Dangers, that threaten from Seas, Skies, and Enemies, feem little ; my Absence from you is the most that presses upon my Mind, to m ke me any Ways con cerned, but since it may prove in the end advantagious to us both, I shall bear it with the more Patience; 1 do not at all despair, but that my Undertakings will be prosperous and successful, not only to me, but to the Benefit of my Country; however, let Providence order things

things as it pleases. Let this be your Comfort that to the tast Moment of my Life, I will not cease to be

> Your most constant and loving Husband,

A Letter of Consolation to a Gentleman upon the Death of his Wife.

Sir, T Cannot be fo far forgerful of our Friendip, as not upon so solemn an Occasion, to share with you in the Grief that has seized you, upon the Loss of so good and virtuous a Wife; it indeed afflicts me very fenfibly, that two Persons so well joined, should so soon be parted, and that a cold and sensless Grave should embrace her who you so entirely loved; but it is the chance of fading Life, and frail Mortality, early or late, to fall into the Duft from whence we were taken: Be comforted then, fince it is the Hand of Heaven that has made this unwilling Divorce, let it be your Consolation, that she lived such a Life as might not render her afraid of Death; and that her good Nature survives her; but above all, that being taken from the Cares and Troubles of this Life, the is removed to a better, where, one Day, you will (no doubt) meet her in a full Fruition of Happines, never to be parted, where you, instead of momentary Joys, and these too with some Mixtures of Sadness shall have ap unmixed endless Felicity, never more to be separated. Let these Considerations moderate your Grief, and settle your Mind, to forego for a Time, what you in all Probability will find again with fo large an Addition of Happiness; so in hopes this may

may add something towards the restraining of your Grief, for so great a Loss, I am obliged by all the Ties of Friendship, to subscribe my self a Fellow-seeler and Partner of your Sufferings, not only in this, but in all other Matters.

A. C.

The Answer.

Most obliging Friend,

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Tour Letter came timely to me as a Cordial to revive my Spirits, and allay in some measure those Waves of Sorrow, that beat upon so great a Loss, as you well have hinted, could not but bring with it a great Afflistion: Had it been any thing but so good a Wife that had been taken from me. I could have lightly passed it over, but to be unexpexedly divided from the dear Co partner of my Joys, mnst needs go near my Heart; nor is it the least Obligation I have so faithful a Friend, that you have sympathized with me in my Grief, which I shall labour to moderate as well as I can. That she lived a vertuous Life, and made a pious End, is a great Comfort and refreshing to me, as having no Scruple, but that the is more happy, beyond all Sorrow, Affliction, or Cares of this Life: And it shall be my deavour to follow her Example, that (as you well allede'd) we may meet once more, never to part again. If your Letter has brought me this Comfort, your Conversation would do much more; but leaving that to your Discretion, and the Dispensation of your Affairs, I heartily subscribe my self.

Your constant and ever obliged Friend,

W. D.

A Letter of Confolation to a Widow, upon the Death of her Husband.

Dear Madam,

Aving heard of your Lots, I can do less than in a mourning State, I can do less than TAving heard of your Lofs, and that you are condole with you, and become a Partner in your Sorrow; fuch a Lois cannot but raife a Storm of Grief in the most sedate Mind; but yet (if we rightly confider) the greatest of Afflictions are to be corn with as much Patience, as Reason can guide us to. feeing no Sorrow, but what proceeds from a true Contrition for Sin, is available. We are taken cuof this troublesome World, many times, as a Rescue from Evil to come; and if happy Souls have any Knowledge in the other World of our Actions in this, it cannot but make them think, that our grieving for their Departure from the Incumbrance of the Flesh, and consequently Troubles and Vexations, is an Envying the Happiness they enjoy. It was usual for the Ancients so weep when their Children were born, in Confideration of the Misfortunes they were to endure in the Business of their Life; and to rejoyce when they went out of it, for their being freed from the ill Conveniences they would have suffered, had they lived longer : I confess, the Rule is changed with us, fince a Natural Compassion will flow from our Eyes and Hearts, when we are nearly touched by the sensible Loss of a near Relation; yet if we lock up to those that gave us the Bleffing, we ought not to repine at the Providence that takes it from us; and more. over, there may yet be left a Bleffing in Store for you, not inferiour to what you are now deprived of; so hoping you will moderate your Sorrow, and

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rest contented for the Loss of what cannot be recovered in this, but may undoubtedly it the next. I crave leave to subscribe my felf,

Your cordial Friend and Servant, E. C.

The Answer.

Am very sensible of your Respect towards me, and doubt not but that you are afflicted for my Loss; however, I rannot conceive any one can be so sensible of it as my self, it coming nearer my Heart than any other; my Grief will not permit me to enlarge upon this Subject, however, I return you many Thanks for your good instructions, and shall not altogether be unmindful of them; yet cann't consent to remain insensible of the Loss of so kind a Husband, whose Memory I am resolved to conserve to the Period of my Days. So in Tears, which prevents my Writing m re here, I remain,

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Your Friend and Servant, A D.

A Letter to a Chapman.

R. B. according to your Order, I have taken Care to get the Things mentioned in your Letter in a Readiness, affording them as cheap as possible I can; you must not expect Goods are all times at a Price, since it is apparent to Traders that they frequently rise on a sudden, by Reason of a Scarceness, Losses at Sea, and the like; but so it mostly happens, that if any Commodities are fallen low, Customers are very unwilling to rise, though it cannot be otherwise afforded, which makes so ne impose upon their Chapmen, especially in the Country, and keep them always at a certain Price; you will say, when you receive the B 2

Parcels from me, you are used kindly, if you enquire how the Rates go, so suspecting your Directions how I may surther serve you. I remaid

Your loving Friend and

very humble Servant, H. M.

A Letter from a Fallor beyond the Seas, to his Correspondent in England.

Worthy Sir,

Have made it my Bufiness here to be diligent in your Affairs, which has not been without Success ; I have brought up all such commodities as I concrived would turn to the greatest Advantage, but had not Effects here to make sufficient Payment, wherefore I have been constrained to draw some Bills upon you, payable as by the Bills and Letters of Ad. vice you will find, which will foon come to your Hands; I have feen the Goods on Board, and doubt not but they will sife arrive without any Damage; pray let me have your further Orders by the firftOpportunity, how I shall dispose of the Cargor. I now expect that I may have Time to prepare for the buying np of such Things as will answer, and withal let me know how Commodities go with you, that I may manage my Affairs to the best Advantage; so that in hopes I shall answer your Expediations in every thing, I take leave to subscribe my self, Your very humble Servant,

G. L.

A Letter from a Tenant to his Landlord.

Sir,
BY this Letter I huml ly crave leave to acquaint you, that this Year I have had but a very bad Crop,

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Crop, which has so little answered my Expectations, that I hope you will in some measure consider my Loss, and be so savourable in some Abatements, that I may be able to support it; it would however look unseemly in me to doubt your Generosity; wherefore relying upon your free Temper, I submit the rest to your good Nature, having sent you what at present I am able to raise: And so hoping this will give you an Earnest of my honest Meaning, I shall take care, with the first convenient Opportunity to wait upon you, and to your more ample Satisfaction, that I am

Your bonest and very bumble Servant, A C.

A Letter from a Maid Servant, to her absent Fellow Servant.

Dear Betty,

Could not forbear but take the first Opportunity to write to you, that I might by a Line or two from you be informed of your Health and Welfare; and must chide you withal, for leaving us upon so slight a taking of leave; it may be you design to be married, and not to return to our Family again, but indeed if you put that Game upon us, without giving Notice, I shall take Occasion to be very angry: So hoping we shall have Notice before-hand, if you intend any such thing, or shortly to return to us as good a Maid as you left us, I continue to remain,

Your ever loving Fellow Servant, D. A.

A Letter to perswade one to marry.

You know very well (my Dear Susan) that I have wished you well, and my longing De. B 4

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Defires are to fee you happily bestow'd on a good Husband, it is the only Way you can take to be settled in the World, and secure against the ill Tongues of bad People; if you have not placed your Fancy already, I doubt not but I can recommend one to you, of whom, if you do make Choice there is no Fear but you will live comfortably in the World; and so I take leave to subscribe my self,

Tour humble Servant, W. G.

ACitizen's Complaint to a Country Gentlewoman.

Madam,

N TEre you senfible of the Fervency of my Affection, and with that intolerable Anguish I undergo the Burthen of my Passion, I do not question but your Goodness will vouchsafe to confider my Diffress, and quietly grant some Relief to your indeared Lover, who hath vowed to be your true and faithful Servant, even till Death shall de prive me of the Devotion due to your felf, and I made uncapable of admiring your Beauty, which above all the World is most delectable to mine Eye. Limplore you, dear Madam, not to misconstrue the Time and real Meaning of my unfeigned Affection, which if your Favour please once to try, I doubt nor, but that you will acquiesce with me in this Point, and conclude with me, that I am of all Lovers the most affectionate, burning with Defire of Enjoyment of that, which only is left to vour dear Disposal: I mean that inestimable Gem of your Affection, which if you hold it at so high Rate, from me your afflicted Servant, I fhali be sound to curse the Hour I saw your Divine Beau

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ty, and doubtless pass our of this Life in a Hurriance of Sighs, to that sweet Elizium, which after the Tyranny of impenetrable Beautles, only gives to broken-hearted Lovers, some Drams of Comfort to heal their Love-wounded Souls. Therefore, if any tender Pity lodges in that snowy Breast, be pleased (by your kind Answer) to allay the Storms of my raging Pession, and for ever make him happy, who sub cribes himself.

Tours beyond Expression, W. W.

The Gendeman's Answer.

Sir,

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Have very often heard of that which now you have manifested sufficiently, by the Smoothness and Sweetnels of your amorous Dialect, which though it may feem prevalent enough in your Mind to carry on your pretended Suit; yet it is not of such Power at to rob me of my Virgin Liberty, or bereave me of my Senses lo far as to confide in the Shadow of your Complemental Discourse. And as for the Title of Madam, which you so freely bestow on me; did you but know how acceptable it is to me, you would have let Mistiels have ferved in the Room, and better had you pleased me 100 ; for me, that live a Rural Life, are not so fond of Court Language or Titles as your City Dames, whose Gentility co-fifts chiefly in Bravery and Courtship; but as to your Suit, I desire you to desist, for I am not as yet dis posed to alter my Condition; but if I were, I should be more difficult in my Choice, than for to suffer my Senses to be captivated by a few fair Pretences, with which your Citizens are so frequent, that I fear many of my Sex have long, e're this, repented their Credulty. Pray trouble me no more with your unnecessary Paper V. firs, BS but

but conclude with your self, 'ris all in vain for you to strive to win that Fort, which hitherto bath proved impregnable, notwithstanding, the violent Assaults of several Assailments. I have no more at present, but to thank you for your Love if it be real, and acknowledge my self unworthy of those commendable Applauses you have bestow'd on me, who as yet subscribe my self a perfect Libertine, absolutely free from Cupia's Tyranny.

M. G.

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The Seaman's forrowful Parting with his dear Love.

Dearer so me than Life it felf,

Ould my flattering Tongue express the Sorrow of my bleeding Heart, that now must be compell'd to leave thee, and expose my self to the Hazard of the Sea, and the uncertain Fortune of War, which, though both have proved very fatal to thousands, yet the greatest of my Fear is, least thou that are the loy of my Heart, the Comfort of my Life, and the absolute Treasure of my Soul, should it in my Absence, in any measure miscarry, or make thy Life uncomfortable, by suggesting of what Evil might befal him, who is so perfectly thine, that he cannot say his Soulis his own; for in thy Happines refts my Blis; and should the least ill Fortune attend thee (except this of my Absence) it would unavoid bly prove my Ruin; but fince the Divine Powers were fo kind, as to bring us together, and to make fuch an Union in our Hearts, that nothing but an unwelcome Death can separate, who should we doubt of that Bleffing which hath attended the plands fo link'd in Amity, that nothing in this World cou'd separate? Let us then Tope f r the beft, that a Time may come to compleat those Joys that caunor be perfected by the Naprial Ceremony, which, I hope, will inseparably bly unite us at my Return, to the Satisfaction of our Souls, and fulfilling the Laws of our Queen and Country. In the mean time, my Dearest, rest free from all Jealousies and Fears, which will only help to augment thy Disquietness, who are the very unwelcomest Companions to a rational Body. So think not my Voyage tedious, nor my Absence long, for at my Return, I freely will put a Period to my own Discontentment, and hope to surnish thee with such a Stock of Joy and Comfort, that may never decrease nor change. In the mean time rest certain of my unchangeable Love, and assure your self, that I am, and will be,

Tours to serve, love, and honour till Death,

R. L.

The Seamans Love's Answer,

My Deareft,

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HE Thoughts of thy sudden Departure, doth so exceedingly afflict my Love wounded Soul, that I want Words to express the Sorrow I conceive, least the raging Seas (hould swallow up my Hopes, and deprive me of that, which next to my immortal Soul, I dearly grieve. Ob that the Smiles of Heaven would so hang over my Head, as to equalize my Happiness with theirs, who, before we were in the like Distress, yet met with such happy Fate as to have their foys redoubled, by the safe and happy Return of their Dear Love, which if ever I live to see, will make me the happiest of all my Sex. Oh that my loving Wishes might fill thy Sail; and that my Prayers might conduct thee safely into thy defired Haven; that, in the end, I might be blest with that which would be more acceptable to me than

than the Possession of the whole Universe; till then I shall take no Rest; till then all Pleasures will seem but Pains; and without thee, I shall be like a Creature without a Soul; for in thy Sight is the Compass of my Felicity, and in thy Absence I shall be deprived of all Comfort. O consider with thy self, my Dear, that in thy Ship thou carryest now with thee, the richest Freight that ever was exported from this our Iflind; and (bould it miscarry, the World would be robbed of the Pattern of Loyalty. Ob dispatch and return, that my Adventure with thee may produce such Advantage 10 me, as may be more acceptable to me, than all the Riches of but Indies ; I mean the Enjoyment of thy dear felf, which alone can make me happy, and I shall be of all Creatures most unfortunately miserable, and I (hall languish in the Depth of Despair. Let not one Minute pass in the whole Voy ge, without thinking on thy poor Dear, who hath vowed in Spight of all Opposition, to be thine for ever.

S. C.

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A Complemental Discourse between a Young Man and a Maid, at a chance Meeting.

Man. Good Merrow to you Sir. Ood Morrow Mistress.

Man. Thick it not strange (Miffres) I should foeak the Truth, and tell you, that I have a long time been broiling in the Flames of my ardent Aff &ion towards your dear felf, and never had the

Oppor-

Opportunity or Happiness to discover my Love before this time; which I hope Fortune has favoured me for a good End.

Maid. Youtalk merrily, Sir. Man. I am fo far from merry Discourse, that if I thought you accounted it Mitth, it would absoutely break my Heart.

Maid. Mens Hearts are not fo fron broken.

Man. Have you never heard of any that died for Love?

Maid. Yes, Some of my own Sex. Man And no Men?

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Aithe orMaid. Men seldom love at that Rate.

Man. But it is too true that I do; and if you do

not confider my Passion, woe is me for ever.

Maid. O, Sir, this will not do with me. Man. The harder is my Fortune, for I do not

pretend one Syllable more than Reality. Maid. If I thought fo, then -

Man. O what then my Dear.

Maid. Perhaps I could love you.

Man. Never doubt it my Dearest, for I swear by all that's good, my Affection is incire, free from

all Manner of Deceir, and there can be nothing more troublefone to me than to think that thou shouldst question ir.

Maid. I can do no less than doubt it.

Man. Why fo? dear Heart.

Maid. Because 'tis so often seen that Young Men prove faithless, and have no sooner gained their desired Ends, but their Affection groweth cold, their Minds change, and they clearly forget what before they had

vowed and swore to. Man. The more is the Pity, but my Affection

is without Blemila; and I hate the Thoughts of Difloyalty.

Maid. Others bave faid fo too.

Man. Ay, may be fo.

Mad. Ay, and proved as false as they have pretended to be true.

Man. But dear Mistress, dost thou think all falle of our Sex?

Maid No; but it is hard trusting.

Man Never let fuch Thoughts possess your Breaft, for if ever any Man proved faithful fince the Creation, I will take Pattern by him; I will feast thee with Kisses, till I have perswaded thee to believe my Reality; nay, if thou dost perfist in thy Incredulity, I, to win thee from that erroneous Principle, will engage my Heart to thee, by all the Vows and Obligations that ever Love intended, for the Confirmation of unspotted Asfection.

Maid. Well, thou seemest to be real, and thou may'st prove fo; then why should I so much doubt thee, I can not tell; now thou half almost conquered me, prove but as faithful as I will be constant, and we may both be bappy in each other.

Man. Now thou hast comforted my drooping Spirits, I am thine, thou art mine; come we wil

conclude our Discourse with a loving Song.

A Song to the Tune of, Hey Boys up go we.

HE Storms of Love are past and gone, My Fears are over-blown, And the fo long I doted on, I now have made my own.

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My Heart is filled with Delight,

No Joys are like to mine,

And now I will thy Promise plight,

To Calia so Divine.

Do thou but prove, my Coridon; As faithful unto me,

As I to thee beneath the Sun, There's none to bleft as he;

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Who every Night shall sweetly sleep, Betwint his Lover's Arms,

Whole Eyes a careful Watch shall keep, To save hi Love from Harms.

Well, Dearest, fince thy Love to me Thou largely hast exprest,

I vow thy faithful Love to be, In thee I am furely bleft:

You Fates so kind to make us meet,

When Time had oft deny'd, Do know I never meant Deceit, And now I am fatisfy'd.

My Heart is now up to the Brim

Fill'd with Excess of Joy, I must be thankful unto him

Who ferves the blinking Boy!
He ne're shall go out of my Sight,
By Night nor yet by Day,

In him I'll place my whole Delight, Come kis and let's away.

Some Amorous Speeches between Doll and Robin.

Robin. A H Doll I love thee.

Poll. As I hope to be kick'd that's true, and mean thinks

The Compleat English Secretary. lave 15 think I never faw a braver Platter-face than thine live D in my Life, Doll. Ah! is this your Manner of Courting. Robin. Nay, be not angry, for I swear by my Irgenuity tis true, te Doll. What, have I a Platter-Face? Robin. Av, and a brave one too. fa Doll. I think thou art a Robin by Nature as well as by Name. Robin. Why, what a Pox would you have me BE fay ? th Doll. Dost think, Robie, this Discourse will ever fe win any but Fools? Rbn. Why, if I did not take you for a Fool, to. I could not think you could love me, for I am as 10 Lanthorn jaw'd as you are Platter fac'd; but yet 10 perhaps we may have lovely Babes, when we come by together, if we can but tell how to get them. Dol. Nay, now I am quite out of Favsur with thee. for if thou canst not tell how to get Children, what pro [hould I do with thee? Robin. How the Devil should I know? Thou as filly Whore; but I believe I could quickly learn. bal Doll. Away Booby, I hate all such Fools; for I know that my felf. Sp Robin. Why, if one of us know it, it is well coll enough. Doil. No, no, it shall never be faid, that I'll marry fuch an Ignoramus, that knows not how to get Children. Robin: Ignoranius? Why then I shill be a brave Fellow for a Jury man. Doll. A Hangman is fitter for thee than a Jury. Robin. I thought they had been both one, for I have

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and newest Academy of Complements. 41 have heard some say, it is the Jury that hangs or lives Men Doll. Go. go, thou art a meer Novice. Robin. A Novice, what's that ? ny Ir-Doll. A Fool. Robin So much the better for that thev. Doll. Why fo? Robin. Because Fools have always good Tools. Doll. And what are they the better for them, if they annot tell how to use them? Robin. But I told you I would quickly learn. Do!!. But I won't be troubled to teach.

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Robin. Then I'll go home and get my Mother to carn me. Doll. O wicked Rogue.

m as Robin. Hey Day! What am I? Ignoramus, Fool, r yet d Rogue too; Go hang your felf, for I will not come lave you now.

Robin's Song as he walks homewards.

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Doll. We are very well agreed, Farewel, Robin.

His was a cross and ugly Jade, And I did grossy doubt her, The would have me a Cuckold made,

But now I'll go without ber : My mother will, I am very sure, Teach me the Art of Bobbing; Then I will never more go to her,

Sing O brave honest Robin.

orave quickly should have found the Way, Had the been free to teach me, Fury. Tom I resolve to say her nay, When the comes to befeech me. for I

I'll be as cross as she was coy,
And fall in love with Molly,
For she shall be my only foy,
Then farewel peerish Dolly.

Now you may say you had a Love,
That much in you delighted,
But you to him unkind did prove,
And by you he was slighted;
Now he has found another Lass,
Pities his Sighs and Sobbing,
And yet as simple as he was,
She dotes on honest Robin.

Dolly's SONG.

No Nick a-poop will I embrace,
Nor lodge him in my Bed,
Though he counts me a Platter-face,
Tet it shall ne're be said,
That I will cast my self away,
Or his weak Parts extol,
That knows not how the Trick to play,
Gad-a-mercy honest Doll.

Should I have weded to this Clown,

He would have made me mad;

For when he should have laid me down,

Some Pleasures to have had,

He would have said he knew not how,

To do't such was his Folly,

Which would have made me mad I vow,

And distrasted bonest Dolly.

But let him go like what he is, Some other I shall find, A di Him I His

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That knows the Way full well to please
A discontented Mind:
Him I will love with all my Heart,
His Worth I will extol,
For Robin I'll not care a Fart,
Gad-a-mercy Honest Doll.

Here follows a Discourse between an Old Man and a Young Woman.

Old Man. A LL hail fair Mistress! at the first sight of your enamorous Beauty, methought I selt such a pretty kind of warm Desire, enter into the cold Lodgings of my poor Heart, that to my self, methought my Years decreased, and I hereupon became as amorous of your Youth and Vertne, as if I had been but twenty Years old.

Young Woman. Alas! Sir, is it to me you direct your Speech? What moves you to this Folly, as to think that a young Creature as I am, can so much as think of coming into your frozen Bed, there to be tantalized with your Chittering! Pray forbear, and insist no longer on this Point, for it is ready to make me vomit to think upon it.

Old. Nay, be not so coy peither, for I suppose, what you find fault with, hath pleased others, as well as you expect to be pleased: And why do you call that Chittering, that you know nothing of

Young. Tis easie to be believed by your Looks, that you are a declining, old and feeble Man, fitter to be nursed up by some ancient Body, than to be coupled to a brisk young Lass that will expect more from you in one Night, than you can do in two Years.

Old. Why? I will do my Endeavours'

Young

Young. And what will that be worth? I had re ther have a lusty thundering young Lad without a Penny than such an old dotting feeble Fellow, that can scarce bough hear himself fart.

Old. Nay, do not despise Age at such a Rate.

Young. I do not despise it in any other Sense than this, I mean, of being coupled to a Man fo unfitting for a Damsels Bed.

Old. Well, I fee it is in vain, I must give mi Suit over.

Young. Ay, best of all; but as we met merrily, let us pirt; come old Man, shall we have a Song?

The Damosel's Carrol.

Dor Old Man, thou wouldst be doing, But I think I've spoil'd thy Wooing: Thou that fain would put me to it, Tet poor Wretch thou canst not do it. Thou that fain would put me to it, Tet poor Wretch thou canst not do it.

How had I been strangely served, My poor thing had fure been starved: Had I granted thy Defire, Flames of Love would quite expire. Had I granted thy Defire, Flames of Love would quite expire.

The Old Man's paffionate Answer.

Roud young Imp she doth deride me, Certainly she can't abide me: Why should I then dote upon her, Since the aims at my Dishonour?

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Why then should I dote upon her. Since the aims at my Dishoneur?

hough I am Old, yet I am willing, and I love for to be billing. Kiffing quickly moves my Spirits. han in the little knows my Merits,

for

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Kiffing quickly moves my Spirits, But fle little knows my Merits.

A Dialogue between a Country Man and a City Dame.

Alftress I am but newly come to London, but here I find such Variety of Beauties, that make me admire; but above all hat I have yet met with, in my Mind, you greaty excel.

City. Pray, Sir, bestow your Fears on your Inti mates, it is not genteel to abuse or affront Strangers.

Country. Believe me Mistress, I am none of those, though I received my Education in the Country, yet in some measure I understand Civiity, and would not by any means give you Occafion to think me fo rude, as to pretend any things more than I intend.

City. Sir, you freak as if you were one of us here, but if not, you will in a little time be accomplished with the City Cuftoms, and ne a great Proficient in the Art of Wooing.

Country. Could you teach me the Art of Wot.

ing, as you have the Art of loving then, dear M dam, I should be in some Hopes of compassing in Defires, which is the only Enjoyment of your de feif, in whose sweet Society I should reap such Con fort, that it would fing a Requiem to my Soul, and should account my felf the more happy. n Hea

For let me speak the Truth, your charming Eyel bile Soon brought my Heart into Captivity, And it you do my humble Suit refuse, All Hopes of Comfort I shall surely lose.

City. Sir, Your Dialed renders you no Stranger | Th Ingenuity, nor yet Foetry; for you have your Answers cous ready, that I cannot but applaud you; and your Versiceron so at Command, that there is not many in the Count ver can outry you, in my Opinion; and truly Sir, you haveave almost persuaded me to begin to think on Love, which ontin have as yet been a Stranger to; but now metbinks I feet we a kind of pleafing Pain, that bids me condescend to thenixi which I was losh to stoop to.

But yet if Love doth feed such gentle Fire, And fills the longing Breaft with warm Defire, That never proves less pleasant than is mine; O then to my Love my Heart I will refign.

Country-Man. H how happy was my Fate, To meet with thee by chance! Ene I had been unfortunate, But now I do advance. My lofty Mind, and rifing Thoughts Above the Azure Skies; Capid thou hast my Confort wrought,

Though once I was thy Prize.

At o

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City Dame.

RT thou contented with thy Choice, My Dearest ? so am I. n Heart and Mind I do rejoyce At our kind Destiny. Eyel bile Life and Breath remains in me, For ever I'll be true,

and if thou wilt but constant be, All Grief I'a bid adien.

ger | Thus the Ingenious Country-man, and the courers cous Chizen, both agreed, and without farther Versceremonies went to conclude that Tie, which for ount ver makes People happy or miserable, where we have ave them, to solace themselves in those Joys, that hich ontinually attend those unseigned Lovers, who as I feet were do frequently intermix their Souls by interothenixing of amorous Kiffes.

Posies for Rings, or any other Devices, both pleasant and profitable.

Ear Love of mine, my Heart is thine. Our happy Love, Heaven does approve. What doth us join, is Power Divine. While Life doth last, my Love is chaste. Thou hast my Heart, it cannot start. lis you alone, I'll have or none. A Kifs at leaft will make me bleft. la a good Hour, we found Loves Power.

Cit

re, : ;

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Be not afraid, the Match is made. Whilft Death me ftrike, none else I'll like. I'll constant be, for ever to thee. Deny me nor, thou art my Lot. Say no more, the Bargain's o're. Forget not me, when this you fee, Providence, is our Inheritance. Still bear in Mind, how I was kind. A Love like mine, must never shine. The bleft above, to joyn in Love. This is a Joy, none can destroy. Time cannot wasie, a Love to chaste. Heaven imiles on us, to fee us thus. The Love in Store, on thee I'll pour. My loving Bride, I'll never chide. Tis sure that we, will e're agree. No Jealoufie, shall us come nigh. In Righteousness, the Lord does bless. At the first Sight, you won me quite. Your Heart give me, mine I'll give thee. To your fair Hand, this I commend. What you exprest, does make me blest. No Grief can stay, where Love does play. Never to part, here take my Heart. 'Tis you that have, the Power to fave. If you me fcorn, I am forlorn. If you frown, Death firikes me down. If you smile, my Woes recoil. Your Law shill be, a Law to me. There's nothing more, that I do adore, It may be faid, I liv'd a Maid. Heaven bless the Man, I smile upon. 'Tis roo unjust, to break my Trost. Let me not live, when I false prove.

Instruction

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idy! To Instructions and Stiles, or Titles suitable to be used by all, that indite Letters and other Matters of Note. It may happen that you may have Occasion to write to Persons of Quality, and that if you know not how to superscribe your Letter by the proper Appellations or Titles of Honour, you will be at a great Loss; wherefore I have here as fixed Directions.

Your Majesty; or, Dread Sovereign.
To the Queen, Madam; or may it please your

To the Prince, Sir; or may it please your Royal

lighness.

To a Princess, Madam; or may it please your oval Highoess.

To a Duke, my Lord; or may it please your Grace.
To a Durchess, Mdm; or may it please your Grace.
To a Marquiss, my Lord; or may it please your ordship.

To a Marchioness, Madam; or may it please your

adyship.

To an Earl, my Lord; or otherwise, Right

To a Countels, Madam; or Right Honourable. To a Viscount and his Lady, the same again. To a Baron, my Lord; or may it please you,

ordship.

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To a Baroness, Madam; or may it please your dyship.

To all Ladies and Gentlewomen indifferently,
C Madam.

dam or Millrels, Gc. as you know the Quality diffingoifhed.

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To a Knight Baroner, or Knight, Sir or Right of plea Worfinipful. To an Esquire, Sir, or may it please your Worties; and fh p.

To an Arch-bishop, Right Reverend, or may

please your Grace.

To other Bishops, most Reverend.

To a Dofter of Divinity, Reverend Dofter, Orc. Among Equals and Familiars you may use you Discretion without Ceremony, or as the Matter yel write about requires; and note further, that when you write to a Person of Quality or Worth, leave near an Inch Diftance betwixt the Superscription o first Line of your Letter, and that which follows it dating it at the Top, tho' when you write to you

Equals, date it at the Bottom on the left Hand. For ending of Letters to any noble Person, con clude your Graces most humble and devoted Ser vant; or your ever obliged Servant to command

And fo to others.

To Parents, your most dutiful and obedient Son Gre. To other Kindred, most loving and affection nate, &c. Or, your obliged Friend and Servant.

And to all indifferent, your very humble Servan

Examples for External or Outward Su perscriptions, commonly call'd Directi of Letters, as they refer to Persons o Vai different Qualities to the Sending.

o the King, otherwise to the King's most Excel lent Majesty.

To the Queen's most Excellent Majesty. Prince or Princess, to His or Her Royal Highness, and Righ fo for the rest, as before, only putting (To) for may it please your &c. only you must name the Titles or Digni-Worties; as, To the Right Honourable the Marquess of C. and so of the rest, as the Dignities require.

Note, That every Privy Counsellor is filled Right Honourable, though not a Nobleman. Ambassadors, or

Generals of Armies, are stiled Excellencies, as like. Gre. wife is the Lord Deputy of Ireland. Colonel is stiled you Honourable. The Lord-Mayor of London, during his

Mayorality, Right Honourable: The Sheriffs, Right Worshipful. The Aldermen, Worshipful. And all who

leav have been Mayors of Towns, Masters of Companies or Corporations by the Kings Charter, are afterwards Esquires, and so generally accepted. And to ordinary

Friends, Relations, or Correspondents, Superscribe to Mr. John or Mrs. El zabeth such a one, naming the Sirnames, and the Flace of their Abode, observing

never to mention Kindred or Relations in the Title or outer Superscription of your Letter, least you be langhed

nand at even by the Post Boy, as many times those are that do write, This with Care and Speed, as if it would t Son

make the Horse go faster. ectio

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As to the making up of Letters they are various, as Fancy best please, but the square Way is the best to prevent Tearing in the Seals being open d; and in your Indisting let all your Words be modelt, and not run into high flown Extravagancy of Complenents or Expres sions, for that kind of Writing by the Judicious, is looked upon an an Exposing your Parts in Hopes of Praise or Vain glory: And by the ignorant, tho' admered, yet not understood. You have several Exampes of Letters ne ver before in Print, by which you my he enabled to ompile others, suitable to any reasonable Business

Fit and apt Expressions on fundry Occasions, for the Ornament and Advancement of Speech, fuch a Sui may be most taking and pleasing to either Sex.

CIR, I am the most happy of all Men, in having the Honour to serve a Person of your Worth and Quality; one so deserving, that there is no greater Felicit to me on this side Heaven, than your Conversation.

TO MEN.

2101 Kind Sir, I return you my most unfeigned Acknowledgment for the Favours I have received at your Hands me boping it will in some measure be in my Power to rende

you fignal Thanks, and a more suitable Requital. Ever Honoured Sir, what lies in me to serve you Pri

freely command, and nothing shall be wanting that i within the Compass of my Power to oblige you.

Sir, since it is my Happiness thus accidentally to meet you, I can do no less than pay my Respects to you for net in the most obliging Manner.

Dear Friend, I am over-josed at your Happiness and entirely wish; and pray for a long and prosperou der Continuance of it.

Kind Sir, I am extreamly happy in the Favour you tell do me in this Vifi .

Sir, I owe Obedience to your Command, and ammy Impatient 'till I am informed by you in what I ma ferve you.

In earnest Sir, I do acknowledge my self bound 1101 your Goodness, and shall make it my Study to retaliat fo oreat a Liberality, as for as it lies in my Power.

In the Bond of Friendship, I conjure you to make u of me in what lies in my Power to jerve you.

Loving Friend, it makes my Happiness increase to se pre you thrive and prosper in the World.

Sir, I am ever your humble Servant to obey you you Commands.

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or the ich Suitable Expressions in obliging Terms Sex. to Women of fundry Qualities.

ng the Adam, you have laid fo many Obligations upon Qua-I me, that I know not how, without your Instruelicit

Gions, to retaliate them.

know- Kind Madam, your obliging good Nature has chain'd

lands me 10 your Interest.

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Fair Lady, your Charms are so powerful, that in rende Spight of all Resistance, they have made my Heart your e you Prisoner.

Madam, as you are fair and beautiful, exceeding all bat i other so be generous and merciful to him that is your flave Dear Mrs. E. I have a long time maited in vair ally to

to you for a Smile from your fair Lips, and instead of it have met with Fromns : Oh be more kind, or less fair.

Most worthy Mrs. C. accept the Service a Lover renpiness sperou ders you when he bestows himself and all his Fortunes.

Sweet Jenny, look upon me with melting Eyes, and ur you tell me you will be mine to make me happy.

Pray Madam, command me in what you pleafe, that

nd any Readiness to serve you may prove my Obedience.

Sweet Lady, your Vertues have fo strongly taken up I ma my Meditations, that therein they encrease and multiply ound ito me in Abundance of Feticity.

Pretty Mrs. Mary, what shall I say more than I have taliat done, to make you understand how much I love me.

Honest lane, in good earnest I have a conths Mind to you, and if you'll have me, tell me fo; and then I il

le to se prepare for our Wedding against next Sunday.

Come Nanny, be not so coy, you know I have loved bey you you long, and am, and ever shall remain, your humble Servant, to pleasure you in all toings.

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To the Reader.

Reader.

OR the Benefit and Advantage of either Sex was this Treatife compiled, containing Matters both pleasant and profitable, which I hope will prove to the Satisfaction of fuch as perufe it, and be influmen tal to encourage Youth in learning such things, as may tend to their Accomplishment, and render them capable of Modest Behaviour, and to demean themselves in all Companies, &c. To which is added the newest Instructions for Carving of Flesh, Fish, Forel, &c. Also the Signification of Moles, and the Interpretation of Dreams, as you will find at large in the following Pages.

Rules of Civility: Or, The Art of Good Breeding.

CHAP. I.

Advice to Parents and Children.

HEN Parents are bleffed with Children, (which are given as Pledges of HEAVEN's peculiar Favour) there is a Duty incumbent on them to be careful in bringing them up, so that they

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nay neither dishonour God, nor them; to preent which, there is no better Measures to be taken, than to exact an early Obedience; not by Severity, or Over-fondines, for neither of them prevail as they ought; but by a middle Promoion, fuch a Way as is most suitable to their Temper and Iuclination: For Severity Supplies Youth; or by having, it renders the Party obstinate: And too much Fondness causes D fregard and Contempt. Now that middle way propored is by keeping them at an awful Distance; so that in Time being made sensible to whom. (next Heave a) they owe their Being, they may be grounded in their Duty : and pay that Respect and Reverence that becomes them: Confidering that no disobedient Child ever profpered; and rightly weighing, that they can never return full Satisfaction for the Labour, Trouble; Care and Cost the Parents continually bestow; for Tenderness and Fears that frequently possess them: and the hard Shifts that are commonly made for their Maintenance and Support, in bringing them up in the World, and providing such Education, as miy qualifie them for Buficefs, Employment, genteel Carringe; but to perfect this on et her hand, there is no readier Way, than to bring them up in

Wildom. And thus, in brief, to your Pirents; what offe remaios, their own Abillacs may supply, while I proceed to give Advice unto Y ruin, in the Spring

the Fear of God, which is the Beginning of all true

cide of their Days.

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CHAP. II.

Advice to Youth; or, Directions about Good Breeding and Civil Behaviour.

Beh A Young Man having passed the tender Follies of Childhood, trained up in Obedience to his Superiors, Governours and Parents, muft confider, that nothing can grace him mer, or render him more accomplished than good Manners, and Civil Behaviour, grounded upon Virtue; Nothing, I fay, can gain greater Credit amongst Men; and these are to be arrained divers Ways : As, Finft, by Learning. Secondly, by Example. Thiraly, by Education. And Fourthly, by good Natural Th Parts, and Moral Vertue. By good Manners, is meant, a comely, decent Carriage; and in this Case it behoves the Youth (that would be account. ed and esteemed an accomplished Person) to stand uncovered before his Parents and Superiors, nor to fit unless commanded, and then not prefently. nor longer than is necessary; nor in any wife to be full of Speech, not to interrupt any one in their Discousse, being cautious to answer, unless spoken to, or that his affairs require it. He must refrain to stare full in the bace of any Person n Company, unless he hold Discourse with him, and then he must in no wife be over foud of his own Argument, but submit to a Judgment; and if he discourse with his Superiors, it is seemly to beed now and then, in Token of Humility, or a Submitting unto them, as wifer, and more know-1112

ing than himself, to shew himself Courteous to all, and behave himself proudly towards none; never forgetting to honour Learning and old Age. He must likewise be enduced with a generous Pity, and be Master (as much as possible) of his Passions, especially he must avoid Anger and Hatred, be free from Malice and Study of Revenge, carrying himself courteous, assable, and with a mild and winning Behaviour rowards either Sex.

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And so a good Repute besure he'll gain, For such a Vertue Envy cannot stain.

CHAP. III.

The newest Instructions for Carving Flesh, Fish, Fowl, &c. The Terms of Art used therein; and how to know the best and most acceptable Pieces, in order to present them to a particular Friend, or any Person of Quality, &c. The curious Art and Mystery of carving Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and other Daineses, after the most Decent, Modish, and Courtly Manner, &c.

ties must no only be provided with good knews, Forks, &c. But bring their Hands and Arms, by Produce, to such a Numbleress and Dexterity, as may take a vay Tediousness in the Undertaking

dertaking, which above all things prove trouble- and force to the Guest, and ought to be avoided.

The next thing to be confidered, is to proceed in Bot this Affair, with much Neathers and cleanly Management, having Plates, Napkins, Go. ever at the Hand, to prevent any Indecency, Oc.

These Rules observed, we now proceed to give rai Directions in the best and most approved Method, the

The Terms in Carving, whereby the Directions Bro may be understood, are properly these, Viz Un-lay derjoint a Bittern; display a Crane; disfigure a do

Peacock, or Hen; dismember a Hern; unbrace a Mallard; unlace a Coney; bard a Lobster; teme ver a Crab; break a Deer; wing a Partridge; thigh a chi Woodcock ; rear a Goole; lift a Swan; trufs a on Chick; disjoint a Quarter of Lamb, Loin of Veal, or any Butchers Meat; chine a Salmon; fawce a Bas Tench; splay a Bream; side a Haddock; tusk a and Barble; leach a Coller of Brawn. And in curting up all small Birds, the properest Way is to say cle thigh them; To Larks, Pidgeons, Black Birds

Woodcocks, Oc. These being the Terms, we, in the next Place, up come to the Practice.

To unbrace a Mallard, Teal, Duck or Widgeon the having fixed your Fork acvantageoufly, turn the you Point of your Knife under the Wings, and raife them, but take them not off: Do the like to the the Legs; raise likewise the Merri-thought, and lace the down the Breaft, fo that any of them may be taken

To rear a Goose, take off the Thighs and Belly plece; open the Wings, take off the Merri thought

off with Esse and at Lessure.

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in sundry Lacings, from each side to the Breasted in Bone.

Ma- To cet up a Tutkey, Bustard or Capon. Raise

MaTo cet up a Tutkey, Buffard or Capon. Raife the Legs, open the Joints with the Point of your Knife, take them noteff, but lace down the Breaft, give railing the Wings, and taking off the Merri

thod, thought.

To lift a Swan. Pass your Kni'e through the Rions Breast, and then proceed to do so by the Back, Unlaying her in Halves in the D.sh, then cut the Sides ure a downwards.

ace a To lice a Coney or Hare. Take off the Shoulteme ners and Legs, pass the Knife down the Sides, high a chine her at the Shoulders, in the middle, and upruss a on the Huntsman's Piece.

Veal, To chine a Salmon. Pass your Knise down the wee a Back, divide the Jole, make your Middle-pieces, tusk a and say the Tail entire.

uiting To leach Brawn, is no other than cutting it into

Say clever Shees.

Birds, All Butcher's Meat must be sairly jointed; to do which, you must keep your Eye, and your Mind Place, upon the Joint; that (so your Knife slipping in by so evident a Direction) you may with Ease take of the Piece you intend, and present it at the End of the your Fork.

raife As for the Tarts, Custards. Gr., you may cut to the them up cleverly, and make your Presentments at discarbe Point of your Knife or on a Plate. Gre.

d lece the Point of your Knife, or on a Plate, Ge.

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CHAP.

CHAP. IV.

The best Pieces for choice Friends, which they are, &c.

THE best and most acceptable Pieces are the Wings of all wild Fewl, and the Legs of all tame Fowl, the middle Part of a Coney or Hare : that between the Head and middle Piece of any Fish, the fat Piece turn'd out in the middle of a Haunch of Venion; the Piece under the Handle of a Shoulder of Mutton Lamb, Veal, or Venison; the little Bone on the B nd of a Leg of Lamb, or Mutton; the flish Inside, or of Fat and Lean of a Sir-loin, or any such like Piece of Beef; the Nut, or fat Piece in the Middle of a Loin of Veal; the Clam of a Crab; the Tail of a Lobfier; the Nut under the Ear of a Calves or Lambs head; the found Piece in the Middle of a Westphalia ham, or Neats tongue, and of all l'ies, Tarts, &c. that are come red, the most convenient Corner, and by this Obser. vation, you may reach to the Perfection of any other Thing of this Kind, gaining Credit and Reputation thereby.

CHAP. V.

Complemental Rules to accomplish Gentlemen in Accosting, or Addressing themselves.

HE next Thing to be observed, are the Accomplishments of Vocal and Instrumental Mestick, Dancing,

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Dancing, and the like; but to give Rules for thele, would be too tedious in this Place; wherefore, I that only thew you how he ought to behave himself upon his Entrance into Company, or upon an Acci dental Meeting in the Street; and in this Cale, the Qualities of Persons are to be considered; but I shall propose it in general : If your Youth enter into a Room, his approaching those he intends to p v his Respects to, he must do his Reverence at a convenient Distance, that he bow with his Har in his right Hand, or under his left Arm, making an Offer to kifs his right Hand, and then advancing three Sreps traverfe wife, and by Degrees approach the Party; and if there be more than one, he must falure them severally, if Men, by a genteel Embrace in preffing the left Side with his right Arm; if Women, a proff red Salue, if not a real one; and then the Impression oughe rather- to be made upon

Sir, I am the humblest of your Servants.

Sir. I am transported with the Happiness I promise my felf in your good Company.

the Check, than the Lips. As for Complements

in such like Accosting, these may serve in maty

Sir, the Halour y u do me is beyond Expression. Madam this Bleffing is beyond Expectation. Dear Madam, I am yours to comand in Life and

Death. Lady, how great is my Happiness in having Access to your Presence?

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CHAP.

CHAP. VI.

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Advice to Virgins and Young Gentlewemen the

firft. A Virgin being arrived at Maturity, sufficiented thing confiderable to render her accomplished, is he b Modesty, the only Guard of her Reputation; for urn f any of the fofter renounce that, and lightly prefe effect it, they op n a Way to their Ruin, and the best Accomplishment is thereby destroyed, for vant that is the chiefest Virtue, that proclaims their A Native Innocesce, and an O nament that o ghe Imit to be held in great Esteem; therefore a Virgin endowed with this, must observe to manage it to 7 her Advantage : First she must be humble and meek, not given to much Laughter or childish uni Toying; her Mirth ought to be harmless and innocent. She must refrain her felf from much Tak, and avoid those that talk idle. When con at any time the discourses with Men, the must look fom a little downward, or on one fide, not flare in their Fices, lest it be interpreted in the work Sinfe; her Curing: must be demure, but not with too much Ref rveduels, left it be taken for Pride ; her Words ought to be few, and those well confidered, and well weighed before delivered; if any offer to falute her, the must rather retire than atvance; to all Superiors the must give Ada Place, as likewise Respect to her Inferiors, seldom

or never fuff ring her felf to be idle, least her Weakness should give Way to wanton Thoughts, learning (for her better Accomplishment) such

urious Arts, as are concordant with her Sex. er Going, the must observe to keep her Body upright and even; her Feer within Compals, moving directly forward. When the enters any Company, nen he must courtisse thrice in her Approach, bending fift backward, and then bearing forward, bear up, cien and pay her Respects in some quaint Complement, if first o a Woman; but if to Men, Silence is best, unless

d, is he be asked any Question: And in this Case (10 for furnish such as are unprovided) the following Expressions may serve, or such like as are suitable. Mad im, I am your Lady (hip's most aff Etionate Ser. lihe

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Madain, I am an Honourer, I wish I could say an their ghe Imitator of your Vertues.

Madam, I wish you all Health and Happiness. Madam, I wish you all for and Prosperity. 11 10

Madam, I blefs the Moment that gives me an Opporand

dish unity to erjoy your Company, &c. Having thus far briefly discoursed, the next thing convenient will be, to give our young Gentlemen Vhen

> Which may perhaps to his Advantage prove. And help in the Art of making Love.

ome Infight of Behaviour, relating to Courtship.

CHAP. VII.

give Advice to Youth in the Art of Courtship, and making dom Love.

> VHEN a young Gentleman, or any other, has found the Conqueress of his Affactions,

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one that he ean entirely love, let him not rudely accost her, if the be a Virgin, least his good Meaning be taken in evil Part, and his unadvised Rashnels be a means to irustrare his Defigns, but rather bry her at a Diffance, with Prefents, and a Complemental Letter, not penn'd to the Height of Extravagance, and to be delivered up by some trufty Female Hand, that has an Interest in her Aff Aion, and can mould her into a good Humour, though a Winter Storm firs on her Brow; thefe at first, ten to one, she will refuse, alledging she knows not the Man, and why should she receive Things from a Stranger, who has no Reason to beflow hem; and perhaps in a pretended Pet will order them to be return'd, but withal gives Charge that the Manter be so ordered, that he be not altogether discouraged: For it may be (says the) he may deserve a better Fortune than my self; then it is Vertu his B fines to walk before her Window, or watch her going abroad, that the may have a perfect Sight eceff of him, which commonly creates a liking Love: Whereupon a fecond Attempt being made, the confents to an Interview, tho' upon his Vifit the pretends to know nothing of the Ma ter, and protest that the is not for Marriage: Yet cannot be fo sude as to deny a Civil Gendeman a friendly Enterrainment; though if your Youngster can but read the Language of her Eyes, he will find them speak in another Dialect. And now if he makes his Address frequent (though not too early nor too late, left he furprize her unarrayed, or detain her from her Reft, both which will give Diffare, and make her froward and peevish) the Game is his own; yet by the Way, he must have a Care he fet por too

ton great a Value upon her Beauty, left the gro is groad, and conceit her felf more than Woman, f the Attack be made upon a Widow, there is her no Way after the Ice is once broke like Importupicy and Refolution (in Spight of all Refistance) Exnot to be denied, to haunt her like her Shadow, and fty fill her Ears with Themes of Love, sertled with a aiew scattered Procestations, is the only Way to our, make her secure. And fince a Letter in both Cases ele may not prove amiss, I shall insert a Copy that may the ndifferently ferve.

Dear Madam.

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Ince I had the Happiness to see you, I have been very desirous of a greater Happiness, which is to be ad nitted a few Minutes into your Presence, that I may ell you how much I love you, whose Beauty, and whose Vertues are so many and so rare, that all Mankind must ecessarily do the same: Tet surely none can have a oundless Love like mine who sleeping or waking fancies our bright Idea represents it self : a Trifle I have sent ou as a Present, beging it will find Acceptance though could have wished my self had been the Bearer; mever, it finds a happy Entertainment, it will exalt his drooping Thoughts, who is,

> Your most aff clionate and most Obedient Servant to command,

And thus you fee the Train of Love is laid For subtle Widows, or a bashful Maid.

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FORTUNE-TELLER

As to what relates to good and bad For. 7 tune in either Sex, especially to Maids, om Widows, Widowers and Batchelors.

Signs of Speedy Marriages, and good Succes attending it by fundry Signs.

OR a Woman to have the first and la Letter ef her Christian Name, the fam with the Man's Sir name, that makes Love to her denotes a great Union, and generous Love. usky

2. For a Man to have the first and last Letter of his. Christian Name with the Woman's Su-name ver.

denotes the same. 3. To think upon a Party, upon a sudden Wak 3.

ing without any Meditation, on a Friday Morning 100t that before had a Place in the Affactions of Man Woman, is a Demonstration of Love, or extraord nary Friendih p.

4. If a Ring accidently fall off a Man's Fing that is under no Obligation of Marriage, and re directly to the Feet of a Maid or Widow, it di notes not only he is in Love with the Party, by that a sudden Marriage will ensue.

5. The Singing of a Robin-red-Breast at you Windo 6. A Vindow in the Time of Courthip on a Wednesday, a Sign you shall have the Party defired.

6. If walking abroad with your Sweet-heart, you erceive any Pair of Pidgeons circle you round, it a Sign of Marriage and Happiness, to ensue with

auch Content. 7. If a Hare cross you on a Saturday Morning, it

ids romifes happy Days, Riches and Pleasure.

signs to choose good Husbands and go d Wives

ccell IF the Party be of a ruddy Complexion, high and full nofed, his Eve-brows bending Archrife; his Eyes standing full, of a black and tively olour, it denotes him good natur'd, ingenio s, id born to good Fortune; and the like in a Wofarm

he 2. If the Party be flegmanck, lean, and of a ter disky Complexion, given much to musing or Mepeholy; beware of such a one of what Sex so-

ver.

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Wak 3. An indifferent wide Mouth, and full Cheeks, rning nooth Fore-head, little Ears, dark brown Hair, nd a Chin proportionable to the Face is very proian o fing. dord

4. An extraordinary long Chie, with the under ing of plurger than the upper, fign fies a cross grain'd fon, fit for little Performance, yet much given

Folly. s. A long Nofe in a Man, and a little Mouth in a romin, figuifies neither can be deceived in their

arringe Expectations.

6. A well fet broad Chin in a Man, his Face being

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being round, and not too great, and a Dimple of file Dint in a Womans Cheek or Chip, denotes they wil bu come together and live happily.

age. Several Characters or Semblance of Letter otes and Lines in the Hand, as they tend to sig uch Th nifie Riches, Honour, long Life, Marriage hort Life, Poverty, Loss, Number of Wive r, Children, Sickness, untimely Death, an ich

many other things, according to the Art of om Palmestry, &c.

Here are in this Case, divers Letters and Line appearing in the Hand, by which the Wil of all Ages have given Judgment in the foregoingine. Premifes.

If the Character A be found in the Mount of 7 piter, or at the Root of the middle Finger, promil a growing Fortune, and perhaps confiderable Pri ferments by the Favour of Princes and great Men. IF

If a B be found on the Mount of the Sun, which is at the root of the fourth Fingen, it fignifies leng ve. of Pays, Prosperity, and much to be bel eved; ands alfo a virtuous Person.

If a C with a Star over it, sppears on the Moulf th of Venus; it gives the Person early and happy Male B

lithe Letter L be on the Mount of Saiurn, while co is at the Root of the middle Finger, and be cut will troof Lines, it denotes the Party to undergo mustified

e of Miction, to be given up to Melancholy, and to but fhore liv'd, Ge.

The Letter K, upon the Mount of Mercury, which at the Root of the little Finger, denotes the arry to rife to Preferment by Ingenuity and Mar-

age.

The Letter D, on the Mount of the Moon, deter otes the Party to be kind and good natured, and figuch beloved.

The Letter G, in the Plain of Mars, near the Line Life, speaks the Party to be of a violent Temive er, given up to Anger, and threatens him or her

an ith sadden and untimely Death: However to a Art Woman it promises a Husband that shall grow great Military Affairs: And thus much for Characters

f this Kind.

Lin Wi

egoi lines in the Hand, their Signification, relating to Love, Marriage, Business, and of 7 the like. omi

le Pri Mec. IF the Table Line be broad, fair, and well cowhite loured, it fignifies the Party (if a Man) will leng ve Two Wives; if a Woman, as many Hufed ; ands.

If the Line of Life extend it self from the Root Moult the Fore-finger, to the Mount of the Moon, or by Male Brawn of the Hand, then it denotes long Life; Life at if it be cut short, and divided by many Crosses, while contrary.

Cut w If the Girdle of Venus, which reaches from the compactite of the Hand, to the Root of the middle Fin-

ger be fair and well proportioned, and not cut or divided by cross Lines, the Party is promifed extraordinary Advantages by Marriage. Several little Crosses upon the Liver Line, which runs directly thro' the Hand, denotes Sickness and an unhealthy Constitution; but if it be fair and clear, it signifies Health and long Life.

If Little, direct Lines come from the Root of the Finger, they fignifie a Woman to have three Hus bands, and to a Man Riches and Preferment.

If they have three large Lines on the Joint of the Wrist; it denotes easie Child bearing, and

subject to Miscarriages.

If the Nails of the Hand be transparent, red, long, and of a fair Complexion, it is a Sign of Health and long Life; but if cloudy, dark, or of a leady Colour the contrary.

Finger End blunt, it betokens Riches and Freferment to Men; and to Women kills Husbands.

If there happens a Cut or Separation between the two last Fingers, it denotes Loss, it not Ruin to the Party by Commerce or Law-suits; and thus much for Lines and their Significations.

Short Instructions of Calculating Nativities, and knowing good or bad Fortune thereby.

IN this Case, to know the Day and Hour of the Birth, the Planets, as they decline or predominate in the Constitution, are to be observed, and here we find the Moon predominate over the Fleg-

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Riches.

Flegmatick; Jupiter over the Sanguine; Mars over the Cholcrick; and Saturn over the Melancholy; Mercury temperates Melancholy; Venus the Flegmatick, and the Sun (as the great Arbitrator) temperates all; and so according to the Constitution of the Body, we find the Planets Lords of the Ascendants in the Natives.

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How Nativities are to be managed in their Calculations.

N this Case having observed by the Complexion of Lineaments, what Planet was Lord of the Afcerdant at the Nativity, observe by the Rule of Arr, how the Planet operates more or lets, and if no Difficulty appear therein, the Party, either he or the born in the first House of the Sign of the Zodiack, whereunto the Planet relates, of which take a Tafte. If the Farty be white and fair of Complexion, the Nose confiderable long, the Hair flixen, the Eye-brows thick, the Eyes bright and thining, then Venus being in the first Part of Taurus, and that being found to be in the first House of the Planer, propessag your Question, having well confidered the Month, Day, and Hour of the Ascendant, even to the Minute, and noting whether it be in the House of Life, which is the first, or the House of Indignities, being the tenth, or the House of Sickness, Go And the Figure being erected from hence, knowing the exact Time, you may give Judgment in Love, Honour, Riches, Preserment, Fortune, or Missortune of any Kind, and what may happen from Time to Time,

The Wheel of Fortune what is meant by it.

HEN any desire to know a Question, state any Number not exceeding Theory, to that let the Number of the Day be added, and the siest Letter of year Name, and that Letter perhaps may prove a literal Figure, and let the Number be divided by Threes, and if the Divisions come even, then expest a good Issue of what you require, whether relating to Love, Business, or the like; but if broken and odd, then Success will be bad, if not altogether unfortunate.

Another Way of Tryal.

Aving Pythagoras's Wheel before you, to know whether you shall marry the Party you desire. Take he tChristian and Sir-name, and add theyeto the Number of the Planets, and Days of the Week and joining them in one Number, divide them, and if the Number fall in the upper Part of the Wheel, it is fortunate; but if in the lower Part, no Success: And thus you may proceed in Case of Riches, Honour, taking a Journey, Pleasure, Sickness, Health, and many other Things, too tedious here to be mentioned.

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Several Queries resolved in Matters of Love and Business, by throwing the Dye, or pricking at Figures, after the Rules of this following Table.

A B	2	3	4	: 5	6	throw go to that, or else what Number or Letter you prick upon, they being covered with a Piece of Paper thro' which you must prick.
C	2	3	4	5	8	
D	3	3	4	5	6	
E	2	3	4	5	6	

As to what kind of Husband a Widow or Maid shall have.

A handsome Youth befure you'll have, Brown Hair, high Nose, he'll keep thee brave 2. A Man unto thy Lot will fall,

Straight, but neither short nor tall.

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3. An honest Tradesman is thy Lor, When he proffers slight him not.

4. Fair; ready, buffy-hair'd is thy Love, He'll keep thee well, and call thee still his Dove.

5. A Widower, tho' rich, thou'it marry, You for a Husband wont long tarry.

6. Proper and gay will be the Man,

That will thee wed, my pretty Nan.

Whet'er a Maid shall have him she best loves.

Be not too coy he is thy own, dut the Delay he may be gone.

2. He of your Withes does not know,

He'd foon comply if it were fo.

2. Come fet thy Heart at Reft, I fay,

He will but plunder and away.

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4. Fear

4. Fear not, thy Neighbour is a Man, And he will have thee if he can.

5. Show him more Kindness he will speak, His Heart with Silence will he break.

6. Sigh thou no more, he does relent, And his Inconstancy repent.

One in the Town thou first shall wed,
A Stranger next shall grace thy Bed.

2. VVith one well lov'd thy Life will be, And happy Days in Marriage (ee.

3. The Stars three Husbands do presage, And thou shalt die in good Old Age.

4. VVed thou betimes, else I fear, Thou wilt not much for VVedlock care.

Yet after all that thou shalt marry.

6. Accept the Ring thy Love does give,

Whether it be best to marry or not.

Fear not, thy Husband will be kind,
And it is one will please thy Mind.

2. If he be of Complexion fair, For thee that Man I do prepare.

3. Come, never fear, it will be well, Or say I can no Fortune tell.

4 Pray lose no time, for if you do, Age will come on, and you may rue.

5. If this Match flip you may long flay, Then take kind Will without Delay.

6. Cupid commands thee now to do't, Then prithee make no more Dispute.

Queries about Fortunate Days.

On Monday things indifferent are,
Yet the Event bids you beware.

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2. On Tuesday cruel Mars does reign, Beware of Serife, lest Blows you gain.

3 On Wednesday witty Projects make, For Mercury the Rule does speak.

4. Mild Jove rules Thursday, do not sear,

Tis prosperous throughout the Year.
5. Fair Venus Friday does approve.

And on that Day does prosper Love.

6. Saturn the pext does rule, beware, And take in hand no great Affair.

Laftly, Sol rules, whose Golden Aspect shows, He all mings mildly does to Good dispose.

Joyful Tydings to the Female Sex!

OR,

Good News for Young Men and Maids, &c.

Good News for Maidens, or now or never, for handsome rich Husbands, in the surest Methods they are to take for obtaining them.

In this Case, it is but reasonable, pretty Maidens, we should first take Case of you, and provide for your Wants, seeing you are the D 2 greatests

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Refreshments of Love in a Matrimonial Way; tho' I doubt not but some of you have had very pleafant Dreams, that have given you a Prospect of some shadow, of a seeling the tickling Recreations of those that tumble and tos between a Pair of Holland Sheers, with kind and obliging Husbands, who will according to their Abilities, deny them nothing they long for, but fill their Billies with Love Posser, as often as they shall reasonably re-

quire it.

In the first Place then, if you want a considerable Fortune, which in these Days seis off all Faces, and makes unshapen Bodies, and scurvy Conditions appear tolerable'; great ones floop to the Brat of a Broom-man, and I know not what other Let vour Behaviour be fober, bridle Wonders. -your Passions, appear in all Companies affable, and courteous, give not your selves to Affication, or much Talking, laugh not unscemly, which difforts and wrinkles a good Face, and looks in many more like Crying than Laughing. Be not over familiar, nor tindured with the smallest Ingredients of an unseemly Pride, but carry an even Temper, go decent, and not too gaudy, cast not your Eyes wanfooly about, nor flare at Men when they look you In the Face, yet being ask'd any Question, answer with Modesty, but not too foolishly or bashfully; for always observe, too much Coyness, or too much Confidence, which is interpreted by many no other than impudence, or too much Forwardness. giving a Suspicion you have been at the Enfincis you wor on before-hand, and are in hafte for a Cloak

Clork to cover your stolen Ware; but to come nearer to the Furpose.

When by these good Humours, you find one address you, be not too pliane, before you know he is in earnest, and then use him if he be rich, or one you could willingly take for a Husband, draw him on with good Humour and Gentleness; but tho' he attempt to try your Chastity, by lascivious Actions, mildly reprove him, and keep at a reasonable Di flance, give him Reasons to the contrary, and shew him his Folly, which will make him he he is miflaken in you, and then he will be ashamed, and ground in himself a good Opinion of your Virtues which will the more indear him to you; and when you find him coming, and melting at your Charms, rake him in the loving Humour, and bind him faft by I. A. Take thee for my wedged Husband, to have and to hold, &c. left his hot Love, by Delays, purs off and take Breath, and cool again into an Indifferency, which has made many a Virgin repent the Folly of her diffembled Coynels.

And by the by, let me tell you, I would not have you throw away the Jewel you so highly prize, upon every Fop or Brockhead, but by these Rutes, and timing well your Love, you may as well get a Husband rich and handsome, as a Spend-thritt, or one that will keep you with a lean Sorrow.

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The most propitious Days to carry on these Intreagues, or make Love Bargains, are the Days when Jupiter and Venus is Lord and Lady of the Ascendant, which are Thursdays and Frydays, by no

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means to be married on a rainy Day, for that prefages o lowring State of Life for the future,

These Rules observed, Advantage you will gain, And Profit get, and Pleasure without Pain; Is more than all Petitioning will do; Tou'll caich your Game, and yet you need not sue. No Snare like a dissembled Modesty, The Sense it charms, whilst Faces charm the Eye. And chain the Lover that he cannot fly. Many a por Lass by this has richly wed, And gone at Night a Lady to her Bed.

Instructions how old Maids and old Widows may get rich young Husbands, &c.

overstood your goed Foreunes, your Torns come next to be served; for although the Marks may perhaps be out of your Mouths, yet the Jockeys in Smithfield, will tell you, such Cattle are marketable, and will go off, tho at lower Rates, when rub'd up, and new vamp'd a little: You have indeed, we must confess, overstood your Markets, but there is some Hopes you may get off, if you observe these Rules:

First then, if you have any Money be frequently handling and playing with it, for that's a great Tempration as the VVorld goes now. VVe can as-

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fure perhaps your Industry, or the bequeathing of some Friend has furnish'd you with Rings; let them be feen to the best Advantage, they may be instrumental to procure you precious Stones for the other Ring you conceal; smooth up your VVrinkles with To natums, and freait fore-head bands, and keep your Mouth even; draw them not up like a Purfe, nor be affeded with too flunting an Attire; be not too food of young Men, for that will make them the in their Address; go near and clean, and when you are kiffed, dou't do it open-nouthed, or use the way of sucking as too many of you do, for that betrays you to be over leacherous; don't appear to dont on your Lover, but give him kind and civil Reception, feign a little Coynels, but he not coo cold, wash your Eyes with Eye-bright V Vater. to keep in their dying Sparks, and use now and then a little Perfume, for another Conceit that you know beff.

And when you've got him, hug bim as you please, And when he does your Drudgery give him Ease. If old your Husband be, and fuit your State, Fog fofily on, and so preserve your Mate: So you a comfortable Life may lead, And at both Ends to Satisfaction feed.

Instructions for the Recovery of a lost Virginity: Or, the Art of Saudering crack'd Maiden beads.

F any Femile happen to have too great a Flaw, or Crack, by warping in the Sun, or otherwise, that may render her not current, or warrantable. VVare, and so prove prejudicial to her Fortune, if

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discovered, by making the Furchaser repent his Bargain, or sowing the bad Seeds of perpendal Bawlings, and Hittings in the Teeth; or as the Country man more learnedly says, Throwing of it in ber Dish; let her beside the use of Allom-water, ce sure to get some inward Friend or Acquaintance of hers, to drink down her Spark on the Weddingnight, that between Evasion, Desect of Sense and Fumbling, a little Strugling and Coyness may set a fair Gloss upon the Maxter; 'till the hard, tho' not dangerous Combat, being won and loss, he seems highly satisfied with seasing an a butter'd Bup, as many an honest Citizen and Country-man has been before him, and concludes, his dear Spouse as chaste as Lucretia or Penelope.

So quietly then for the future live,
That being o're which Discontent would give:
So Lavis did deceive her Critick Spark,
Deceiv'd his Senses 'cause' twas in the Dark;
So many now give Counters for a Mark.
Well, what of that? 'tis better so deceiv'd,
Than for a soolish Trisse always griev'd.

The Art of getting and keeping Money in hard times, &c.

OW you'll say we come to a hard Task, and so indeed we find it; but but by the way, there is nothing too hard for Industry; to be brief then, for while the Grass grows the Steed may starve,

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as the old Saying is, this Sort of Metal cannot be drawn into your Pockets, but by the Loadstone of Industry; it is an Enemy to those that haunt Alchouses and Taverns, and slies away from them like Quick-silver: It only loves the thristy, and slicks by them to the last; get up early in the Morning, and mind your Business, make no soolish Bargains, enter not into the Ship call'd Surety, less you be cast away on the Prison Rocks, where you may happen to be shipwrack'd for Life-time.

And thus you may get a Friend that will stand by, And help you out when all the others fly,
Or stand aloof and gaze, but won't come nigh.

A Treatise of Moles, according to the Opi nion of the Learned Authors, together with Significations.

A Mole on the left Side of the Stomach denotes

A Mole on the left Shoulder denotes Trouble and Affliction.

A Mole on the left Shoulder near the Arm, denotes the Person given to Quarrels, and Strife, and Hatred.

A Mole on the middle of the Stomach denotes dangerous Diseases.

A Mole on the middle of the Forehead, denotes good Fortune in Man or Woman.

A M le on the left Side of the Fore-head, denotes a fick Conflirmon. D 5

A Mole on the Lip figurifies the Party to be much beloved, and very amorous.

A Mole on the Neck, denotes some Croffes, but

a happy Issue in the End.

A Mole on the lest Breast, upon the besting of the Heart, exactly in one Place, denotes the Parties if of different Sex will come together in Matrimony.

A Mole on the left Shoulder, denotes Labour,

Travel and Sorrow.

A Mole on the right Thigh, foretels Riches and Advantage by Marriage, and on the Privities it doth the like.

A Mole on the Nose foretels the Birth of many Children, and Persons powerful in Generation.

A Mole on the right Cheek denotes a timely Marriage, and such a one as shell he prosperous.

A Mole on the right Knee of a VVoman, denotes

easie Labour and a loving Husband.

A Mole on the left Burtock denotes a pleafing Person, and one very much delighted in the VVorks of Generation.

A Mole on the upper Lip, fignifies good Fortuge in Marciage, and Rase in Children.

A Mole on the Knee promises the Party chasse, and of a devout Life and Conversation.

brows denotes you shall be favoured by great Perfons, and come to much Preserment.

A Mole on the right Cheek feems to intimate the Party greatly beloved, and prosperous in Marriage, the fomewhat late.

A Mole on the Ear betokens found Judgment, and much Prudence.

A Mole on the Privy-parts, fignifies Ability in Generation, and many Children.

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A Mole on the right Side of the Fore-head, promileth Riches and Prosperity, and the like figulfies a Mole on the right Temple.

A Mole on the left Corner of the Eye, denotes the Party subject to Melancholly, and the Diseases

that proceed therefrom.

A Mole on the left Check, denotes Poverty and Affi Gion

A Mole on the lower part of the tip of whe right Ear threatens the Party with drowning.

A Mole near the bottom of the Noffrils, pred As a Man or Woman fortunate and lucky.

A Mole in any part of the Neck denotes Danger.

A Mole on the right Arm promises Riches and Prosperity.

A Mole on the left Arm denotes a Person con-

tentious and given to Quarrals.

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A Mole on the upper part of the right Breaff, promiseth Success by Tillage.

A Mole on the middle of the right Breaft, denotes the Perfor Ingenious, and given to Industry.

A Mole on he left fide of the Belly, denotes Affliction and Crofles.

A Mo'e on the left Buttock, threatens Sickness and Trouble.

A Mole on he right Foot denotes the Party to be endowed with Wildem and Bloquence.

A Mole on the left Foot denotes rath Actions, whereby the Party shall be audang red.

A Mole on the Huckle-bone promifern a good Fortune.

A Mole on the Groin, on the right fide, denotes good Forme, and on the left, the courary.

A Mole on the Eye-brow, fignifics focedy Mar-

riage, and a good Husband.

A Mole on the Chin fignifies early Marriage,

great Pleafure and Content.

A Mole on the lower Lip, signifies much Plenty, but some Disappointment in a Marriage-state, perhaps Inability in the Person you affect, in case of which, a Search or timely Trial may do you a Kinduels.

A Mole on the Nose, fignifies one capable in Per-

formance of Venus Rights.

A Mole on the right Thigh, fignifies the Party shall marry to Content.

DRE AMS, and their Interpretations, according to the Opinion of the Learned.

of Friends, or an Estate, or other good Fortune to befal the Party.

To dream of wearing rich Apparel, denotes

Poverty.

To dream of Fire, fignifies Anger.

To dream you are flying in the Air, fignifics Advancement or Promotion.

To dream we weep, denotes Sorrow & Heavines.

To dream of Serpents, denote private Enemies.
To dream of Building fignifies Losses.

To dream of the Arrival of Friends, fignifies a Deliverance from Trouble.

To dream of a black Coffin, denotes the Death of some Friend o. Relation.

To dream of Riding, signifies a sudden Journey, but no sudden Return.

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To dream of washing in the Water, denotes an Easement from Pain or Trouble.

To dream of a Disease, promises good Employ-

To dream of Kisses and Embraces betokens

To dream of a Barquer, denotes Penury and Want.

To dream of one that is dead, denotes ill Luck.

To dream one runs swiftly, denores hasty News.

To dream of fore Eyes, fignifies Sickness.

To dream of Friends dead, denotes them well.

To dream of Money, figuifies Lois.

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To dream one sees a fearful Sight, implies Anger.

To dream of an Assembly, fignifies Sickness.

To dream of Singing, denotes Grief and Af-

To dream of changing Places, denotes strange and sudden News.

To dream of Fishes in the Water, denotes Amendment of Life.

To dream of great Floods, and that you fall into them, denotes Strife and Dangers.

To dream of eackling of Hens, fignifies the Falling out of Friends.

To dream one is dead, fignifies Marriage.

To dream of faling out with one's Sweet-heart, denotes a sudden Agreement, and a Forwardness in Marris.

If any one dream they are reading, it fignifies they will foon receive a Letter or Note from some one they entirely love.

If a Woman dream of a Ring being put upon her Hand, it denotes a Breach of Love.

To dream of writing Letters, fignifies joyful News, or Traing from a dear Relation.

If a Maid or VVidow dreams a Man puts a Ring upon her Finger, or tyes on her Garter, it denotes sudden Marriage.

To dream one wears a Garland, promises the

Party Honour, Repute and Preferment.

To dream our living Friends are dead, is a Sign they are in Health.

To dream of lighted Tapers, denotes the Party

happy in Friends and Affection.

To dream one is in Danger to be k'lled, yet escapes, denotes a Deliverance from great Danger.

To dream you embrace without Power to speak, denotes the Party to fall in love, but shall not obtain the Party defired.

To dream of Singing and Musick, denotes you shall soon hear of the Marriage of some Relation.

To hear Magpies chatter, fignifies Brawling and Contention.

For a barren Woman to dream she embraces one of her own Sex, denotes that in time she shall have Children: But unto a fruitful Woman it denotes Pala and Sorrow in Child-bearing.

For Lovers to dream they fall out and quarrel,

fignifics Constancy and Affection.

To dream you see a little Spring increase to a River, or Lake, fignifies an Increase of Riches and Preserment.

To dream one receives a Letter, denotes good Success in Love, or the speedy Arrival of absent Friends.

To dream of Storms and a troubled Sky, denotes Anger.

To hear the Singing of Swallows, denotes Hurt

For a Maid to dream the kisses her Sweet-heart, is a Sign of true Affection. To

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To see great Feasts and pa take of them, signifies Plenty, but if you are debarred from eating, then VVant and Poverty.

To dream you catch great Store of Fish, denotes

Riches and Plenty.

To dream of dead Relations promises the seeing of some Friend.

To dream we receive Money is lucky, but dreaming of finding Money is Dispointment.

For a Maid to write the Numeral Figures in her own Name, and lay them under her Pillow the first Friday in the Month; if the dreams she sees any Person writing or cashing Account, she may suddenly expect Overtures of Marriage, and happy VVeding.

To dream of great Fire, fignifies Sickness or Dif-

content.

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To dream the Sun shines bright in your House, foretels Prosperity.

To dream you see an Egg hang by a String aryour Beds Head, sign sies your finding hidden Treasure.

To dream of shaking Hands, fignifies Courtship and Love.

To dream of young Birds, fignifies Child-birth.

Love-Dreams, and others, with their various Interpretations.

Is that you will speedily be a Bride,
And shall be rich; but if it vanish strait,
Then Loss and Poverty is do m'd by Fate.

Te

To fee great Fares much Evil does portend, Perhaps the Death of some near dearest Friend.

To dream you gaze upon the blazing Sun, Denotes high Honour and Promotion.

To dream you fly does hafty News prefage, Or that you are born to see Old Age.

To dream a Ring is on your Finger plac'd,

Is that you form with Marriage shall be grac'd.

To dream of Bells that strangely backwards ring,

Does always some sad Tidings surely bring.

To dream you are within your Lovers Arms,

Signifies Joys, Embraces, Kiffes, Charms.
To feem to dance and frolick with a Man.

Denotes your Wedding foon is coming on.
To feem to fee a Friend that's lately dead,

Denotes the Loss of an old Maiden head.

To hear Birds fing in any pleasant Place, Shews Joy to come, Grief from your Breast will To seem to kis, does signifie the State, (chase.

Of Fortune, Marriage shall be Fortunate.

To dream the Pleasures of a Wedding Night, Does promise soon you shall have such Delight. To think you see a Man's Face in a Glass,

Shall bring the thing what e're you wish to pass.

Happy Days in the Twelve Months of the Year, relating to Love and Business.

N January's fixth, ninth. twenty five, The Work you take in hand will surely thrive. rebruary's tenth, nineteenth, and twenty three, With Love, or what ou undert ke agree.

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The first of March as luky held by all; And April's third, twelfth, eighteenth. So we call, May's fourth, fifteenth, and twenty one, are fure To b ing Prosperity that will endure. Inne's twentieth, twenty eight, and thirtieth prove,

ce Days to set upon Affairs of Love ly's nineteenth, and twenty one and four,

Do prosper Business, and increase our Store. If sure your Love you quickly would obtain, Begin in August in the Deg-Star's Reign. The twenty fourth and fifth are likewise good,

If thin you court you will not be withstood. Seprember's fifteen, nineteen, rwenty eight,

October's third and fifth, and tenth create Sub good Beginnings as do gire us Blifs.

November's ninth and twelfth bring Happiness. December's fourth, eighth, thirteenth and the Day,

our LORD was born, we likewife reckon may;

The rest of them are most indifferent. And some we find to be malevolent.

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The Comical Humours of the Jovial London Goffips, or a Dialogue between a Widow, a Wife and a Maid, over a When Cup of the Creature.

PROLOGUE.

I Hile Country Goffips oil their Tongues with Ale. Dull Liquors ferving for a homely Tale; We Citizens with Sack our Palates liquor, Which makes our Tongues more free, our Senses quicker. Ale stupifies and makes the Senses muddy, Your right Wine Goffips tattle without Study: For true extemporary Gossping and Witty; The Country World can't parallel the City.

Wid. Ood Morrow Cuz Margaret, how d'y: do! It was a VV onder thus to meet with you. You'r grown more strange of late than he retofore, You us'd to call as you came by the Door; Prithee what lucky Bufiness brought thee hither, That we should meet at Tavern Door together? Wife. Why truly Cuz I came to meet a Friend,

But on his tromife I'll no more depend; I will not boaft what Favours I have shown, And he to fail me; well 'tis past and gone.

Wid. Come don't fret good Cuz, these flatter (Men

Seldom perform their Promises one in ten ; He promis'd thee some Toy, some pretty thing; Wife. You make a Bauble of a Diamond Ring.

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Wije. Wid. Vint.

Wife.

Vint. Wife. r who

Wid. Vint.

Vid.

Is not the Ring I value, but I fwear, o be thus fool'd. Wid. Nay prithee Cuz forbear. cok here comes Befs, dost think to pass unknown? a Where goeth my VVench? To fee my Sifter Foan. Maid. Wid. Come Cozen Marg. fince we're met fo pat, ere's w dow, wife and maid, fee's drink and chat. ip in good Cozen you are next the Door, be Pint in Kin inels and away, no more. (tended. le, Wife. My Husband's forth, the Shop must needs be hould he find me from home he'il be offended. Maid. And pray excuse me, troth I must away. y Mother's g ne abroad, I dare not fray. Wid. VVhat should you fear you Babies, here's always run those H zuds Maid and VVife. es, I'll have no Excuse, thou shalt stay. Vhat teent fo oft, we don't meet every Day. do! Maid. My Nother if I flay too long will chide.

you. Vint. Ye're welcome Gentlewomen, walk up flairs e, his is a publick Room where all repairs. (here. Wife. 'Tis not worth while, let's take it flanding Wid. No, no, walk up, show us a Room my Dear. Vint. Pray follow me, now Ladies what VVine (drink ye? Wife. VVhat VVine is best for our Complexions (think ye? Vint. I have no Phyfick Ladies.

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ring Wife. Bur as good; Men it wholesome VVies creates the best of Blood.
Wid. VVell, hast good Claret?

Vint. I, the best in London.

Wid. Either draw good, be quick, or leav't undene. Vint.

Wint. Here is a Glass of brisk, 'tis near and pure: would Wid. Pray take it Cuz, why are you so deman by E. Let's drink familiar.

Wife. To thee hopest Bess.

I'll drink a Bumper, thou shalt pledge no less. The Wine Is good, believ't, may fill your Glass,

We'll have no flinching Bess; round let it pass. Wid. Ay, ay, pingling now-come tofs it up.

If here were Men we would but kis the Cup. Rut now let's bar diffembling, and be merry, Fill with this Wine we make our Senses weary; Mo Sweet-hearts now our & clions can furvey.

No, no, we're fale enough, come drink away. Maid. To you forfooth.

Wid. Nay, p ithee call me Nan.

Maid. O Dear! methinks I drink like any Man Wid. Wid. Now Suz. to all our Friends in Soper lande nee

I wonder what is be come of honest Jane. Wife. Oh the is gone to dwell at London wall,

But dish about Cuz, faith I'll pleage them all. Wid. The Wine is brisk, 'tis very good in tru Wife.

Bill 'tother Quart, prithee go right good Youth. I (mile to hak how merry we have been,

When we you know were choofing King and Quet e're And Jane was there; well Jane's an honeit Maid; Maid. O the mad Tricks that we mad Weaches plaid. Weillet them talk and praise the matried Life.

I that have liv'd both Widow, Maid and Wife. And try'd all Pleafures, will maintain it fill,

That of the Three, Maids have the World at Will Wife. Yet for all that before I saw Fifteen, I wish'd that I my Wedding-day had seen.

I think here's none but Friends, put to the Door Maid. Hong'd for' Bess, no Woman could long more.

Wid. I. Tittle Tattle Best it must be done.

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Wife. Maid Wid.

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Wife. Maid.

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would not for the World have liv'd a Nun. by Experience know Maids are inclin'd o tafte those Sweets, and have a longing Mind. Wife. Cuz, tho' you on Venus Sports have fed, ou should not put such things in Bess's Head. Maid. Nay (if you go to that) the cannot flow, or can you tell me more than I do know. p, Wid. Well Cozen well, those days are with us past. at here the Glass stands still, przy who drank last? Wife. Why that I did to Befs, Maids are fo fhy. Maid. 'Tis Maidens Modefty, if they deny. Wid. Come drink about, the Cup stands at your (door, Maid. Indeed forsooth I drank off three before. e are to blame, truly we drink like Men. (again. Man Wid. Tulh Wench, who knows when we shall meet land to be blam'd. Maid, But by my truly I am e'en afham'd. 1, Wid. We are scoure if we by none are seen. . he Husband kiffing finells where's Wife has been, tru Wife. I'll take my Glass as freely as the rest, th. Husband's Smell! faith that's a pretty fest.

are as little for my Husband's smelling,

Quet e're a Woman now in London dwelling.

aid; Maid. Nay, that's the truth ou't I believe he's ld. (kind, puld I as well were fixed to my Mind. e. ife. Wife. Askind a Man as Woman need to lie with. Maid. Why fuch a one who would not I we and Will (die wih? Wid My Husband did to other Girls incline. Wife. Nay mine is could us by this Glass of Wine. Door Maid. When Wives and Widows nee, there's

orc. ('uch a-do, hole Choice is beft, who's falle, and who is true Wife.

.

Wife. Befs, while I live I'd rather yearly marry, Than live a Maid and on Preferment tarry.

Maid. Yes, but when marry'd will forfake his Bed To graf Brow-antlers on your Husband's Head.

Wid Come say no more, let's not fall out for shame Drawer, go fill us t'other Quart o'th fame.

Wife. We shall be trim'd, and have our wits refin'd I faith we shall if you may have your Mind.

Wid. Come to the Husband Cuz, a full Caroufe, And all our Friends Befs, at thy Mother's House.

Wife. With all my heart, this wine is not the worf Wid. Cozen, Ithink 'tis better than the first. But Bels, art towards Marriage to thy Mind?

Maid. I have a Sweet heart is exceeding kind, As good condition'd as e're trod on Shoe. And by this Wine as flour and proper too. To try his Love sometimes I scigo me sick, Which makes him weep.

Wife. That's e'en my good Man's Trick. I force a Sigh with half a dozen Groans, My Love crys he, this 'the to breed young Bones. Well John fays I, why doft thou jear my Pain? Then by this Wine the Fool will weep again.

Wid. Cozen you are happy in fo kind a one, I had a Clown would let me figh and groan; If he had liv'd till now, I do proteff, I would have done a thing; well let that reft. Bels, never marry with a red hair'd Man, Make Choice of a dark brown one if you can.

Maid. A carrot Beard I always have abhor'd, And with my Heels I foorn it by the Lord.

Wife. O choose a black Man if I may advise. Why Black's a Pearl in any Woman's Eyes. What think'th of my good Man, black as a Cole.

Maid. I love a black Man with my very Soul.

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Wife. Wid. lour

Wid. Drawyer, Boy. Vint. Coming, coming, what d'ye lack? Wid. Sauleges, Boy, and fill a Quart of Sack. Maid. Nay, pray no more, indeed 'tistime to part. Wid. We'll call a Reckoning after t'other Quart. Maid. Enough's a Feaft. Wid. Well Bels thou'rt in the right. Yet we want that who lie alone all night. Wife. That you may both remedy when you will. Ce, Bell was not made to live a Virgin Rill. whole Fault is't but your own you do not marry? were I as thre I's not a Fortnight larry. Maid. Tis not my Fault, when young Men came a My Mother cries, I must not yet be doing. (wooing. Wid. Then by my Faith your Mother is to bleme. he knows Fifteen may Husbands juffly claim. Maid. Fifteen! why I was that last Lady-day, nd yet my Mother tells me I must stay! ixteen next March, I am no les in truth, lust I to please her linger out my Youth? nail the command, well I know what I think, y, by this Sack I do, and so I'll drink. Wid. Fifteen! no more, would I could fay fo too. d never ask my Mother what to do. schinks 'is idle thus with Love to daily, Vere it my Case, I'd never stand shally, shally. Maid. I drink so much my Cheeks are very warm.

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Wife. Sweet Eliz. good-Wine can do no harm. Wid. Where's this Boy? kno.k Cuz or ring the Bell. ere the Wine burnt, I think it may do well. Maid. My Mother fays burnt Sack is good at (night. Wife. Upon my word your Mother's in the right.

Wid. Lad, take this Wine, we will have it burn'd. our three Minds are to one Centre turn'd; Sack

Sack when 'cistugar'd will not be fo heady, And prithee lee the Saulages be ready. Faugh what a Stink is here? I'm hke to choak,

Now out upon't it is Tobacco-smoak.

Wife. As fore as this is Wine I mean to drink, There cannot be a more deteiled Stink ; But mine is such a kind and loving Man.

That he'll smoak none if I say do not John. Wid. The Wine stands dying in the Cup I think,

Come Befe, tis thy turn wench, to whom doft drink! Come dish about, thou dost thy self forget, While we are here lers have our Lips kept wet.

I'll pledge thee Gitl; nay prithee drink it up. A Goffip's round, thar's every one a Cup.

Look Cuz here's Fidler's; shall we have a Song? Wife. I am afraid then we shall stay too long

Wid. No. no, I'll warrant; come Boy quickly fing But Sirrah look it be a pleafant thing.

SONG.

Ome listen Virgin she that calls Fidler. To your attentive Ears,

Was born within the City Walls. And is of tender Years.

My yielding Heart was foon betray'd, And now too late I find,

I am neither Widow, Wife, nor Maid, But of another kind.

Why should I boast my portly Grace, Or my Descent proclaim.

What Features do adorn my Face, Or my verfections name.

Those Excellencies are decay'd,

And like the fading Rose;

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I am neither Widow, Wife, nor Maid, O no. I'm none of those.

What tho' in Dancing I had Skill,
And well could touch the Lyte,
Those things converted are to ill,
And made of Disrepute.
In Infamy I'm now arrayed,
And I may speak with Shame,

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I am neither Widow, Wife, nor Maid, Though something else I am.

A comely Youth as ever trod,

Upon a Leather Shoe,
Genteel in Habit Ala mode,
To conquer me did woe;
Mine Eyes ne're saw a brisker Blade,
He woo'd me 'till in short,
I am neither Widow, Wise, nor Maid,
But of another Sort.

A certain time we did agree
Upon the Weeding Day,
I'll give thee Earnest, Love, quoth he,
O do not say me nay.
Doubt not my Constancy he said,
Or think I'll prove unkind,
I am neither Widow, Wise, nor Maid,
But something else I sind.

O false, unconstant, and untrue,
I blush, I blush for Shame,
And yet I leave thee like a Jew,
Without a Christian Name.
Yet though I both our Names will hide,
My Sorrow I'll report,
R

I am neither Widow, Wife, nor Maid, But of another Sort.

Thus I poor Virgin loft the Field, When Cupid got on Wing, Who foot, and quickly made me yield, To let him do the thing. And now he hath my Love repay'd, Wirb Treachery and Lies, I am neither Widow, Wife, nor Maid, But of another Size.

Wife. This is good Counsel Bes, befure take heed. Maid. The Counsel is exceeding good indeed. But venture me, should any be so bold. To serve me so; who could forbear to scold? Nav, should his Boldness offer but to feel, A faucy Clown I'd fcorn him with my Heel, Here's Six-pence to the Mufick for my Share. Wid. And mine, for that shan't go bare. Wife. And mine, for I love finging with my heart. Wid. Now Fidler go. Boy bring us t'other Quart. Wife. This brisk Wine my good Man does allow, A Quart a Meal as I may tell to you: 'Tis his best Course to please me at my Dier, Or for a Month he shall not be at quiet : Then a new Mantua Gown must make amends, He'll kiss, and pray, nay prichee Love be Friends;

And when the fullen Humour's off, I smile. Wid. Faith Cozen Margaret I commend thy Wit, For to a Hair thou doft his Humour fit.

I let him court and speak me fair a while,

Maid. Methinks 'ris the flrangeft Course you take, Why, I thought Men had lov'd for Kindnessake. Wife. Bels, thou doft know but little it appears,

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But thou wilt learn more as thou growest in Years; Alas poor Girl it is thy Maiden Blindness, To think Mens Love must still be sed with Kind-(ness.

No, Bess, their Love must sometimes be oppos'd, So here's to you both against you are dispos'd. Wid. That's a good Boy, and now the Cloth is

(fpr Go fetch a Slice of your own Houshold-bread:

Why this is fomething like, 'cis Sterling Plate.

Wife. Why that I love, but Pewter Cuz I hate.
Maid. Well, were I married I should never scold.
Wid. Pish, while ye talk the Sausages grow cold,

Come fall too Coulin Margaret, pray begin, You know cold Puddings are not worth a Pin.

Wife. They're pretty Salt, to relish Wine withal.

Nay, pledge me Bess, nay, by my troth you shall

Maid. Look Gentlewomen, is it full do ye think?

I scorn to be intreated to my Drink.

Wid. Why dost thou smile Bess, prithee let me (know?

Maid. When I'm in Company with Men or so, I kis the Cup, and on the Wine I frown, And making sower Faces set it down.

Then will they say, Lady, be not afraid,

Pray mend your Draught, you drink so like a Maid.

Wife. Talk not so load Best, what will People think?

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The Vintner's Boy went laughing by this Drink.
Wid. Why did he fo? You Strah do you hear?

Do so again, I'll joul ye by the Ear.
The' Goodman Boy, you think that we are mellow,

The meanest of us is thy Master's Fellow.

Wid. Tush let it pass, tho' Boys will saucy be, Your Matter lives, you Rogue, by such as we. Wid. Sirrain, call t'other Lad, he's petter bred,

E 2 Where

Where did you learn your Manners Logger-head? Bid him bring t'other Quart, and what's to pay, Unless he draws our Wine we will not stay. Come hither Youth, what do's thy Master doubt us? That he allows his saucy Boy to flout us.

Vint. No truly Madam, 'dis my Master's Mind, That we to all his Customers be kind, He is the most obliging Man in Town,

Although my Fellow-Prentice be a Glown. Wid. What is thy Name?

Vint. Forfooth my Name is Will.

Wid. Where wert thou born?

Vint. Here but at Fish ftreet-hill.

Wid. William, we come not here to be abus'd, We could go where we might be better us'd; William we have some Credit where we dwell.

And William, Boys should use their Betters well. For William, but suppose the Case your own, That you were drinking where you were unknown, and that you were as we are at this Season, Would you be jeer'd, ha William?

Vint. Faith no reason.

Wid. William, thou answerest like a Man of Sense, For truly William, 'tis a base Offence.

And William, William, I would have you know,
You shall be paid the Reckoning e're we go.

And therefore William this Affront we forn, For we are London Gentlewomen born. William, we talk, yet care not who does hear it, No by this Glass of Sack.

Vint. You need not fwear ir.

Now pray accept my Fint, shal't be the same, Or any other what you'll please to name? What say you Ladies? speak, I'll quickly fill. Wid. Let it alone, prithee kind hearted Will.

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Thou losest no hing by thy Courtesse,
But prithee William learn one thing of me;
Draw Londoners the best that can be had,
And let the Country clowns help of the bad.
Out-face those Fools, tell them a flattering Tale,
For all their Judgment lies in Pors of Ale.
I need not teach thee twice to do amis. (this.
Wife. We might have drank kind Wm's Piut by
Vint. And you shall have icinstantly, Irun.
Wife. Let him bring his Piur, and we have done.
He may afford, each Quart did want a Filling.
Wid. But take it kindly 'cause the Youth was

William, I grant the Wine was not aimis, (willing.

But an affront no Man would offer this.

William, be sure to please your Customers well.
Bu-William, when didst first come here to dwell?

Vint. For sooth my Time is out the tenth of May. Will William, 'twill be thise own another Day.

Come drisk to William (Befs) why art fo lad?
For truly William is a hopeful Lad.

Come William deluk, come prichee William do.

Vint. Forfooth I'll pledge you, and I thank ye too.
Wid. Now William what's to pay, and take your
(Money.

Vint. Forfooth, there's just ten Shillings and a (Penny.

Wid. Here tell it William, 'tis all very right. Vint. You're kindly wetcome.

Vint. You're kindly welcome.
Mid. Alds my Life, 'ds Night!

Wife. Hark, Bow-beil rings, I do protest 'cis late.

Wid. William, good night, I pray take up your (Place.

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Dialogues and Songs upon fundry Occasions, full of Mirth and innocent Recreation.

A Dialogue between Thomas and Margery, Two Country-lovers.

Thom. W ELL met Margery; whither art thou walking all alone, this fweet and pleasant Morning?

Marg. With my Dame's Leave, I am going to

Bonny Face-Fair.

Them. Passion on my Heart! It is pity such a Pigsnies as thee should walk alone; stay at Mother Leather-ciats the drinking of a Jug of Ale, while I step home to put on my Holiday Cloubs my dear Duck, and I'll go along with you, if you'll be pleas'd to accept of my Company?

Mare. I thank you; and since you are so kind.

Marg. I thank you; and fince you are so kind, as to proffer your Service, it shall be very acceptable to me; we are at the Door, let us enter in.

Thom. Show us a Room: Bring a Jug of Ale and a Cake.

Mother Leather-coat. I shall, Thomas.

Marg I will pledge you with all my Heart, thanking you for all your Kindness.

Thom.

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Thom. Do not think me long, for I shall return again with all the Expedition Pesa; and so farewel.

Murg. Sure I shall have good Luck. Fortune has been extraordinary kind to me in sending Thomas to be my Walking mate; for indeed, what Comfort could i have expected, walking alone like a wandring Jem? Well, he is an honest bellow, and I am persuaded there is something more in this than I am aware of; who knows but he may have a mind to make me his Wise; which if he shald, I shall be a happy Woman, for he is good-natur'd: But hold, he comes, I must keep a steady Countenance.

Thom. My Dear, I hope I have not tired thy Patience in staying so long; my Master and I had a woundy Tustle together, about my putting on my Roastmeat Cloaths; for nothing would serve him, but I must needs go this Day to Plough, but I plainly told him, that he must excuse me, for I was otherwise disposed.

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Marg. I hope thou didft not tell him, that thou meeteft with me, and that I was the Cause of keeping thee from thy Eusiness.

Tho. No, no, Udswoggers I had more Wit in mine Anger than that comes to. I'll warrant thee, Girl, though I am a poor silly Fellow, I am not a downright Fool; Come fill us the other Jug, that we may chear up our Hearts; for I'm afraid we shan't light of better Liquor, than this is, at the Fair.

Marg.

Marg. I must needs say it is a Cup of good Ale, and my Mother Leather-coat seldom or ever has any worse, I'll say that for her.

Thom. Sweet Margery, once more to thee, and to our better Acquaintance; for we may live in Love, and marry, and get a whole Generation of Children which may flock the Country: What fay'st thou to that my Dear?

Marg. You talk mertily Thomas, and there must go many Words to that Bargain, before we arrive

to those Enjoyments.

Thom. Yes, my Dear, that may be; yet nevertheless, thou shalt not want Honey Words and happy Deeds, my sweet Jewel: But I see what I found, as I came a cross the long Field: It is a Writing and a Song too; certainly it dropped out of the Clouds, and for ought I know, it may betoken some good Fortune to my happy Proceedings.

Marg. How will you do to know the Tune?

Thom. Let me alone for that, I have plaid upon a Crowd and Bagpipe this fix or seven Years for my own Diversion; therefore certainly I cannot be without a Tune, and so thou shalt find.

SONG.

Name is Fortune, who hath fent, Kind Thomas to his Hearts Content: Therefore be kind to her I pray, And with thy Love keep Holiday.

For the will prove a vertuous Wife, The Foy and comfort of thy Life; Then take here the the but poor, Thou shalt be blessed with he ppy store.

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You shall have true Prosperity,
Thriving by your Industry.
So ling as you together live;
This is the Portion which I'll give.

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Nay more than that, as I am true,
Thou shalt have Sons and Daughters too,
That shall their Parents honour still,
And all your Days with Comfort fill.

If you are loving, true and kind, And bear these Lessins still in Mind, Thy well beloved Margery, Shall be a loving Wife to thee.

But if to her you prove untrue, Then shall I be unkind to you; Instead of B'essines which I'll send, Ten thensand Crosses shall attend.

Thy wretched Life unto the Grave, While she another Love shall have, Which may deserve her more than you, Mind what I say: Farewel, adieu.

Marg. This is a delicate Song; and if I may speak it without Flattery, you have as excelent a Voice by my Troth, as ever I heard in my Life.

Thom. It could be no otherways expected, but that I should sing well, having thy lovely Company, which sweetens all Things; and besides, I am perswared, that this is a Song written by Fortune's own Hand, which

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the was pleased to lay he the way for me to find, and she seldom sets any of her favourable Sonnets to an ordinary Tune: More than that, in these Lines, she has laid her strict Commands upon me to court thee as a Wife, and upon the due Performance of the same, she has promised to bestow on me many of her excellent Favours.

Marg. Alas Thomas, I am but a poor innocent Country-Girl, and you make me blush to hear you talk at this Rate: Come let us hasten to the Fair, for it is near nine of the Clock, and we have four or five Miles still, and I date not be out late at Night.

Thom. Sweet Margery, I will not d scourse any longer here upon the Point; for when we come to the Fair, we shall have a more convenient Opportunity. Here, what's to pay Mother Leather-coat.

Mother Leather coat. Six pence, Thomas, for two Jugs and a Cake.

Thom. There's your Money, Mother; and if we come back in any good time, we will call upon

you: And fo farewel.

Mother Leather-coat. Thomas, pray be kind to my Daughter, for I begto to smell a Rat; in my Conscience it will be a Match: Which is it be, as Old a Woman as I am, I will venture to dance at your Wedding, though it be more than I have done this twenty Years: So Heavens bless you together.

have been one of her adopted Daughters ever fince I was fit to go to Service; for at any time,

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when I was out of Place, the would invite me to take up her House for my Habitation, until I was bester provided, and from this it came to pass, that I called her my Mother.

Thom. Well, in regard she has formerly been so kind to thee, I will likewise have a Respect for her, and will endeavour to get so far into her Favour, that she likewise may stile me her Son: And now let us talk of other Affalrs.

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Marg. What better Discourse can there be than to chat of kind Friends and old Affairs.

Thom. That is the very Sulject I would be upon: Kind Friends are the Encouragers of Love, and Love will lead us to the happy State of Marriage; which Inflicution is ten times older than my great Grand-mother.

Marg. O me! Has Marriage been of such a long standing? I can hardly believe it; for I have heard my own Mother say, that her Great Grandmother had nineteen Sons and Daughters, and yet shought it had not been in use at that time?

Thom It was of use then, and many a hundred Years before; yet it is possible, she might avoid Marriage to save Charges, as many do in these Days; but Margery, that shell be no Rule for us; for if we do agree upon the Point, believe me; we will enter into the honourable State of Marrimony, that our Sons and Daughters may, being lawfully begatten, inherit the Goods and Lands, which we by our Luaustry, shall purchase; for I have forgot

forgot the kind Promise of Dame Fortune: And if the should bestow her Favours upon us, who can tell but that I may arrive to be a Constable of a arish, or a Country Justice of the Peace?

Marg. O me! that would be brave: What a Juflice of the Peace! then if I shou'd be your Wife,

I shan's go a milking then, Thomas, shall 1?

Thom. No, my Dear, thou shalt have Servants to wait upon thee, and I will maintain thee in a Garb more gay than the Church-wardens Wise; and believe me thou shalt sit in the green Pew a Sundays, where the Eyes of all the Parishioners will be fastned upon thy Beauty, Ha Girl! what think st thou of this?

Marg. I am strangely listed up to the Height of Ambition, nothing else but golden Conceits possesses my Mind; for methinks, I am a ready in the happy Station which you have been talking of: Let us proceed no further in our Journey to the Fair, but resolve to return home, thereby to get all things ready for our Wedding; for I long to be a

Lady in good Truth.

Thom. My Dear, I am willing to consent to any thing that may please thee best; if thou art for making a quick Dispa en of the Busires, let us consider with our selves what Money we can raise; I, for my a part, have farty Shillings lying by me; besides next Week cames Quarter-day, and then I shall receive a Years Wages more; and let me tell you, this is something towards a good Beginning.

Marg. Indeed so it is, I must confess; and for my part I will produce what I can, though it be not much; I may have perhaps a Matter of Fourteen-pence, which is something towards enlarging Even

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My Con We the Sum; for, according to the old Proverb, Every little makes a Mickle.

Thom. Thou sayest well; for that is more than some has had to begin with, who has arriv'd to great Riches: So my Dear, we will go seriously to our Business, getting all things ready against the Day which you shall appoint for our happy Marriage; when it is over, we shall soon settle our selves in he World, ready for the Receiving Fortune's Favours.

Marg. Next Tuesday come seven-night, I pitch upon for our Wedding day, because I know, long and lingring Bargains seldom or never come to good.

Now to our Homes let us depart, For thou hast won my yielding Heart, Which I can give to none but thee; Then don't jorget my Loyalty.

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Thorn My Love, this Promise here I make, Which I resolve never to break:
I'll make thee then my lawful Bride,
There's none in all the World beside,
That I can sand have my Dear,
My Constany viou needs not sear.
Come let us kiss, and so fare rel,
We many Years in Foy may dwell.

A Dialegue between two Sifters, NELLY and NANCY.

Ear Sifter, I have been a great Sufferer by the Cruelty of an unkind Lover, Randal, that has made so many solemn Protestanons of Faith and Loyalty, he, I say, after all, has unworthily left me.

Nancy. Sweet Sifter, dry thy watry Eyes, and do not weep: Udsfoor, I would not care a Fig for him, there is more M-n than Mouse-trap-makers:

Remember the Old Proverb,

Set your Stool in the Sun, When one Knave goes, another will come.

Confider with your felf, you are but young, and if you flay two or three Years unmarried, it will be time enough then.

Nelly. But wee is me, alas ! dear Sifter, there is formerhing more in this than you imagine, which

makes me lament at this rate.

Nancy. Why what can it be, that should cause you to weep and lament thus, I hope was have not been so ling with him?

Nelly. Yes, verily, I have; I nult confess the naked fruth; for indeed, I fcorn to be catch'd in

a Lic.

Nancy. Udsfoot then, I'll watrant you, he has

gorren you with Child: Say you, has he?

Melly. Yes, Sifter, and I am near nine Months gone; yet the unworthy han never minds me, but laughs at my lamentable Suffering; he has

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fter abro that obtain'd his Ends, and now if I please, I may e'en go hang my self, for he values not what becomes of me, this I plainly perceive.

Nancy. Why did you let him take Peffession of your dear Tenement, before you had oblig'd him to take a sure Lease; my Meaning is, during Life; for young Men in such Cases, are not to be trust-

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Nelly. Ay, but dear Sifter, he had such a soft deluding Tongue, and lik wife used so many prevailing Arguments, that I had not the Power to deny him.

Nancy. What not deny him! In Troth but I would, tho' he had been a better Man than ever

stood upon his Shanks.

Nelly. Sifter, you cannot think how he tempted me before I is the least consensed to his fond Detires. I metimes he would have me abroad, where he would treat me with the choicast of what could be got for Gold or Salver; at other times he would wait upon me at my Chamber, where many Hours, early or late, he coursed me to be kind; and at last, to my Sorrow, through his large Gasts and soft Embraces I was drawn away, and consented to his R quest.

Nancy. I would have scorned the greatest Gifts and richest Presents, that he would or could have bestewed upon me, if once I had sund he made use of them as Baits and Snarcs to best ay me to my Ruin. I lived with a Master once, who would, when my Missies was abroad, often kiss and court me, declaring, that if I would not be coy, I should have large

Gifts

Gifts and Golden Presents; but thew from him in my with Anger and Indignation, solemnly protesting her Stat I would not stain my Reputation for the Reward of many more Pounds than he was worth very and by this means, I was rid of his future Temp tarions.

Nel. But take Notice Sifter Nancy, yours and her M nine are two different Cafes; yours was your Mile and a married Man; but mine was a Ba chelor and one that pretended to love me above any Greature true; in the World hefide: so that I was perswaded I its ow might let him stray before hand into the Forest of that s Love and Fancy, without Danger, because I doubted sins of ed not but he would endow me with the honour able Title of a West, whenever I would require it, tho' now to my Sorrow, I find him falle and deceived; but for your part, had you consented, your the West and have more beingers because I doubted. Crime had been more heinous, because you must needs know his Defigns could be no otherwise than bale from the Beginning.

Nan, Sifter Nelly, you tell me, that I might be fure that his Defigns was not warramable, I own to would be the Islu- of your Lovers Actions? Had he meant any thing honest not how are bee, he sould not have d fired you before-hand to have yielded to the Dancing that Jig which has occasioned your

Digrace. Diferace.

Nel. That may be, Sifler; but I could not harbour an evil Thought of him; for, us we fay, Love bides a Mult in e of Faults.

Nan. Well, I am forry for your Misfortune : But what do you had our Mother will fay, when the shall come to hear these unwelcome Tydings;

that f fore l

Na her w in my Conscience the will be ready to run besides her Senfes.

Nelly Sifter, that is the least of my Fear; for I very well remember, it has been often reported, that the her felf was guilty of the fame Folly, therefore how can the be angry for a Daughter to do as

her Mother has done before her?

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Nancy. Fie, Sifter, you are to blame in charging her with that Crime, though peradventure it be true; for you know, it is an ill Bird that bewrays its own Neft; and I would not for forty Shillings, that the should know that you bear in Mind the Sins of her Youth; therefore I pray you to defift from making mention of any fuch thing, and I will do what I can to reconcile her to you; and by that means you may be shelter'd from the Disgrace of the World:

> And so my Sister dear, adieu: Fear not I'll be a Friend to you.

A Collection of Choice SONGS upon fundry Occasions, as they are ut whi fung in Court, City and Country. Jonght

To the Newest and Best Play- House Tunes.

The Maiden's Choice.

Soldier and a Sailor. A Tinker and a Taylor. Had once a doubtful Strife, Sir, To make a Maid a Wife, Sir, Whose Name was Buxom Joan, Whose Name was Buxom Joan. For now the Time was ended. When the no more intended, To lick her Lips at Men, Sir, And gnaw the Sheets in vain, Sir, And lie o' Nights alone, And lie o' Nights alone. The Soldier Swore like Thunder, He lov'd her more than Plunder, And hew'd her many a Scar, Sir, Which he had brought from far, Sir, With fighting for her fake, With fighting for her lake. The Taylor thought to please her, With offering her his Measure, The Tinker too with Metile,

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aid be could mend by Kestle,
And stop up eviry Leak,
And stop, &c.
Int while these three were prating,
be Sailor stily waiting,
bought if it came about, Sir,
but they should all fall out, Sir,
He then might play his Part,
He then &c.
Ind just e'en as he meant, Sir,
to Loggerheads they went, Sir,
and then he let stie at her,
Shot'twick Wind and Water,
Which won this Fair Maid's Heart,

Which won, &c.

Said

The Richmond Recreation.

Trike up, drowsie Gut scrapers,

Gallants be ready, each with his Lady,
at it about, till the Night be run out,

Let no one's Humour pall.

iisk Lads, now cut your Capers,
at your Legs to't and show you can do't;
iisk, frisk it away, till Break of Day,

And high for Richmond Ball.

rtune-biters, Hags, Buen sighters,
mphs of the Woods, and stale City Goods;
Cherubims and Seraphims,
Caravans and Haradans,

In order all advance.

wittenham Loobies, Thistleworth Boobies,
its of the Town, and Beaus that have none;

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Te Jacobites, as sharp as Pins, Te Mounsieurs, and ye Shooterkins, I'll teach you all the Dance. Cast off, Thom behind Johnny;

Do the same Nanny, Eyes are upon ye; Trip in between little Dicky and Jane,

And set in the second Row.

Then then cast back you must too.

And in the first Row nimbly thrust through;

Then turn, then turn about to the left, or ye're out,
And met with your Love below.

Pass then cross, then Jockey's pretty Lass, Then turn her about, about and about; And Jack if you can do so too, With Betty whilst the Time is true,

We'll all your Ear commend;

Still there's more to lead all four,

Two by Mancy fland, and give her your Hand,

There all her out bly down below.

Then cast her quickly down below And meet her in the second Row, The Dance is at an End,

The Praise of a Woman.

HOW lovely is a Woman before the is enjoy'd When the Spirits are firong, and the Fand (not cloy'd

We admire every Parr, though never so plain, Which, when truly possess'd, we quickly distain Each Lady we court, and beg they'd be kind, And when they consent to be of one Mind,

We kifs and embrace, and do what's to be done. When their Bellies are full we leave them forlors. Il Wowen we fee we hope to enj y, Ve think our felves happy if they prove not coy; ach Feature we praise and admire their Parts, ho' to the next Face we do proffer our Hearts.

on a Jewel received from a Lover at Parting.

7 Hen cruel Time inforced me subscribe to a diving, Heart all Faith and Loyalty. I left you fl. shly bleeding. in in Requital gave a Stone, not easie to be broken; n Emblem sure that of your own Heart's Hardnes 'twas a Token. Fate! what Justice is in this, that I a Heart must tender; nd you so cold in Courtefies, as but a Stone to render? ither your Stone turn to a Heart. that Love may find requiting: relse my Heart to Stone convert, that may not feel your Slighting.

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The Bonny Milk-Maid.

L Nymphs and Sylvian Gods,
that love green Fields and Woods,
when Spring newly blown,
her felf doth adorn,
the Flowers and blooming Buds;
come fing in the Praise,
whilst Flocks oo graze

i

In yonders pleafant Vale, of those that choose their Sleep to loose, and in cold Dews with clotted Shoes Do carry the Milking-Pail.

The Goddess of the Morn,
With Blushes they adorn,
and take the fresh Air,
whilst Linnets prepare,
A Consort on each green Thorn;
The Black-bird and Thrush
on every Bush;
And the charming Nightingal,

in merry Vein,
their Throats do strain,
to entertain
the jolly Train
That carry the Milking Pail.

When cold bleak Winds do roar,
And Flowers can fpring no more,
the Fields that were feen,
fo Pleafant and Green,
By Winter all candid o're.
Oh! how the Town Lafs
looks with her white Face,
And her Lips of deadly Pale;
but it is not fo

through Frost and Snow, with Cheeks that glow, To carry the Milking-Pail.

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The Charming Bride.

The danger is over, is over, is over, the danger is over,
The battle, the battle the battle, the battle is past;
The Nymph had her Fears, the Nymph had her Fears,
But she ventur'd, she ventur'd, she ventur'd

(at last:
She tried the Encounter, and when it was done.

She try'd the Encounter, and when it was done, she smil'd, she smil'd at her Folly, and own'd she had (won:

by her Eyes we discover the Bride has been pleas'd.
(been pleas'd,

Her Blushes become her, her Passion is eas'd, the dissembles her Joy, and affects to look down, down, (down, down,

f she fighs, 'tis for sorrow, for sorrow, for sorrow, for sorrow, 'tis ended so soon.

oppear all ye Virgins, ye Virgins, ye Virgins, appear all (y: Virgins,

oth aged, both aged, both aged, both aged and young; and you that have carried, and you that have carried, but burthen, that burthen, that burthen (too long,

ho lost precious time, and you who are losing, etrayed, betrayed, by your Fears, 'twict doubting and Cchoosing,

ram near, and learn what will sett'e your Mind,
w'll find, you'll find your selves happy, when once you
(are kind.

o but wisely resolve the sweet venture to run, run, run,

be loss will be little, be little, be little, and (much to be won.

The

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On the solemn Protestations of a Loyal Lover.

OW (as I live) I love thee much, And fain would love thee more, Did I but know thy Temper such. that could my foy restore. But to engage thy Virgin Heart, then to leave it in Distress. Were to betray thy brave Defert, And make thy Glory lefs. Were all the Eastern Treasures mine, I'd lay them at thy Feet; But to invite a Prince to dine with Air it is not meet. No let me rather pine alone; then if my Fate prove coy. I can dipence with gitef my own, whilst thou hast Showers of Foy.

But if through my too niggard Fate thou shouldst unhappy prove,

I should grow mad and desperate,

through killing Grief, and Love,

Since then, the more I cannot love, without thy Injury, As Saints that to an Altar more,

my Thoughts to thee shall fly.

And think not that the Flame is less,
for 'tis upon this score,

Wer't not a Love beyond Express, my Dear it might be more.

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The Private Encounter.

H fie! what mean I foolish Maid, in this remote and filent Shade,

To meet with you alone;

My Heare does with the place combine, And both are more your Friends than mine,

And both are more your Friends than mine,
Oh! oh! oh! I shall, I shall, I shall be undone,

Oh! oh! oh! I shall be undone.

A Savage Beaft I would not fear,

Or should I meet with Villains here,

I to some Cave would run: But such inchanting Art you show,

I cannot strive, I cannot go;

I cannot strive, I cannot go :

Oh! oh! oh! I shall, I shall, I shall be undone,

Oh! oh! oh! I shall be undone,

Oh fie! leave off this foolish fear, For I am glad to meet you here,

and I must vou enjoy:

This filent Grove and pleasant Shade.

Were for true Lovers passime made.

Were for true Lovers pastime made:

Then, oh then, do not, do not me deny,

Oh then, oh then, do not me deny.

The little Girls Wish.

Young I am, and yet unskill'd, Haw to make a Love: yield;

Thursto make a Love: yield

low to keep, or how to gain,

When to love, and when to feign:

Take me, take me, fome of you, Vhile I yet am young and true,

L'ie I can my Soul disguise,

Heave my Breast, heave my Breast, and roll my Eyes.

E

Seas

Stay not till I learn that Way,
How to lie and to betray,
He that has me first is best,
For I may deceive the rest:
Could I find a blooming Youth,
Full of Love and full of Truth,
Brisk, and of a gentle Meir,
I should long, I should long to be Fisteen.

The Politick Damlel.

Rom Grave Lessons and Restraint,
I'm stole out to revel here;
Yet I tremble and I pant;
In the middle of the Fair:
Oh! oh! wou'd Fortune in my Way,
Throw a Lover kind and gay;

Now's the time, nuw's the time Now's the time he foon may move A young Heart unus'd to Love, Shall I venture; no, no, no, Shall I from the Danger go: Oh! no, I must not try, I cannot fly: I must not, durst not, cannot fly, Help me Nature, help me Art, Why should I deny my Heart, Help me Nature, help me Arr, Why should I deny my Heart. If a Lover will pursue, Like the wiseft let me do. I will fit him if he's true, If he's false I'll fit him too.

While I am endu'd with Sense, To distinguish what is best,

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Shall not penetrate my Breaft,
No, no, no, but yet methinks I feel.
What I cannot well conceal,

Let me ffrive, let me ffrive, But me strive the best I can, To abhor the Thoughts of Man. Shall I love them, no, no, no, Shall I from their Kisses go, Oh, no, I must not take, I can't forsake; I must not, durst not, can't forsake: Help me Cupid, grant me Love, Then by all the Powers above, Help me Cupid, grant me Love, Then by all the Powers above, If young Strephon will purfue, Like the wifest let me do I will fit him if he's true, If he's falle i'll fit him too.

I have learn'd to act my Part,
Know as well as some have done;
Never will I break my Heart,
Or for Love distracted run;
Free, free, free, from all those Captive Chilos,
Weeping Cares and killing Pains,
Let me be, let me be,
Let me be for evermore,
Cupid I do thee implore;
Shall I venture? no, no,
Shall I from the Danger?

 I must not yield, nor quit the Field, I must not, durst not quit the Field; Bless me now you Powers divine; Ne'er was Virgins Case like mine; Bless me now you Powers divine; Ne'r was Virgins Case like mine. If a Lover will pursue, Like the wisest let me do, I will sit him if he's true, If he's false I'll sit him too.

The furprized Nymph. Alking beneath a Shade, viewing the grace of a Grove Which Nature only made, free from the Subject of Love. Caffing my Eyes around, fairly upon the Ground a Nymph fo gay, Bedeckt with Rofes Red. With a Garland on her Head, fighing there lay. I run unto the Maid. and clasp'd her close in my Arms, At which the imiling faid, Soft is the raptures of Charms, They yield a Love Delight; Press on with all your Might, you'll pleafe me then; Tho' Nymphs are seeming coy, The World affords no Joy fo fweet as Men The Two Victorious Cupids.

or. Now the Maids and the Men are making of Hay,

We have left the dull Fools, and are stolen away

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Cor

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Sin

Cru-Firf

Had I the But Then Mopfa no more Be coy as before,

But let us merrily, merrily play, And kiss, and kiss, the sweet time away. [bold?

Mop. Why, how now, Sir Clown, how came you fo I'd have you to know I'm not made of that mold:

I tell you agen,

Maids must kiss no Men.

No, no, no, no kissing at all; I'll no: kiss till I kiss you for good and all.

Cor. No, no.

Mop. No, no.

Mop. Not kifs, till you kifs me for good and all. Not kifs, dyc.

Cor. Should you give me a Score
'Twould not leffen the Store;

Then bid me chearfully, chearfully kifs, And take, and take my fill of your Bifs.

Mop. I'll not truft you fo far, I knew you fo well.

Should I give you an Inch, you'd take a whole Then Lord like you'd rule, [Ell;

And laugh at the Fool.

No, no, &c.
Coy Cælia's Cruelty.

Elia that I once was bleft, is the Torment of my Breaft, Since to cure me you bereave me, of the Pleasure I possest:

Cruel Creature to receive me, wirst to love and then to leave me. cruel Creature, &c.

Had you the Blifs refused to grant, I then had never known the Want; But possessing once the Blessing,

akin

The

F 3

Is the Cause of my Complaint: Once poffeffing is but tafting, Tis not Blifs that is not lefting, Ooce possessing, Gc.

Calia now is thine no more, But I am hers and muft adore;

Nor to leave her will endeavour. Charms that capriv'd me before; No unkindness can discover,

Love that's true, is Love for ever,

No unkindness, Ge.

The Happy Man. Ame Fortune has been kind to me, Thanks for her Liberality For making me a happy Man, I boast more than thousand can; For loving Friends I pray behold, I have a Wife that cannot fcold: Nor frown at any Time at all, But ready at her Husbands Call, Striving to honour and obey, In all things fill I bear the Sway; A happy Man I am behold, Who have a Wife that cannot fcold.

Cupid's Kingdom. 7 Ere I to choose the greatest Blis, Were I to choose the greatest Blis, That e're in Love was known, 'Twould be the highest of my Wish To en -- joy her Heart alone; Kings might poffe is their Kingdoms free And Crowns unenried wear, They should no Rival have of me,

No, no,

They should no Rival have of me,

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Love And A Then

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Might I reign Monarch there; They should no Rival have of me, no, no.

They should no Rival, They should no Rival have of me, might I reign Monarch there.

Hear Cinthia, hear the gentle Air, Hear Cinthia, hear the gentle Air,

But whisper out my Love,

And prove but half fo kind as fair, My Sor ___rows you'll remove; Cinthia, oh! let us happy be,

Unite our Hearts in Love,

I'd change not such Felicity,

no, no, I'd change not fuch Felicity, for all the Joys above.

I'd change not fuch Felicity no, no,

I'd change not fuch, I'd change not fuch Felicity, for all the Joys above.

Cruel Cælia. O, no poor suffering Heart, no Change endeavour, Chuse to sustain the sinart rather than leave ber; My ravish'd Eyes behold such Charms about her, I can de with her but not live without her; One tender figh from her to fee me languifh, Will more than pay the price of my past anguish. Beware, ob cruel Fair, how you smile on me, Twas a kind Look of thine that has undone me, Love has in store for me one happy Minute.

And she must end my Pain that did begin it : Then so divine a Bliss, and Pleasures leaving,

Ages will flide away without perceiving :

ght

Cupid

Cupid shall guard the doo the more to please her, And keep out time and Death when they would seize her. Time and Death shall depart, and say when slying, Love has found out a way to live by Dying.

The Intreagues of Love.

Tow happy are we
When we meet with a Beauty,
That is charming and free,
and knows more than her Duty;
Women they were made for Men,

The Gods above allow the same!

But this cunning Creature,

Will not yield to Nature,

Nor will let you do'r, Unless you put her to'r,

And give her Gold to boot, But you, you must swear for ever to be true But when the Guinea wins her,

She'll freely let you in Sir, and meet you in the Motion;

T sthen, if you behold her Eyes, How they roll when at the Sport she lies;

First she turns the White, And then she shurs them Quite, And then with all her Might,

She feems her Lips to bite, And fweets vou'r her delight,

Such Joys fure the never felt the like before.

And if you have but Gold, Sir, with you she'll be moving,

She cares not tho' you'r old Sir, fhe will be fond and loving,

In Love the Il pas the time away,

And ask you all the Night to stay,

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And for your Moneys sake,
She'll hang about your Neck,
And give a Kis to please,
And then your Hand she'll squeeze,
And looking with dying Eyes.

And swear, swear she dyes, if that you leave her.

When she's got your Treasure, and left you no Money,

Then you must wait her Leisure, while another she calls Honey;

She minds not all the Oaths you swear, Although you vow you love her ne'er so dear,

But he that brings the Cole, Shall have my Ladies Hole,

For Money is the Cry, Fine Rigging for to buy,

Or else the will deny

The Toy, Toy, the Cullies of the Town call Joy.

The Kingdom of the Birds.

IN the Field in Frost and Snow watching late and early;

There I keep my Father's Cows, There I milk 'em yearly;

Booing here, Booing there,

Here a Boo, there a Boo, every where a Boo,

We defy all Care and Strife, In a charming Country Life.

Then at Home amongst the Fowls, watching late and early:

There I tend my Faher's Owls.

There I feed them yearly

And

Whooing here, whooing there,

Here a whoo, there a whoo, ev'ry where a whoo, We defy all Care and Strife,

In a charming Country Life,

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When

When we Summer Fleeces heap, watching late and early: Then I theer my Father's Sheep, then I keep them yearly: Baeing bere, Baeing there, Here a Bae, there a Bae, e'ery where a Bae. We defy all Care and Strife. in a charming Country Life. In the Yard amongit the Logs, watching late and early: There does lye my Father's Hogs, there I feed 'em yearly : grunting here, grunting there, Here a grunt, there a grunt, ev'ry where a grunt, We defy all Care and Strife, in a charming Country Life. Round about the pleafant Moats. watching late and early, There I tend my Father's Goats, there I water 'em yearly: mazing here, mazing there, Here a mas, there a mas, ev'ry where a mas, We defy all Care and Sirife, in a charming Country Life. When I've fed my Father's Flocks, in the Morning early: Then I cram his Turkey Cocks, there I feed 'em yearly; Goboble here, goboble there, Here a gob, there a gob, every where a gob, We defy all Care and Strife, in a charming Country Life. Round my Father's Pond and Lake,

in the Morning early:

There I find his Duck and Drake,

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There I find 'em yearly:

Qua a quack here, qua quack there, Here quack, there quack, every where a quack, We defy all Gare and Strife,

in a charming Country Life.
The Slighting Lady.

Y Ourg Strephon I once lov'd as dear as my Life,
And he often promis'd to make me his VVife.
But when that the Face young Calla he fee,
He forgot all his Ouths and Vows unto me,
And left me he thought in Despair for to lye.

But i'll never grieve, but i'll never grieve, no, nor languish not 1.

The Reason it seems, why he Cælia does love, Is because the more wealthy in Riches does prove, But i'll never matter young Strephon's Disdain, If he slight: my Love, i'll slight him again. And since he is gone, let him go farewel he, I may have another, I may have another, that's better than he.

Toung Screphon I find like the VVorldling does prove, if he has but Money he matters not Love, For were Cælia's Nose to stand all of one VVry, Great blubber Lipsor never an Eye, Toung Strephon to please her would certainly chuse, But i'll never grieve, but i'll never grieve, if this VVoil ling I lose

Anold Proverb we have a Stool, in the Sun
That one Knave is gone another may come,
As yet such Impressions my Admid cannot feel
To lay that to my Heart others cast at their Heels,
Then farewel young Swephon i libid you adieu,
I shall have another, I shall have another,
that's better than you.

If Screphon is constant, I constant can be,

But if he proves false it is all one to me, Then Strephon don't boaft of what you have won. For i'll have another as foon as you're gone. My Heart is my own, and so it shall remain, Then a Fig for your Love, then a Fig for your Love. your Scorn or Disdain.

Young Men I declare are so apt to deceive, Maids need bave a Care how they do them believe, They'll flatter and lye, they'll vow and they'll faear, Say mire in an Hour you'll find true in a Year, I can give them the hearing, but when they are gone, They may love if they please, they may love if they please, or may let it alone.

Strephon's Answer. Air Lady what is the Complaint that I hear, That daily is fung, almost every where, You fay that I promis'd to make you my Wife. Marriage you know Madam lafteth for a Life. But give me the Lass that is loving and free, [black, Be she fair brown or black, be she fair brown or

'ris the same thing to me.

You fay that my Love unto Calia does hold, Because she has great store of Silver and Gold, Indeed I confess she's gen'rous and free, With a Temper that's charming and pleafing to me. Whilft you with Difdain, c'ry day cast an Eye, And this was your answer, and this was your answer,

for Love you may dy. Besides when I ask'd if your Love you wou'd grant, There's nothing on Earth I could gain, you should But yet with a look of fuch fcorn you reply'd, want You'd have a Coach and fix if you were my Bride, With Footmen and Pages to hold up your Train, But where is the Fortune, but where is the Fortune,

the fame to maintain,

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You say in this Age Men are all fickle grown,
Yet you'll have another as soon as i'm gone.
Well slighting Lady, you're welcome and free,
Calia's my Heart's chiefest Choice you shall see,
For in Calia's Arms will my Happiness prove,
Her humou is pleasant, her humour is pleasant,
and sweet is her Love,

Now flighting Lady your Humour's well known, You'll love when you please, or can let it alone. Since that is your Temper, now Calia for me, Mer Love is intire, from Pride she is free.

Embraces of Love are enjoy'd without Strike.
Since Strephon is Calia's, fince Strephon is Calia's, and Calia his Wife.

Lock allfast.

Am come to lock all fast,
Love without me cannot last:
Love, like Counsels of the Wise,
Must be hid from Vulgar Eyes;
'Tis holy,'tis holy, and we must, we must conceal it,
They prophane it, they prophane it, who reveal it.
What is promited in Love,
Is recorded still above,
And whatever Vows we make,
Let u keep it for true Loves sake:
'Tis binding, 'tis binding, and we still,
we still must own it,
They are perjured, they are perjured,
who disown it.

Let our Love be just and true, For there's none I love but you; Let whatever each impart, Be lock'd up in t'others Heart,

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A Collection of new Songs. 134 That not one, that no one but our felves Tour felves may ever Once be able, once be able Tto discover. Whilft we fecretly do love No one can our Joys remove, Nor can any one moleft That which is hid in the Breaft, Tis treasure, 'tis treasure, whilft we there we there can keep it, From all Rivals, from all Rivals Tthat do feek it. The Charming Regent's Wish. Oyal and Fair, great Willy's dear Bleffing, The charming Regent of the Swains, Heavy with Care, tons ladly expressing ber Grief sat weeping on the Plain; VV by did my Fate Exalime 100 high? If fading State must deprive me of my foy, VVbilft Wilvis gone. Ab, how vainly thines the Sun? Tid Fates decre , The VVinds and Sea. Wafr, waft him to me. Large are my Flocks and flowry my Pastures, worth Treasures vast of Silver and Gold, Where rav'now V Volves conspire to be Masters, devour all my Lambs, and break down my Fold; wi y whilt here, Secur'd me from fear, All the wild Herd strod in awe of my Dear; But poor helpless I, Mourning, fich, and hourly cry, Let Fates Decree, The

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The Winds and Sea, Waft Willy to me.

The Scotch Hay-makers.

In the rosie time o'th' year, when the grass was down,

Bonny Jockey blith and gay, said to Jenny making Hay, Let's sit a little Dear, and prattle, 'tis a sultry Day: He long had coursed the black brow'd Maid,

But Jockey was a Wag, and would ne'r consent to wed; Which made her pish and phoo, and cry it will not do, I cannot, cannot, cannot, wonnot, wonnot buckle too.

He told her Marriage was grown a meer Joub, And that no one wedded, but the soundre! Felk

Tet my Dear you (hall prevail, but I know not what I ail, I shall dream of Clogs and filly dogs with bottles at their But i'll give thee gloves and a birgrace to wear, [tails. And a pretty filly Foal to rise out and take the Air,

If thou ne'r wilt pish and phon, and on it will not do, I cannot, cannot, cannot, woner wonth buckle 100.

That you'll give me Trinkets cry'd fle. I believe, But ah! what in return, must poor joury give?

When my maiden treasure's give I must gang to lon town And roar and rant, and patch and paint and kiss for

Each drunken Bully oblige fr pay [half a Croan:

And earn a bated living an odicus tu for e way.

No, no, it me'r shall do, for a Wife i'll be to you, Or I cannot, cannot, cannot, no not wonnot buckle too ROGER in Amaz.

Dzooks ches went the other div to London town, In Smithfield zuch gezing

Zuch throsting and squeezing,

The

A Zittey of Wood some Volk do call it Bartledom Vair, But ches zure nought but Kings and Queens live spere The Volk well a laughing at me, then the Vezen Said, Befure Ralph, give it to Doll the Dairy-maid. I zwallowed the Affront, but staid no longer there; I thrust and I scrambled,

Till further I rambled

Into the Vair, [were all at work Where Trumpets and Bagpipes, Kettle-drums, Fidlers and the Cook zung here's your delicate Pig and Pork. I look'd around to zee the Wonders of the Vair;

Where Lads and Lasses, with Pudding Bag-Arses, So nimble were,

Heels over nead as round as a Wheel they turned about Old Nick zure was in their Breeches without Doubt.

Most woundily pless & I up and down the Vair didrange,
To see the vine Varies,

Flay all the Vegaties: I vom 'tmas strange.

I ask'd them aloud what Country little Volk they were? A crojs Brat answered me, Che were Cuckoldshire.

I thrust and show'd along as well as e'er I could,

At last did I grovel,

Into a dark Hovel,

Where Drink was fold:

They brought me, Cans which cost a penny a-piece adsheare

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I'm znre twelve ne'r would vill a Country Quart. Che went to draw her Purse, to pay them for her Beer,

The Devil a Penny Was left of my Money, Che'll now and zwear.

They dost of my hat for a groat, then turn'd me out of doors Adswounds Ralph, diast e're zee zuch Rogues & Whores
The discontented Lady.

How vile are the fordid intreagnes of the town? cheating and lying perpetually sway, From the blue Cap to the politick Gown, a plotting and sotting they waste the Day.

Il their Discourse is of Foreign Affairs, The French and the Wars,

Is always their Cry;

Marriage alas! Is declining
And I a poor Virgin lye pining,

a curse of their Jarring what Luck have I? I thought a young Trader, by ogling Charms,

Into my Conjugal Fetters to bring, I planted my Snare too, for one that lov'd Arms, but found his Defign was another thing.

From the Court Province down to the dull Cits,

Both Cullies and Wits, Of Marriage are shy:

Great are the Sons of the Nation.

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A shame of the wretched Occasion,
A Curse of the Monsieurs, what Luck have I?

The Passionate Squire's Petition.

Ske yonder the fivins and calls Love, and fain would be on thore; the's one of the faireft Faces, that e're I bekeld before;

and I paithee my Dear, call home thy Heart,

For the Phænix shall be our Guide, Love,

and protect us from al! Harms. A Ship it cannot be built, Love, without the Help of a Tree,

And the very flint-stone shall melt, Love, and if I prove falle to thee.

And if I prove false to thee my Dear, the Rocks they shall melt in the Sun,

And the Fire shall freeze like Ice, Love, and the Sea shall raging burn.

Among the delightful Bowers, where Flora her Mantle foreads,

With changeable fragrant Flowers, rich Garlands do crown our Heads.

The Lillies, my Dear, shall make us, and thus we will live in Love;

True Pleasure can ne'r forsake us, fo long as we loyal prove.

Sweet Creature, thou may'ft believe me, I love thee more dear than Gold:

Why should'st thou delight to grieve me? fair beautiful Saint, behold

I'll fludy for thy Promotion; my Heart is to Love inclin'd,

And will be at thy Devotion, fweet Creature be not unkind.

The Happy Shepherd. Tow blest are Shepherds, how happy their Lasses,

while Drums and Trumpets are founding alarms, Over our lowly Shades all the Storm passes, and when we dye, 'tis in each others Arms. All the Day to our Herds and Flocks employing

All the Night on our Flutes, and so enjoying. Bright Nymbs of Britain, with Graces attended,

let not our Days without pleasure expire;

Honour's but empty, when our Youth is ended,

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arew tare all Men will praise you but none will desire: Let not your Youth fly away without contenting, Age will come time enough for your repenting. The Desiring Lovers.

Still I'm wishing, still defining, Still she's giving, I requiring, Yet each Gift I think too small,

Still the more I am presented, Still the less I am contented,

The fire vows the gives me all.

Can Druftla give no more? Has she lavish'd all her Store?

Must my Hopes to nothing fall?
Ah! you know not half your Treasure,
Give me more, give over measure,

Yet you'll never give me all.

The Languishing Lady.

VElcome Death, the Cure of all my Sorrow, thou alone canst give me Ease;

Of all the Delights my Senses e're did borrow, none could e're my Fancy please

Love has transported me so in sadness,

that I languish in Despair;

In all the Degrees of Love I find a Madness,

which causes all my Grief and Core, When first these Eyes of mine did view him:

Mes, O! how my heart was inflamed to love; rms, I loft my Senfes ever fince I knew him,

fince he to me does unconflant prove. Love that transports me so in Sadness,

makes me languish and complain.

ornel Cupid, come and ease my Madness,

let me no longer grieve in vain. Farewel Joy and farewel Pleafure,

farewel all things of Delight,

For

While the Minutes glide away in fweet Delight. What is fofter than her tender Arms? What is sweeter than her melting Charms? When the dies, How bright her Eyes, how white her Thighs? What Treasures, Treasures,

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Where the Fountain lies?
All the Swains and Shepherds figh, and bring
Crowns and Garlands, from the fragrant Spring,
And each Shepherdess around,

Fairy Ground does dance,

While Pan does Pipe and Sing.

The Scotch Lovers Complaint.

Drink Water Ise may tue,
Since my Heart so muckle Harm besel,
Wounded by a bonny Lass at Epsom-well:
Ise been at Dalking-Fair,
Seeing the charming Faces there;
But aw Scotland, now gued Faith desie,
Sike a Lip to she, and a loving rowling Eye:
Jenny's Skin was white, her Fingers small;
Moggy she was stender, strait and tall,

But my Love bears away the Bell from all:
for her I figh, for her I dye in Despair;
Never Man in Woman took such Joy,
Never Woman was to Man so coy;

She'll not be my Honey,

For my Love nor Money; well-a-day! what Torment must I bear.

Ife got up and gang'd away,
Having nothing more to fay,
But He ever fince have felt fuch Grief

But He ever fince have felt such Grief, Which has carry'd me, alas"! beyond relief.

Had I stald at Aberdeen, He this Lady had not seen,

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Wher

Which is the Cause of all my Woe, And I fear will prove Jockey's finil overthrow. Epsom wells, this Day, I bid adieu,

Since my coming there I needs must rue,

You have Beauties fair, but they are cruel too:

Home i'll return with the Torment I endure, Where ise court young Jenny to be kind, For to ease the Anguish of my Mind; She's better than a Beauty, That will not own her Duty, Such a one my wounded Heart may cure:

The Maiden's Wish procured.

Silvia the Fair in the bloom of Fifteen,

Felt an innocent warmth as she lay on the Green,

the had heard of a Pleasure, and something she guess,

By their tumbling and touzing, and touching her Breast,

She saw the Meneager, but was at a loss,

What they meant by their sighing and kissing so close,

By their praying and whining, and clasping and twining,

And panting and wishing, and sighing and kissing,

and sighing and kissing so close.

Ah! She'cry'd, ah! that a languishing Maid, In a Kingdom of Christians, should die without aid, Not a gentle fair Loves to yield to ny Charms, To take me and kiss me within his s ft Arms; Fo instruct a young Virgin that is at a loss, What they mean by their sighing and kissing so close, By their Praying, &c.

Copid in the Shape of a Swan did appear,
He heard the fair Nymph, and he kindly drew near:
He shewd her his Arrow and hid her not sear,
For the pain was no more than a Maiden might bear;
Which when she had try'd. She was not at a loss,
What they meant by their sighing and kissing so close,
Ey their Praying, &cc.

Tenderly these in Embraces did meet,

The Nymph was divine, and the Swain young and sweet.

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Those Pleasures he gave she did double requite, And all their sweet Foys were as silent as Night; But in the fair Morn she was not at a Loss, What they meant by their sighing and kissing so close, By their Praying, &c.

The Princely Court Ship. 7 Hat shall I do to show how much I love her? how many Millions of Sighs can suffice ? That which wins other Hearts never can move her, those common Methods of Love the'll despise? I will love more than Man e're lov'd before me, gaze on her all the Day, melcall the Night, Till for her own take, at last she'll implore me to love her less, to preserve our Delight. Since Gods themselves cannot ever be loving, men must have breathing Recruits for new Joys, I wish my Love could be always improving, though eager Love more than Sorrow deftroys In fair Aurelia's Arms leave me expiring, to be embalm'd by the Sweets of her Breath, To the last Moment I'll still be defiring,

ing,

id,

ear;

Tho

The Conquering Virgin.

E all to conquering Beauty bow, its pleafing Powers admire,
But I ne'r faw that Face till now, that like yours could infpire;
Now I may fay I met with one amazes all Mankind;
And like Men gazing on the Sun, with too much Light am blind.
Soft as the tender moving Sighs,

never had Hero fo glorious a Death.

when longing Lovers meet: Like the divining Prophets Wife,

and

and never thought it long; If Beauty would award fuch Care,

and Life fo long could flay, Nor fourteen, but four Hundred Vears wou'd feem bur as one Day.

The Complaining Bridegrom. crow'd. Was early one Morning the Cock had juft Sing hey ding, ho ding, lantridown derry, My Holiday Cloaths on, and Face newly mow'd, With a hey ding, ho ding, drink your brown berry, fate, The Sky was all painted, no Scarlet fo red, For the Sun was just getting out of his Bed, When Terafa and I went to Church to be fped, With a hey ding, ho ding, shall I come to wooe thee Hey ding, ho ding, will ye buckle to me? Ding, ding, ding, ding, ding, derry, derry, derry, Ding, ding, ding, ding, hey lantidown derry bil t

Her Face was as fair, as if't had been in Print, Sing hey ding, &c. And her small Ferret-Ryes did lovingly squint,

with a hey down, doc. and Plumbs He. T Yet ber Mouth had been damag'd with Comfits

Thumbs And her Teeth that were useless for biting her Had late, like ill Tenants, forfaken her Gums, with a hey ding, drc. But when Night came on, and we both were a Bedor ev

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Sing hey ding, &c. (to be faid, Such strange things were done, there is no more with a hey down, &c.

Next Morning her Head ran a mending her Gown;
And mine was plagued how to pay Piper a Crown,
and so we rose up the same Fools we lay down,
with a hey down, &c.

The Country Dialogue, sung at Mrs. Mynn's Booth in Bartholomew-Fair.

He. Here Oxen do low,
And Apples do grow,
Where Corn is fown,
And Grass is mown;
Where Pidgeons do fly,
And Rooks nessle high,
Sate, give me for Life a Place.
The. Where Hay is well cock'd,

N'd,

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rry,

hee

Where Duck and Drake Cry quack, quack, quack, Where Inskeys lay Eggs,

And Udders are ftroak'd.

erry, And Sows fuckle Pigs.

erry Oh! there I would pass my Days:

He. On nought we will feed,

She. But what we do breed,

and wear on our Backs, imbs He. The Wool of our Flocks:

be. And though Linnen feels rough,

foun from the Wheel.

Its cleanly, the course it comes.

le. Town Foll es and Cullies, and Mollys and Dollys,

Becor ever adicu and for ever;

She.

She. And Beaus that in Boxes Lie imugling their Doxeys, With Wigs that hang down to their Bums. He. Good by to the Mell, The Park and Canal, St. Fames's Square, And Flaunters there; The Gaming House too, Where high Dice and low, Are manag'd by all Degrees. She. Adieu to the Knight, was bubbl'd laft Night, that keeps a Blouze, and bears his Spoule, and now in great Hafte, to pay what he's loft, Sends home to cut down his Trees. He. And well fare the Lad. She. Improves every Clad, He. That ne're fers Hand to Bill or to Bond; She. Nor barters his Flocks, for Wine or the Pox, To chouce him of half his Days. He. But Fishing and Fowling, and Hunting and Bowling, his Pastime is ever and ever. She. Whose Lips when you bus 'em fmell like the Beans Bloffom, Oh! he 'tis shall have my Praise. He. To Taverns where goes fower Apples and Slocs, a long Adieu. and farewel too, the House of the Great,

whol

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whose Cook has no Meat, And Butler can't quench my Thirft; She. Good-by to the Change where Rantepoles range, farewel cold Tea and Ratifea. Hide-park too, where Pride in Coaches do ride, Altho' they be choak'd with Duff. He. Farewel the Law gown, She. The Plague of the Town, Ho. And Foe to the Crown. that shou'd be run down, She. With City Tack-Daws that make Stable-Laws, To mafere by Yards and Ells; He. Stock jobbers and Snobbers, And Packers and Tackers, For ever adieu and for ever. Cho. We know what you're doing, and home we're both going,

And fo you may ring the Beils.

who

The Curtain Lecture.

He. Fall Comforts I miscarry'd;
When I play'd the Sot and marry'd:
'Tis a Trap there's none need doubt on't,
Those that are in't would sain get out on't:
She. Fye, my Dear, pray come to Bed,
This Napkin take and bind your Head;
Too buch Drink your Brain has dos'd,
You'll be quite alter'd when repos'd:
He. Zurs, 'cis all one, if I'm up or lie down,
For as soon as the Cock crows I'll be gone.
She. 'Tis to grieve me, thus you leave me,
G 2 Was

Was I, was I made a Wife to lie alone.

He. From your Arms my felf divorcing, Lahis Morn must ride a Coursing, Sport that far excels a Madam, Or all Wives that have been fince Adam. She. I. when thus have loft my Duc, Must hug my Pillow when wanting you. And whilst you tope it all the Day, Regale in Cups of harmless Tea. He. Pox what care I, take your Slops till you die, Yonder's Brandy will keep me a Month from home. She. If thus parted, I'm broken hearted, When I, when I fend for you, my Dear pray come. He. E're I'll be from Rambling hindred, I'll renounce my Spoule and Kindred : To be fober I've no Leifure. What's a Man without his Pleasure. She. To my Grief then I must see, Strong Ale and Nantz my Rivals be : Whilst you rope it with your Blades. Poor I fit fliching with my Maids. He. Zouns you may go to your Goffips you know, And there if you can meet a Friend pray do. She. Go you Joaker, go Provoker. Never never thall I meet a Min like you. He. If I may'ne in Town debauch it.

Prinking on both Red and Sherry: She. Ay for Waters I date Iwear, That you never will drink there: But your Wife at Home with Scorn May drink Water Night and Morn:

Then to Tunbridge I will coach it;

And there living woundy merry,

He. Pox of the Trade, if that you are so mad, You may drivk on your Water till you're dead.

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She. I believe ye, I'il deceive ye,
Can I, can I lie alone d'ye think in Bed.
He. Can't you lie alone to esse you,
Then take who you will to please.
I abroad must still be gadding,
Tho' it sets my Wise a madding:
She. Well I find you will me see ze,
And take your Pleasure and your Ease:
Since it's io, then I will do,
Something daily for to vex you.
He. Will you do so, then together let's go,
Lest a Cuckold at length I should grow.
She. Since you starve it, you deserve it,
But I, but I am an honest Wise you know.

The Young Lover's Enquiry.

I.

If Love's a sweet Passion, why does it torment?

If a birter, O tell me, whence comes my Content?

Since I suffer with Pleasure, who should i complain?

Or grieve at my Fate, when I know 'tis in vain?

Tet so pleasing the Pain is, so soft is the Dart,

That at once it both wounds me, and tickles my Heart.

I grasp her Hand gently, look languishing down,
And by passionate Silence I make my Love known;
But oh! how I'm blest when so kind she does prove,
By some willing Mistake to discover Love;
When in striving to hide it, she reveals all her Flame,
And our Eyes tell each other what neither can name.

How ple fant is Beauty? how sweet are the Charms?
How delightful Embraces? how peaceful her Arms?
Sure there's nothing so easy, as learning to love,
It's taught us on Earth, and by all things above;

G 3

And

And to Beauties bright Standard all Heroes must yield. For 'tis Beauty that conquers and keeps the fair Field.

IV.

To Beauty's bright Scepter thus all things do bow,
'Tis to her that we court, and to her that we woo;
It so strangely does vanquish and soften the Mind,
That we yield at first Sight to a Beauty that's kind:
'Tis a Treasure we dote on, and dream on each Night,
And there's nothing but Beauty can breed such Delight.

As foon as the Morning's bright Rays I behold, (Like a Bride deck'd with Roses, and Rubies and Gold) Streight I think on fair Celia, divine and so sweet, And long for to see her and sigh at her Feet: Every Moment I'm absent, I languish and dye,

And I live by the Sweetness and Beams of her Eye.
VI.
Then grant, Oye Powers, that her I may find

Always yielding to Love, and most charmingly kind;
That at last by Entreaties, she may be my Bride,
And I have the Honour to lye by her Side: (please,
Oh! the Pleasures that Beauties can give when they
They can wound and can cure a poor Lover with Ease.
VII.

Fil envy no Princes but sweetly will live,
Rest contented with Pleasures that Celia can give:
From all Rivals and Fears may we always live free,
And for ever be happy, and ever agree:
Thus Sweetness and innocent Freedom will prove,

All the Joys char hind Heaven gives to those that do live.

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The Oracles for War,

Your Enfigus now display;

Now, now, now, now, now, now, now,
Set the Battle in Array:
The Oracle for War declares, for War declares,
Success depends, Success depends
Upon your Hearts and Spears.
The Oracle for War declares, 170.

Britains strike home,
Revenge, revenge your Country's Wrongs;
Fight, fight and record,
Fight, fight and record
your silves in Druids Songs:
Fight, fight and record,
Fight, fight and record
your selves in Druids Songs.

Enrag'd, enrag'd, enrag'd, enrag'd,
your Showers of Ball let fly;
Come, come, come, come, come, come,
let us win the Day, or die:
The Honour f the Field we have, the Field we have,
With loud Huzza's, with loud Huzza's,
Press on you bold and brave.
The Honour of the Field, &c.

Britains maintain your Rights, your Rights, by conquering Blows;

G 4

Down, down with the Pride, Down, down with the Pride of your late vanquish'd Foes: Down, down with the Pride, Down, down with the Pride of your late vanquish'd Foes.

Lets rouze, lets rouze, lets rouze, lets rouze the British Lion bold,
See how, how, how, how, how, how, his Heroick Eyes are roll'd;

While Silver Trumpets found a Charge, Charge (Front and Rear: Break thro' their Ranks, break thro' their Ranks,

And make 'em fly for Fear: While Silver Trumpets found, &c.

Let them be drove
Before, before your Conquering Arms
And cause them to dread
And cause them to dread
Great Bitain's soud Alarms:
And cause them to dread,
And cause them to dread
Great Britain's loud Alarms.

The Forlorn Lover.

Yes, O Yes, O Yes, I cry, Tell me you loving Standers by Lyou a wandring Heart did see,

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As n Tell Which lately took, which lately took, its Flight from me?

The Marks I will describe to you, Such Hearts you'll say there are but sew, 'Tis milder than the tender Dove,

And round the fame, and round the fame,

a Chain of Love.

Just in the middle of this Heart,
There sticks a fatal golden Dart,
From whence fresh Streams of Blood does flow,
Pray did you meet, pray did you meet,
this Heart or no?

Cupid a fatal Arrow fent, And forc'd it from its Element; Or it had never gone I'm fure; Great is the Lofs, great is the Lofs,

which I endure.

Search all the Vallies, Hills and Plains, And shady Groves where Cupid reigns, To find my wounded bleeding Heart, You'll know it by, you'll know it by

the Golden Dart.

If you by Fortune find it there, Conduct it home to me with Care, And you shall well regarded be, For such like kind, for such like kind

Fldelity.

Perhaps my Heart you may behold, Among the Lambs of Cupid's Fold, Confined like a Captive Slave, If so one Boon, if so one Boon

of Cupid crave

Intreat him that he'd be so kind, As not to keep my Heart confin'd; Tell him what Grief I undergo,

And

And how mine eyes, and how mine eyes, like Fountains flow,

Who knows but he to comfort me

May fet my Heart at Liberty : Which Favour if I once obtain,

My Heart shall ne'r, my Heart shall ne'r

be loft again.

Close in my Breaft I'll lock it fast. And there as long as Life shall last, I'll keep it close, no Charms I'll view,

Because I find, because I find

what Love can do. It conquers Kings and noble Peers,

It makes the valiant Soul fhed Tears, Wounding their Hearts and Courage 100; All this and more, all this and more

fond Love can do.

A Scotch Song.

Rom Aberdeen to Edenburgh. I trudg'd it with my Bearn, And thence to London Town did go, News of my Love to learn.

and now the bonny Lad is come to Royal Willy here, So lie e'en gang contented Home,

fen I have got my Dear.

Diana It is f.

But (b That (Then

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Dick Rel

I long An I've h Sin

Meth An VVich Sin

Doll fa As Yetf

Lik And o An

Cry'd Fol cha fa

No Then Fo

Diana's a Beauty in whom I adore,
It is she that tormented me sore,
But she is cruel because she is fair,
That she leaves me to languish and die in Despair.
Then now and for ever until Death I cry,
D Diana, crucl Diana, 'tis for you that I die, &c.

Country Dick's Courtship.

Was when the Sheep were shearing,
And under an Oaken Tree,
Dick gave to Doll a Fairing,
Resolved her Love to be.

I long Sweet-heart to bed with thee,
And though I cannot woo,

I've hey pish, hey push, hey foo, hey for a Boy, Sing shall I come kis thee now.

Methinks I long to bed thee,

And merrily buckle too VVich hey pifn, hey push, hey soo, hey for a Boy,

Sing shall I come kiss thee now. Doll seem'd not to regard him,

As if the did not care,

Yet simper'd when she heard him, Like any Miller's Mare:

And cunningly to prove him,

And value her Maiden head, Cry'd fie, nay pilh, nay fie, and prithee fland by,

For I am too young to wed:

Nor any 2 - eife in Bed,

Then fie pish, fie, may pish, nay printee fland by, For I am too young wed.

Like

Stood Dick to hear her talk,

All hopes to get her under,

This (ad resolve did baulk; At last he swore, grown bolder,

For hey pish, hey fie, hey for a Boy, Sing shall I come kis thee now.

In loving Arms did fold her,
E're sneak, and cringe and cry,
With hey pish, hey fir, hey for a Boy,
Sing shall I come kiss thee now.

And Female flubborn Will,
Poor Doll grew melancholly,
The Grift went by her Mill;
I hope fine cry'd you'r wifer
Then value what I have fild.

Convinced of her coy Folly.

If I do cry, nay fir and pilh, and prithee fland by, That I am too young to wed.

Ering you the Church-Adviser,
And dress but the Bridal Bed,
Then try, tho' I cry sie and pish, and prithee stand
If I am too young to wed.

(by

The Careless Gallant.

O'H Molly! Molly! my pretty Molly, Come here and fet thee down by me,

And

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If

And tell to me what is the Reason That I am slighted so by thee.

I wish that I had been more wifer, But she was fairer than all the rest, For the first time that e're I saw her, She k ndled Fire in my Breast.

O take away this foolish Fancy,
That does torment my tender Brain;
For I take delight in no such Lasses,
That seek to sight me with Dislair.

Oh come fing neatly and compleatly; Sing Commendation to my Love. My Heart is with her altogether, Altho' I am not with my Love.

When I am waking, I am thinking.
. Of her I cannot take no Reft,
Tho' every Moment my Mind is on her,
My Love's fo fixed in her Breaft.

But Time will make an end of all things, And Love will make an end of me; But fure there is a Place of Torment, Will punish her for flighting me.

Why should I love her, and cannot see her,
If I don't speak how should I speed,
If I should write my Love a Letter,
She will say she cannot read.

Oh take away this golden Locker, And bring to me the Branch also, I have loft my Love, and that's the Reason, That is the Cause of all my Woe.

If there be any one that asks me,

What makes me go in this Attire,

I have loft my Love, and that's the Reason, That I am cross'd in my Desire.

Upon my Head I'll wear no Willow,

Nor yet no Pearl upon my Brow, I bid adieu to Melancholly,

For I have gained my Freedom now.

If I must wear this mournful Willow. It is but for a Month or two, Then I'll lay by my mournful Willow,

And will a Wooing go a new. If there be any one that loves me,

Come away and tell me now, How a Green Garment does he come me,

For I am forced to wear it now. This Willow is a wagring Flower, All in the Spring-time of the Year,

Young Men may loofe many an Hour. That kiss and court, and ne'ie the near.

See how the Cloud's gather together,

All for to hide the glorious Sun, But we hope for better Weather, When our Love-storms are done,

The Bonny Grey-Ey'd Morn.

HE Bonny Grey-Ey'd Morn began to peep, when lockey rous'd with Love came blightly on, But

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And who wishing lay depriv'd of Sleep, abborred the lazy Hours that som did run: But muckle were my Joy, when in my View, I from the Window 'fpy'd my only Dear, I took the Wings of Love and to him flew, for I had lancyed all my Heaven was there. Upon my Bosom Tockey laid his Head, and fighing told me pretty Tales of Love; My yielding Heart, at every Word be faid, did flatter up and down and strangely move: He fighing kiss'd my Hand, and vowed and swore, that I had o're his Heart a Conquest gain'd: Then blimbing begg'd that I would grant him more, which he alas too from too foon obtain'd. Not that I do repent I did comply, but this I needs must own, my yielding Heart Was quickly overcome by Jockey's Eye, which gives a deeper Wound than Cupid's Dart: His Cheeks were Cherry red, kis Lips the Same, his Tongue fo many Charms could ftill express, That e'ry Word be faid did raise new Flame, And kindl'd kindled Fire in my Breaft. My Jockey does a thousand Ways beside express himself in tender Love to me. With Arms about my Waste he signing try'd, Ob give me thy Consent, or Ije mun dee: Then with a gentle Kiss does beg again, that his poor wounded Heart I would but cure, Not thinking that I felt his Love-fick Pain, for I alas was his, was his before. And now I could no longer hide my Pain, but let my dearest Jockey know my Heart; Ob bow he huge'd me in his Arms again, and every Kiss he gave did ease my Smart.

Then vowing o're and o're between each Kifs,

He constant would remain while Life did last, Now tell me Lover's where's the Hurt of this, For to enjoy when that the Knot's 13'd fast.

Jockey's Love to Moggy.

'Tis bonny Weather Let's together, Com- sweet Lafe, Ler's trip it on the Grass. E'ry where Poor Fockey feeks his Dear, And if the don't appear, He fees no Beauty there. On our Green The Loons are sporting, ping, Courring, On our Green The blitheft Lads are feen. There all Day Our Lasses dance and play, And e'ty one is gay, But I when you'r away. Fenny bright Wich little Francis, Skips and dances, (By this Light) A very pretty Sight:

That moves upon the Plain,

For Fenny feels a Pain

Bur I, and all in vain.

E'ry Swain

Ome sweet Lass,

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Hark! the Crowd
To Mirch invites us
And delights us,
Hark! the Crowd
The Piper pipes aloud,
Then lets move,
Their Tunes inspire Love;
And if I cannot prove
So kind, forgive me Jove!

The Unconstant Woman: Or the valiant Sailor slighted.

Did not you hear of a gallant Sailor,
Whole Pockets they were lin'd with Gold,
He fell in Love with a pretty Creature,
As I to you the Truth unfold:
With a kind Salute, and without Dispute,
He thought to gain her for his own;
Unconstant Woman proves true to no Man,
She's gone and left me here all alone.

Don't you remember my pretty Peggy,
The Oaths and Vows you made to me,
All in the Chamber we were together,
That you would never unconstant be:
But you prove strange, Love, and from me range
And leave me here to figh and moan;
Unconstant Woman proves true to no Man,
She's gone and left me here alt alone.

As I have Gold, Love, you shall have Treasure, Or any dainty kind of Thing,

Tark

Thou

Thou may'ft command all Delight and Pleasure, And what you'd have, Love, I will you bring; But you prove shy, and at last deay Him that admires you alone,

Unconstant Woman proves true to no Man, She's left me here to make my Moan.

When first I saw your charming Beauty,
I stood like one all in Amaze;
I study'd only how to pay Ducy,
And could not speak but only gaze,
At last said I, sair Maid comply,
And ease a wretched Lovers Moan,
Unconstant Weman proves true to no Man,
She's gone and lest me here all alone.

I made her Prefers of Rings and Jewels,
With Diamond Stones I gave her too,
She took them kindly and call'd me Jewel,
And faidher Love to me was true,
But in the end the prov'd unkind,

When I thought she had been my own, Unconstant Woman proves true to no Man, She's gone and left me here all alone.

For three Months time we faw each other,
And she often said she'd be my Wise;
I had her Father's Consent and Mother,
I thought to have liv'd a happy Life,
She'd laugh and toy both Night and Day,
But at length she chang'd her Tone,
Unconstant Woman proves true to no Man,
She's gone and left me here all alone.

Many a time we have walk'd together,

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Both

Both Hand in Hand to an Arbor Green,
Where Tales of Love in Sunshing Weather,
We did discourse and were not seen,
With a kind Salure we did dispute.
While we were together alone:
Unconstant Woman proves true to no Man,
She' gone and left me here all asone.

Since Peggy his my Kindness stighted,
I'll never trust a Woman more,
'Twas in her alone I e're delighted,
But since she's false I'll leave the Shore,
In Ship I'll enter, on Seas I'll venture,
And fail the World where I'm not known.
Unconstant Woman proves true to no Man,
She's gone and left me all alone.

The Answer.

Ust I be called Unconstant Woman,
Because I'll not a Sailor wed,
The Reason is, he is no true Man,
Therefore with him I'll never bed.
Not long ago this I do know,
(Though the Sailor oft wou'd vow and swear)
Yet any Woman he'd k is the' common,
Then come to me and call me Dear.

When that I found his flattering Courtship,
I call'd him false and perjur'd Man,
For thus deloding harmless Virgins,
Excuse your felf now it you can:
You know 'tes true that I see you,
Handling a Lass as I pessed by,
To her you so ke, my Heart is broke,
And if you love me not, I dye.

Then

Then she reply'd, I can't believe ye,
That what you tell me it is true,
For Men are oftentimes deceiful,
And I do sear the like by you.
Then he reply'd, may I be denied,
All Blessings that come from above;
If any Feature, but you dear Creature,
I ever did or ever will love.

Let all young Women judge of this Sailor,
If I deserve this Scandal now,
For to be called Unconstant Woman,
When he alone 'twas broke the Yow.
And this is true as I tell to you,
So perjur'd Sailor fare thee well,
Now I discover the Unconstant Lover,
Though he so many Lies did tell.

Young Women who have Sweet-hearts got,
Take care of Man's deluding Tongue,
They'l vow that they love you dearly,
It is often done by Old and Young.
Thus they will pass from Lass to Lass,
And vow they love each harmless Maid,
But I have done with deceitful Man,
Ne're more my Heart shall be betray'd.

As for his Presents he made unto me,
They're for him when he calls,
I scorn to keep what belongs unto him,
If they were worth the Indies all.
With a free Heart from them I'll par,
And with the Owner much more free,
Now I discover the deceitful Lover,
Viho all along has wronged me.

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The Good House-wife : Or, A Tydy One.

TOT long ago I marry'd a Wife, A tydy Hulwife, a tydy one, She mikes me weary of my Life, And I think the proves a tydy one. I fent her to Market to buy me a Hen, dec. She lies a Bed till the Clock finkes Ten. Igc. She well may be counted the Queen of Sluis, Ge. She roafied a Hen both Feathers and Gurs, dre. She meant to fill my Belly full, doc. She dreft a Sheep's head both Horns and Wool, orc. I went to make my Pudding of Far, 17c. And in it the let her Note to drop, dre. She laid the Cheese upon the Sheif, dye. She let it alone till it turned it felf, dec. She hing on the Kettle without any Water, Oc. The Bottom fell out, and the Sides came after, Oc. She sweeps the House but once a Year, Go. And then she tells me Brooms are dear, dgc. For Cleanline's the will not fail, dyc. Instead of the Vault makes use of a Pail, Ge. For mending of Cloaths I had like to forgot, Go. instead of Parches the tyes them in Knot, 17c. At the Ale-house she loves to tipple and funk, Ge. She seldom comes home until the bedrunk, doc. For Scolding her Part it good the did make, fre. With any one of Billingate, Tre. A beautious Creature the is without doubt,

A tydy Hu wife, a tydy one, For her tawny Face is as round as a Colt, Which makes her look like a tydy one. Befides the has gotten a fine beetle Brow, a tydy Huswife, a tydy one, With a delicate Snout much like a Sow, which makes her look like a tydy one.

The tydy House-wife well match'd

ME Husband of his Wife does cry, A tydy Huswife atydy one, And be has as many Faults as I, And I think he proves a tidy one. Good People mind and you shall hear. Of a careful Husband a careful one, He paid for Water instead of Small beer, And I think he proves a careful one. Men came for Taxes for the King, &c. Instead of two Groats a Crown he did fling, &c. At the Tazern all Night he will be, &c. He drinks till be can neither go, speak nor fee &c. When all his Money is spent and gone, &c. He reels home by the Light of the Sun, &c. And when he to his Wife does come, &c. He thumps her Bones for what he hath done, &c. To fave the Sheets from being tore, &c. He makes his Wife lie on the Floor, &c. Her squinting Eyes and his drivilling Chin, &c. With a Pair of Breeches bepift within, &c. Bestides his Cleanliness is such, &c. He'll scarce out of his Bed to ease his Breech, &c. Each Day that he goes to work, &c. The Money he gets, he fpends with a firk &c. . Oh! Worken take care of Marrying with a Sot, &c.

Tou ve heard by this Song what has been my Lot.

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The Amorous Youth, or Coy Maiden,

S I walk'd forth one Morning fair, I lean'd my Body against a tree, And there I foved a well favour'd Lafs, As the came over the Plain to me. She was as fair all in the Face. As e're was Damiel under the Sun. I asked her how old the was. She answered me I am too young. I am too young to make a V Vife, And I shall be a Shame to all my Kip, Then prithee go from me, come to me no more, For you are not like my Love to win. I took her about the middle fo small, And upon the green Grass I laid her along; For once for twice I ferved her fo. And I found she was never a Day too young. Now you have had your VVill of me, You have rob'd me of my Liberty, To put me out of all Sorrow and Care, Pray tell me when my VVedding day shall be, For the VVedding day take thou no care, For I will ne're be married to thee, For all the Pastime that e're I had, You have had as good a Share as me. For as you brew, so you may bake, And I prithee Love do not tarry too long, Bur carry your great Belly home to your auut, And tell her you are never a Day too young. For all the best Counsel I can give, If you brew good Ale you must drink of the same. And when you have done drink out of the Tun, And carry the Tunnil-dish kome again. Love The

Love for Money: or, the Boarding School.

Ake your Honours Miss, Tol. &cc.
Now to me Child, Tol.
Airy and easie, Tol.
Very well done Miss, Tol.
Raise up your Body,
Then you in time will rise, Tol.

Hold up your Head Miss, Tol.
Wipe your Nose Child, Tol.
When I press on you, Tol.
Fall back easie, Miss, Tol.
Keep out your Toes too, Tol.
Then you'll learn presently, Tol.

Bear up your Hips swimmingly, Tol.
Keep your Eyes languishing, Tol.
Zoons where's your Ears now? Tol.
Leave of your Jirking, Tol.
Keep your Knees open, Tol.
Else you will never do, Tol.

If you love me, Miss, Tol.
You shall dance rarely Child, Tol.
You are a Fortune, Miss, Tol.
And must be married, Child, Tol.
Give me your Money, Miss, Tol.
Then I will give you my _____ Tol.

Look upon me, Mis, Tol.
Hold in your Chin, Child, Tol.
Keep your Arms fireight too, Tol.
Move along smoothly, Tol.

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Cross over here, Miss, Tol. Where are you running now? Tol.

Zoons mind the Musick, Tol.

Give me your Hand now, Tol.

Where was your Copee there? Tol.

Child, you mind nothing, Tol.

Come, do this o're again, Tol.

You may be perfect at ______ Tol.

Miss, where's your Quarteridge, Tol.
There's my good Child, Miss, Tol.
Come begin this again, Tol.
Very well done, Miss, Tol.
You will dance finely Child, Tol.
For you become it well, Tol.

Keep your Hand steady, Miss, Tol.
Thrust out your Breasts, Child, Tol.
Now you're a dainty Miss, Tol.
Hither to me Child, Tol.
Softly, your Honours now, Tol.
Walk to your Place, Madam, Tol.

The Indian Weed: Or, a true Moral between Man's Life and a Pipe of Tobacco.

Obacco it is an Indian Weed,
Grows green in the Morn, cut down at Eve,
Shows our Decay, that we are but Clay;
Think of this when you smoak Tobacco.
The Pipe that is so lilly white,
In which some Men do take Delight,
Tis broke with a Touch, Man's Life is such,
Think of this, Gre.

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The Smoak which doth afcend to high, Shows that we are but Vanity,

Tis all earthly Stuff, and is gone with a Puff; Think of this, &c.

The Pipe which is so souls are stain'd with Sin,
Shews how Mens Souls are stain'd with Sin,
It doth require to be purged with Fire,
Think of this, Go.

The Ashes that are left behind,
Is for to put us oft in Mind,
That we came from Dust, and return we must,
Think of this, &c.

Kentish Sport and Pastime under the Cherry Trees.

My Betty let us walk and tafte of a Cherry;
Then be not affrighted for thus we will do,
Thou shalt have my Cherry and Cherry-stones too.

Then use me not roughly, but prithee be kind, I thought of such tricks, you had not been inclin'd; But fince thou to me thy Mind dost declare, VVe'll walk to the Place where the Cherry-trees are.

No fooner they came to fit-under the Boughs, But Betty the tax'd him for breaking of Vows;

Quoth Johnny, don't say so, my Love it is true, Thou shalt have my Cherry and Cherry-stones coo.

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And VV And And this is a Vow I am resolved to keep,
For a Maidenhead I will have, e're I do not sleep;
As soon as she heard him, she quickly was won,
And under the Cherry-tree there it was done.

Says Betty, oh will not these Cherries prove Ill,. And be the Cause for my Belly to swell; And many young Maidens has cause for to rue, For earing of Cherries and Cherry, stones too.

Some Lads and Laffes they walked so near, This gallant young Couple they did over-hear. And came to behold them which when they did see, They were all agog at the same Sport to be.

Under the green Trees each Lad took his Lass, And laid them down softly upon the green Grass; Such VVork there was done, the like never was (known,

When Robin kis'd Margaret, then Tho. kis'd Joan.

VVhat follow'd these Joys, you may easily guess, For their Bellies did swell, as they after confess; VVhich brought their Disgrace, and quickly was (known.

For each Lass had a Child, but Husband had none.

Such fighing and mourning that there was then, For they faid they would never love Cherries again; The Cherries they lik'd but the Stones did not please, For it made their Bellies to swell by degrees.

You Maidens of Kent, take Warning by this,

And be not so forward to hug nor to kis; VVe are the Fore-runners of Michief indeed, And for our past Follies our Hearts now do bleed.

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For one Minutes Pleature must we pay so dear.
What is done in secret so plain must appear;
For I can't get a Husband do all that I can,
And my Heart it will break for the Want of a Man.

The Private Lovers: Or, Blow the Candle out.

A Worthy London Prentice came to his Love by (night, The Candles they were lighted, the Moon did shine (so bright: He knocked at the Door to ease him of his Pain, she rose and let him in love and went to bed again. He went into the Chamber where his true Love did (lie, She quickly gave consent for to have his Company, She quickly gave consent, the Neighbours peeping (out, So take away your hand Love, let's blow the Candle out. I would not for a Crown Love, my Mistress should

I would not for a Crown Love, my Mistress should (it know, I'll in my Smock step down Love, and out the Can-

The Streets are so nigh; and the People walk about,
Some may peep in and 'spy, Love let's blow, &c.

My Master and my Mistress upon the Bed doth lie, Enjoying one another, why should not you and I? My Master kis'd my Mistress without any Fear or (Doubt,

And we'll kifs one another, Love let's, Gc.

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I pr I ha If ch For I prithee speak more softly of what we have to do, a Lest that our Noise of talking should make our (Pleasure rue,

For kissing one another will make no revel rout, Then let us now be filent and blow, &c. But yet he must be doing, he could no longer stay, She strove to blow the Candle out, and push his

The young Man was to hafty to lay his Arms (about.

But yet she cry'd I pray Love let's blow, &c.
As this young Couple sported, the Maiden she did
(blow,

But how the Candle went out, alas I do not (know,

Said she, I sear not now, Sir, my Master nor my (Dame,

And what this Couple did Sirs, alass I dare not (name.

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The downright Country Wooing, between honest Roger the Plowman, and Sweet Joan his beloved Jewel.

Y Our g Roger the Plowman was walking alone, When 'twas his good Fortune to meet with (fweet Foan

And as she was dabling over the Dew, And thus he began his old Suit to renew, I prichee sweet Jewel, my Joy and my Life, I have a Desire so make thee my Wise, If thou art but willing to give thy Consent, For now to be marry'd my Mind's fully bent:

H' 4

Quoth

Quoth Joan there's two Words to a Bargain they Then talk not of Marriage dear Roger I pray, (lay, A Milden I am, and a Maiden I'll be, There's none in the World lives more happy than (we;

For while I am fingle, I live at my Eafe. But married, oh! then I have a Husband to pleafe. Which may be is more than a Woman can do. Therefore I am unwilling to marry with you. Quoth Roger, believe me, I'll never controul My Joan, my sweet lewel the Joy of my Soul, If thou wilt but have me speak up do not spare, I must, and I will have a VVise I declare. And Foany believe me I'd rather have you, Then Bridget, Kate, Nancy, Doll, Jenny or Sue. I cannot flay long, to my VVork I must go, Then tell me in fhort, will ye have me or no. Thou feeft I am able to handle my tongue, Far better than Robin when he was among The pretty (weet Laffes, fair, proper and tall; Besides I have something to please thee withal. Quoth Foany, dear Roger, I well understand, You have not much Money nor one Foot of Land, Nor any good thing that appears to my Sight, Then what must it be that can yield me Delight. It is a fine Toy that is better than Gold, Ir quiers a Woman that's subject to scold. And make her as blithe as a Bird in a tree, Then tell me sweet Joan wilt thou marry me. I guels at your Meaning sweet Roger she crv'd. But there are some things to be thought on beside, There's more goes to House-keeping when we are Then meerly four naked Feet in a Bed. For House-keeping's chargeable, Fire and Food, Resides, if we happen to have a young Brood,

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But Tho A Cradle and Blanket we must have in store, With Soap, Coals and Candle, and twenty things (more,

Then, then, there's a festival Gossiping made, The Nurse, and the Midwife are both to be paid. Befides the young Infant must still be maintain'd. And thus the poor marry'd man's pockets are drain'd And therefore dear Roger thy Liberty prize; Confider these things and be merry and wife, Your Charge and your Trouble take care to prevent, For when 'tis once done, 'tis too late to prevent. Foan let not hele things ever trouble thy Head. My dearest if thou are but willing to wed, I'll make no great Question but I shall provide, Both Soap, Coals and Candles, and all things befide. I'll reap and I'll mow, and I'll Harrow and Sow, Sometimes with my Wain to the market Ill go. Through all kind of Weathers, and that thou shalt fee, I'll count it a Phafure to labour for thee. And as for my Children, each Daughter or Son, I hope I shall do as my Parents have done; Both feed and still keep them in constant repair, By honest crue Pains and industrious Care. Now Joany I hope thou'lt be loving and kind, Since I have been free to discover my mind; No longer deny me, no longer lay nay, I pever delighted in tedious delay. Dear Rozer thy VVords have conquered me for That I have no Power to answer thee no ; And therefore if thou wile be loyal and true, There's none in the world shill enjoy me but you. My faithful affection thou need'it not to fear, I cannot nor will not be falle to my Dear; Bur loyal for ever I hope to remain, Thou shalt have no reason the last to complain,

This happy Agreement was fealed with a Kiss, A Pledge or Token of a true Lover's Bliss; Then married they were as 'tis very well known, Thus ended the Wooing of Roger and Joan.

The jolly jolly Breeze, or charming Cynthia's Sorrow for the Loss of cruel Strephon.

The jolly jolly Breeze,
That came whistling through the Trees,
Forth all a—— Il her blissful Region brings,
Perfu—— mes upon her spiry Wings,
And with her wanton, wanton, wanton,
wanton, wanton, wanton Motion,
Curling, curling, curling, curling the Christal
that down, down, down, down, down the hills,
Are still still a running, still still a running, spill still a running down the golden

A lovely charming Maid,
Whom Cipid had betray'd,
By the pur—ling stream sat lamenting for her Dear,
A blaming cruel Fate for being so severe,
Sighing said my Strephon he has lest me,
Foy and pleasure, joy and pleasure, joy and pleasure,
Joy and pleasure I must bid adieu,
Since that that, that that, my love has providentrue,
While I by this river, I by this river, I by this river,
I ty this river, still am much opprest with sorrow.

There is no Torment sure, Like to what I do endage,

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I'll e Till I Since Sire — phon he does cause my grief and care, For lo — ve I am in deep despair, You powers, you powers, you powers, You powers above, oh! pity my condition, Since my jewel, fince my jewel, fince my jewel, Since my jewel he is lo severe, To leave, leave, leave, leave, leave his dearest Dear. For to figh and languish, sigh and languish, sigh and languish, figh and languish, by this Chrystal River.

He often promis'd me, Most faithful for to be. And ma - ny times he often wow'd and swore That no _____ne but me he did adore, He had a thousand, thousand thousand, Thousand thousand ways to win me, With his charming, charming charming Tongue, But soon soon soon soon soon this false for sworn, Firght all his Vows, forgot all

His Vows, forgot all his Vows, forgot All the Vows, the Vows which formerly he made me.

For nom this cruel be, Has proved false to me,

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Since

And no ---- won others does pursue, And bi _____ds his Cynthia quite adien,

His cruelty, his cruelty, his crueity. His cruely has prov'd my fatal Ruin,

Worldly treasures, jy and pleasures,

Now I bid farewel,

For by by by by this purling stream I'll dwell, I'll ever ever m uin, ever mourn,

Till Death doth end my forrow.

The Comical Wooing between John and Betty.

Ome hither sweet Betty and fit down by me, This seven long Winters have I loved thee; Then give me thy Answer is thou canst love me, Or else say me nay my pretty Betty.

Your Eyes look a'quint, and your Nose stands awry, Your Beard is all sobbet'd and your Mouth's never (dry,

Your Codpiss unbutton'd, your Breeches bepis'd, A nasty action say what you list.

How now you proud Huswife who do you despise, Your Laughiag and Scoffing and selling of Lies. How now you proud Huswife had you your desert, You'd better be hang'd than ty'd to a Cart.

Stand further Mr. Lobrook, and trouble me not, I had rather with Pistols or Guns to be shor, To be run thro' with Rapiers and suffer Disgrace, Then have such a Lobcock to breathe in my Face.

I prithee my Betty do not mistake me, I am no Lobcock my dear Jewel said he, I prithee less marry my Joy and Delight, Ne're fear but I'll manage thee well in the Night.

With that the consented for to be his Bride, And in short time after their Knot it was ty'd. And that day in Joy and great Pleasure they spent, And when Night was come to Bed they both went.

Next

Next Morning so soon as Day light did appear, Came some of their Neighbours, who then lived

They asked how she did like her new Bed-fellow Her answer was, he is a delicate Man. (John,

Nay Bels (hall I tell you my Wine-broach was

Much out of order with my lying alone, So long as I did; but my John with his Key, Bath put it again into Order for me.

So foon as he had the Strings in tune fet, He plaid to sweet on it which made me to sweat, To keep the right Steps, for the Jig he did play, It was a quick Jig call'd the Irish Hay.

The Happy Pair.

Anthe the lovely the Fry of her Swain,
By Iphis was lov'd and lov'd Iphis again,
The liv'd in the Youth, and the Youth in the Fair,
Their pleasure was equal, and equal their care,
No time no enjoyment their dotage withdrew,
But the longer they liv'd, but the longer they liv'd,
still the fonder they grew.

A Passion so bappy allarm'd all the Plain,
Some envisat the Nymph, but more envied the Swain,
Some swore 'twould be pity their Loves to invade
That the Lovers alone for each other was made,
But all consented that none ever knew
A hypmb set so kind, a Nymph yet so kind,
or a Shepourd so true.

For in the beginning of Love we do find,

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They strove in their Love which should prove still most The Swain and the Nymph by the dawn of the day, (kind. With innocent Love pass the Minutes away, In each others Arms give these Lovers their due, They always were constant, they always were constant,

and always were true.

And feveral Years their true Love has gone on,
And they are as fond as when first they begun.

No end there's of loving the Nymph she does cry,
No, no, says the Shepherd, I'll love till I die,
So loving this Pair was, so constant and true.

That the longer they lov'd, that the longer they lov'd,
still the fonder they grew.

Love saw 'em with Pleasure, and vow'd to take care
Of the faithful, the tender, the innocent Pair,
What either did want he bileither to move,
But they wanted nothing but ever to love,
Said 'twas all that to bless them his god head could do,
That they still might be kind, that the still might be
and they still might be true. (kind,

The Happy Groves.

H hippy, happy Groves,
Wienels of our tender Loves,
O happy, happy Shades,
where first our Vows we made,
Bushing, fighing, melting, dying,
Locks would charm a fove,
A thousand precty things the said;
and all was Love:
But Corina perjured proves,
and forsikes the shady Groves:
When I speck of nurual Joys,
she knows not what I mean.

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Wanton Glances, fond Carefles, now no more are feen, Since the falfe deluding Fair left the flowry Green.

Mourn ye Nymphs that Sporting play'd, where poor Strephon was beiray'd;

There the fecret Wound she gave, when I was made her Slave.

what the Power . Love could do,

Till Beauty from her Lyes

did seize me by Surprize. Beauty full of Angels Glery,

then the Dart I telt, Thus was I taught the Way to love,

my Soul did mek.
Then with Lovers Wings I fleve;
from my present Seation, to

Fair Corina, whom I see

on he Rur-l Plain: Me with Kisses and Caresses

The did enterrain; But the false and perjured now,

and my Hopes a grain:
O the Auguish of my Mind
keeps my yielding Soul confined,

The fle does unconfigur prove,

I must live and die in Love.
I will wander for her take, siace she will no pity take thro' many desens the e, with tight of sad despair, Many Valleys, Hills and Mountains. shall with Greet

(refound,

no faral Dart did ever make fo deep a Would.
In a Lovers Breaft before, the will not my joys reflece the a I must her Captive be, and devoted Slave,
Sighing

Since of Love I am deny'd, no Joys I have,

In her arms my Rival lies, having gained now the (Prize, It will my Destruction prove, so farewel the Joys

A Trip to the Jubilee: Or, the Jovial Companions Mirth and Pastime.

(1)

Ome bring us VVine in Plenty,
We've Money enough to spend,
I hate to see the Pot empty,
a Man can't drink to his Friend,
Then Drawer bring us more Wine,
and merrily let it pass,
We'll drink till our Faces do shine,
and he that won't may look like an se,
And we'll tell him to his Face,
If he offers to bank his Glass
For we defy all such dull Society.

(2.)

an Mirih diverts our Care,
A Song of hey down derry
is better than heavy air,
Make ready quickly heave Boys,
and fill up your Glaffes higher,
For we'll prefent with Huzzahs,

'Tis Drinking makes us merry,

And

(of Love.

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And merrily all give Fire,
Since Drinking's our Defire,
And Friendship we admire;
For here we'll stay, and ne're call what's to pay.

(3)

Like valiant Sons of Thunder,
we'll charge with two in hand,
The VVorld we'll fill with VVonder,
while Bacchus bears Command,
Then never be daunted but drink,
fince VVine does inspire the Soul,
There's none but Cowards will shrink,
from taking the chearful Bowl,
Let VVeather be fair or foul,
The Bottles of VVine shall roul,
For we will be merry at this Jubilee.

(4)

Let Misers hoard their Treasure,
and worship their Bags of Gold,
Deny themselves of Pleasure,
while Merriment we behold;
VVirh merry Companions still,
we value not our Expences,
The Bottles and Glasses fill,
for VVine will refresh the Senses,
From which our Joy commences,
It chears the Hearts of Princes,
Since it is so, let Wine like Fountains flow.

And

(5) VVine

(5)

this Wine can do, such Doctor's there's but few.

Wine is the best Physician,
to cure a distemper'd Heart,
It alters Man's Condition,
that's under the greatest Smart;
Though heavy and dull before,
When Bacchus his Cheeks has glow'd

He'll riple and call for more, Resolving to have his Load.

No Grief shall with him aboad, He's merry and a la-mode,

(6)

Away with wanton Women, that often procures a Clap, Tho' Wine fets Brains a swimming,

we fettle them with a Nap: Then then we are fresh again,

for making the Tavern ring, We'll drink to our Gracious Queen,

And Sonners we'll fweetly fing,

Like Birds in the blooming Spring, Thus Mirth and Joy shall Grief and Care destroy.

Celladon's

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Celladon's Courtship.

Elladon when Spring came on, woo'd Sylvia in a Grove, Both gay and young, and fill he fung the fiveet Delights of Love : Wedded Joys in Girls and Boys, and pretty char of this and that, The honey Kiss and charming Bliss that crowns the Marriage Bed. He fnarch'd her Hand, she blush'd and fann'd, and feem'd as if afraid. Forbear, the cries, your fawning Lies, I've vow'd to die a Maid. Celladon, at that begun to talk of Apes in Hell, And what was worse, the odious Curse of growing old and stale; Loss of Bloom, when Wrinkles come, and Offers kind, when none will mind, The rofie Joy and sparkling Eye grown faded and decayed: At which when known the chang'd her tone, and to the Shepherd faid, Dear Swain give o're, I'll think once more, before I'll die a Maid. Since the knew his Words were true, that charming Creature cry'd, Dear Shepherd Swain, do not didain to fit down by my fide, Here on the Grass, where we will pass the time away with Melody; And K fles sweet, I'll not retreat,

true Love must be obey'd;

For

For being young, your charming Tongue has my fost Heart betray'd,
And breaks my Rest, I do protest

I will not die a Maid.

I'll reveal what Flames I feel, which does my Joys confume,

A fatal Dart has touch'd my Heart, and withers Beauty's Bloom:

Altho' 'ris strange, a sudden Change,

is wrought in me fince first I see, Thy comely Grace approach this Place;

Cupid his Part has plaid,

We have together staid,

Dear Love behold for Crowns of Gold,
I would not die a Maid.

Then he took with chearful Look fair Sylvia in his arms,

Like Lovers they began to play, the yielded up her Charms

To Celladon, for he had won the darling Prize, whose rowling Eyes

Appear'd as bright as Stars by Night; while fighing, thus the faid;

I needs must own, to lie alone,

Ishall be much afraid; VVejcome my Dear, for as I am here,

I will not die a Maid.

Here's my Hand for all the Land that Alexander won,

And Jeweis bright, I will not flight my dearest Celladon,

Thou hast my Heart we'll never part, while Life remains, the best of Swains,

Thou

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Thou art I know, come let us go unto the Church she said,

VVhere we will wed and then to Bed, where Sylvia being laid,

You know the rest, for I protest,

I will not die a Maid.

The Lancashire Bag piper, and the Pedlar Woman his Wife: Sung at Mynn's Booth in Bartholomew-Fair.

Man B Lowzabella my bouncing Doxy,
come let's trudge it to Kirkham-fair.
There's flout Liquor enough to fox me,
and young Cullies to buy thy VVare.
Wom. Mind your Matters, ye Sor, without medling,

how I manage the Sale of my Toys: Get by plping as I do by pedling,

you need never want me for Supplies.

Man. God-z-mercy, my Sweeting,

I find thou think'ft firting

I find thou think'st fitting, To hint of this twitting,

I owe thee a Crown.

Wom. Though for that I've been staying, A greater Debt's paying,

will never compound.

Man. I'll come home when my Pouch is full, and foundly pay thee all old Arrears, Wom. You'll forget it your Pate's fo dull, as by late drowfie Neglect appears.

Man. May the Drone of my Bag never hum,

if I fail to remember my Blouz:

Wom. May my Buttocks be e'ry ones Drum,
if I think thou wilr pay me a Soufe.

Man. Squeakum, squeakum, Bagpipe will make 'em,

whisking, frisking, Money bring in.

Wom. Smoaking Toping, Landlady Groaping,
Whores and Scores will spend it again.

Man. By the best that I guess in the Town,
I swear thou shalt have e'ry Groat.

Wom. By the worst that a Woman e're found, if I have it will signific nought.

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Man. If good Nature works no better,
Blowzabella I'd have you to know,
Though you fancy my Stock is so low,
I've more Rhino than always I show,
For some good Reasons of State that I know.
Wom. Since your Cheating I always knew,
For my Ware I got something too,
I've more Sense than to tell to you.

Man. Singly then let's employ Wit, I'll use Pipe as my Gain does hit.

Wom. And if I new Chapmen get, You'll be easie too.

Man. Easie as any worn out Shoe.

Chorus of both.

Free and Frolick we'll couple gratis, thus we'll show all the human Race, That the best of the Marriage State is, Blowzabella's and Collin's Case.

Reader, this Book which I prefer to you, Is fill'd with pleasant Mirth and Profit too.

FINIS.

A Catalogue of some Books lately printed for Thomas Norris, Bookseller, at the Looking-glass, on London-bridge.

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